

2011年8月9日
レポート作成者:篠原 泰正

アンドロイド(Android)関連 米国での特許侵害訴訟状況 マルチクライアント調査レポート

1. 調査レポート作成の背景

1-1. 市場で何が起きているか

概況

- ・ グーグル(Google)のアンドロイド(Android)への包囲網がIT業界のメジャー3社(アップル、マイクロソフトおよびオラクル)で昨年3月から形成されてきている。
- ・ この包囲網は米国特許侵害および著作権(Java ソフト)侵害で構成されており、特許のポートフォリオが極めて弱いグーグルは苦しい状況におかれている。
- ・ 攻撃側の3社の思惑はそれぞれ異なると思われるが、オープンソースつぶしが具体的な形で始まったと見る事ができる。特に、Javaの開発・提供元のサンマイクロ(オープンソースに好意的でまた特許係争を好まなかった)が昨年1月にオラクルに吸収されたことで包囲網の陣形が整ったと言える。(マイクロソフトは数年前から自社特許がオープンソースに侵害されていると公表していたが具体的行動には出ていなかった。)
- ・ Androidは無料(ロイヤルティフリー)であるが、その代わりに、このOSへの侵害等の攻撃は組み込んだメーカーそれぞれ(HTC、モトローラ、サムスン等々)が独自に対処しなければならない仕組みになっている。
- ・ この裁判がどのような決着に至るのか予断は許されないが、結果によっては

Android 組み込み製品を市場に出しているメーカーと様々なアプリケーションを
その上で開発しているソフト開発会社にきわめて大きな影響を与えることになる。

・しかも、裁判の結果を待たずに、すでにマイクロソフトとオラクルから組み込みメーカーに対する特許権使用ロイヤルティ徴収の動きが始まっている。

アップルが Android 攻撃の火蓋を切る

・今から1年半前、昨年(2010年)3月にアップルが Android 搭載のスマートフォン製品を米国市場で大々的に販売している台湾の HTC 社を特許侵害で訴訟したところから、オープンソースである Android への攻撃が始まった。

* HTC は2007年11月 OHA (Open Handset Alliance) が Android を発表した後、2008年に T-Mobile 社が発表した市場で初めての Android スマートフォンの製造元である。

マイクロソフトが続く

・Android 搭載携帯端末(スマートフォンおよびタブレット)への攻撃は、ついで昨年4月マイクロソフトがモトローラに対して侵害訴訟を起こしたことでさらにはっきりとした動きとなって現れてきた。

オラクルが別方面から攻撃に参加

・さらに昨年8月オラクルが Java で記述されている Android 部分への訴訟(特許侵害および著作権違反)を行うことで、伝統的メジャーによる Android/Google つぶしの動きが鮮明になってきた。

無料の OS が有料になりそう？

・これらの訴訟裁判の結果次第によっては、無料のオープンソースである Android を搭載して携帯端末製品を展開しているメーカーにとっては極めて大きな影響を与えることになると市場では観測されている。

・すでに、マイクロソフトは Android が自社特許を侵害していることを理由にして、HTC などのブランドメーカーや OEM メーカーなどからロイヤルティ徴収を実現し始めている。(例えば、HTC はスマートフォン販売の1台あたり5US ドルのロイヤルティを払う契約を結んだと市場では言われている)。

・一方、オラクルも特許と著作権の使用料として1台あたり\$10から\$15のロイヤルティ徴収交渉を各メーカーと始めていると、市場では観測されている。

・このように、Android 搭載端末の販売が1台あたり\$20ものロイヤルティを払うことになれば、市場価格が\$300前後の製品としては途方もない額となってしまうことになる。(*利益のすべてを徴収される = 事業を続けられない)

無力のグーグル

・ オープンソースとしての Android に対してはその製造元のグーグルは責任を持つものではなくそれを組み込んだメーカーがそれぞれ侵害等のクレームに対処しなければならぬ契約となっているといわれている。

・ グーグルの保有する特許はきわめて少なく、マイクロソフトやアップルのような特許保有メジャーに対抗できる(例えばクロスライセンス)ものではない。

・また著作権としての Java の扱いに関してずさんなところがあると業界では指摘されている。

メジャー3社の思惑

・メジャー3社の思惑がどこにあるのか確証はないが、これまでの市場での観測なども含めて推測すると次のようになる:

アップル;最大の競争相手、つまり Android 端末をつぶす、

マイクロソフト;Android 端末から高額なロイヤルティを稼ぐ、および自社の OS (Windows Phone 7)に乗り換えさせる、の両面作戦を取っている、

オラクル;ロイヤルティ徴収事業、およびグーグルの勢いを止める。

日本企業への影響

・ 日本企業の Android 搭載の携帯端末は米国市場でまだほとんど実績がないことから、これまでのところ上記のような侵害訴訟を受けていない。

・しかし、これから米国市場および海外の他の地域での展開を図る場合に、このメジャー3社による攻撃は大きな影響を与えることになるだろう。

Android へのその他からの攻撃

・上記のメジャー3社からだけでなく、パテントロール他様々な企業から Android あるいはスマートフォン製品全体に対し様々な特許侵害訴訟がこの1年半の間に急増している。

(参考)2010年3月からの3社関連の主な訴訟(時系列)

- 2010年3月2日 アップルが HTC をデラウェア連邦地裁および ITC に訴訟
- 2010年5月 HTC がアップルを ITC に提訴
- 2010年6月21日 アップルがさらに HTC をデラウェア連邦地裁に訴訟
- 2010年8月12日 オラクルがグーグルをカリフォルニア連邦地裁に訴訟
- 2010年10月1日 マイクロソフトがモトローラをワシントン連邦地裁に訴訟
- 2010年10月6日 モトローラがアップルをイリノイおよびフロリダ連邦地裁に訴訟
- 2010年10月29日 アップルがモトローラをウイスコンシン連邦地裁に訴訟
- 2010年11月10日モトローラがマイクロソフトをフロリダ連邦地裁に訴訟
- 2010年12月23日モトローラがマイクロソフトをウイスコンシン連邦地裁に訴訟
- 2011年2月17日 グーグルが米国特許庁に対しオラクル特許4件の再審査を請求
- 2011年2月23日 オラクルが Android は Java の著作権を侵害している旨裁判所で説明
- 2011年3月21日 マイクロソフトがバーズ&ノーブル他をワシントン連邦地裁に訴訟
- 2011年4月19日 アップルがサムスンをカリフォルニア連邦地裁に訴訟
- 2011年7月8日 アップルが ITC に対し HTC 製品の輸入指し止めを提訴
- 2011年7月15日 HTC はアップルの2件の特許を侵害していると ITC が暫定判定
- 2011年7月21日 特許庁が最初の審査結果でオラクル特許1件の有効と1件の無効を判定

スマートフォン事業戦略へ直接的影響をもたらす

- ・ これまでスマートフォン市場に参入している日本企業は無料の Android に依存している。
- ・ ここまでの侵害訴訟はほとんど米国内に限られているが(韓国および欧州ですすでに飛び火している)、当該特許が各国で存在するかどうかにかかわらず、グローバルにスマートフォン事業を展開する上で、この訴訟騒ぎは大きな影響を持つ。

・さらに、上記のメジャー3社による訴訟だけでなく、スマートフォン(およびその他の携帯端末)がらみの訴訟において、どのような特許がどのような訴状(訴訟理由)で争われているのか、その詳細を承知しておく必要性はある。

・一説によれば、スマートフォンに関連する(無線通信、ネットワーク、OS、メール等のアプリケーション、タッチスクリーン等のユーザインターフェース、などなど)米国特許は25万件ある。

・今回の訴訟で侵害を提訴されているのはそのうちのごくわずかであるが、それらは代表的な特許であるとも見ることできる。いずれにせよ、どのような特許が訴訟に持ち出されているのかは、スマートフォンメーカーとしては不可欠の情報のはずである。(リコー様は直接の影響は無い)

1 - 2 . 影響の拡大

オープンソース全体への影響

・ Android は Linux の上に存在する。従い、Android が攻撃されているこの訴訟事件は、オープンソース全体へ騒ぎが拡大することも考えられる。

・ 特に、オープンソースのライセンスのあり方や既存の特許との関係など様々な面でオープンソースのあり方が問題として表面化してくることが考えられる。

・マイクロソフトはすでに4年前からオープンソースは自社特許を侵害していると広言しており、今回の Android 訴訟はその具体的な行動の最初と考えられる。

2 . 影響を受けそうな日本企業

(1)アンドロイド端末(スマートフォンおよびタブレットなど)製品を製造しているメーカー。米国市場に進出している、あるいは計画しているかどうかにかかわらず、アンドロイド製品を開発・製造している企業。

(2)国内のキャリア(通信業者)も、事業展開上関心が高いはずであるから、影響はでる。

スマートフォンメーカー

1)ソニー

- ・2010年10月、アメリカで Android 搭載のテレビの発売を始めた。
- ・2011年6月18日、Android マーケット経由で音楽配信アプリケーションをアメリカ他で提供を開始すると発表した。

2)ソニーエリクソン(Sony Ericsson)

- ・Android ベースのスマートフォン Xperia X10 を2009年11月に発表している。(2010年8月最初の発売)
- ・2011年5月「Xperia Play」を発売。6月に「Xperia Ray」と「Xperia Active」を発売。

3)シャープ

- ・AT&T をととして Android ベースの Sharp FX を米国で販売している。
- ・2011年7月末からその新型の Sharp FX Plus を発売。

4)パナソニック

- ・2011年6月、米国で Panasonic Solutions Company が Android ベースのタッチブックタブレット「Touchbook」を発表した。

(*)サンヨー

- ・Android ベースの「Sanyo Zio」を2010年8月米国で発売。同じく10月に別モデルも発売。

5)富士通

富士通・東芝モバイルコミュニケーションズ

- ・2011年2月「Mobile World Congress 2011」(バルセロナ)でアンドロイドベースのスマートフォンの発表の可能性をにおわせる。(富士通はこれまではシンビアン OS で携帯電話を展開してきた。)

(*)東芝

- ・2011年3月、アメリカ向けに Android 端末「Toshiba Tablet」を発表した。
- * 東芝は携帯端末からの撤退を公表(本年8月3日)しているので候補対象にはならないと思われる。

6)京セラコミュニケーションズ

・2011年2月、米国でスプリント社と共同で Android ベースの2画面式のスマートフォン「Kyocera Echo」を発表した。4月から販売を始めている。

7)NEC

・2010年11月、Android ベースの業務用タブレット端末「LifeTouch」を販売開始。
・2011年2月15日、キーボード装備の Android 端末「LifetouchNOTE」3機種の内販を公表した。海外での販売は未定とのこと。

8)NEC カシオモバイルコミュニケーションズ

・2010年11月18日、Android ベースのスマートフォンを海外市場で販売すると発表した。
・2011年5月、「Casio G'zmo Commando」の販売を開始した。

キャリア(通信業者)

- 1)NTT ドコモ
- 2)KDDI
- 3)ソフトバンク *アップルと Android スマートフォンの両方を扱う

アプリケーション開発ソフトウェア企業

Android 上でのアプリケーションを開発しているソフト会社は数多く存在し、当該の訴訟は事業に影響するところが大きいので関心も深いと思われる。

アンドロイド(Android OS)および
アンドロイド搭載携帯端末に対する
米国における特許訴訟状況
アップル、マイクロソフト、オラクル3社からの訴訟を中心に
2010年3月から2011年7月末

【目次】

1.	アップルの訴訟	
1 - 1.	アップル対 HTC	
1 - 1 - 1.	アップルが HTC を訴訟	10
1 - 1 - 2.	アップルが HTC を ITC に提訴	16
1 - 1 - 3.	HTC がカウンターで ITC に提訴	26
1 - 1 - 4.	アップルの更なる訴訟	28
1 - 2.	アップル対モトローラ	
1 - 2 - 1.	モトローラがアップルを訴訟	29
1 - 2 - 2.	アップルからのカウンタークレーム	36
1 - 2 - 3.	アップルがモトローラを訴訟	41
1 - 3.	アップル対サムスン	
1 - 3 - 1.	アップルがサムスンを訴訟	43
2.	マイクロソフトの訴訟	
2 - 1.	マイクロソフト対モトローラ	46
2 - 2.	モトローラからのカウンター訴訟	52
2 - 3.	マイクロソフト対バーンズ&ノーブル	57
2 - 4.	マイクロソフト対オープンソース利用者	61

3.	<u>オラクル対グーグル</u>	62
4.	<u>その他アンドロイド携帯端末関連の訴訟</u>	69
4 - 1.	ストリートスペース	
4 - 2.	スカイフック	
4 - 3.	ティエルラビジョン	
4 - 4.	マイクロユニティ	
4 - 5.	イーベイ	
4 - 6.	NTP	
4 - 7.	インターバル・ライセンス	
4 - 8.	ワイアレス・リコグニション	
4 - 9.	ジェマルト	
4 - 10.	パーティカルコンピュータ	
4 - 11.	サンクレア	
4 - 12.	ヘルフェリッチ	
4 - 13.	マルチメディア・パテントトラスト	
4 - 14.	ハイブリッドオーディオ	
4 - 15.	ホープウエル	
4 - 16.	サミット6	
4 - 17.	イリノイコンピュータ	
4 - 18.	H-W テクノロジー	
5.	<u>その他携帯電話関連の訴訟</u>	106
5 - 1.	モバイルメディア対 HTC / RIM	
5 - 2.	ニュアンス	
5 - 3.	ノキア対アップル	
5 - 4.	スマートフォン	

【第1版のノート】

・この第1版は暫定的に作成したものであり、訴訟の追跡など未完の部分が多く残されている。

・それぞれの訴訟において、その基になっている特許を明らかにしておくことをこの第

1版では最大の目的にしている。

・アップル、マイクロソフト、オラクルの特許に関しては日本国内での出願および登録特許の存在も確認し、存在する場合はその概要のコピーをそれぞれの元の特許の後ろに挿入した。

1. アップルの訴訟

1 - 1. アップル対 HTC

1 - 1 - 1. アップルが HTC を訴訟

2010年3月2日

・10件の特許(*下掲)侵害でアップルが台湾の携帯電話メーカーHTC (HTC Corp. 宏達国際電子)をデラウェア連邦地裁(Delaware District Court)に訴訟した。

1. United States Patent 7,479,949 January 20, 2009

Touch screen device, method, and graphical user interface

for determining commands by applying heuristics

発見解決法を適用することでコマンドを判定するためのタッチ画面装置、方法およびグラフィックユーザインターフェース

Abstract

A computer-implemented method for use in conjunction with a computing device with a touch screen display comprises: detecting one or more finger contacts with the touch screen display, applying one or more heuristics to the one or more finger contacts to determine a command for the device, and processing the command.

Inventors: Jobs; Steven P. (Palo Alto, CA),

Filed: April 11, 2008

2. United States Patent 7,657,849 February 2, 2010

Unlocking a device by performing gestures on an unlock image

解除画像の上でジェスチャーを行うことで装置を解除する

Abstract

A device with a touch-sensitive display may be unlocked via gestures performed on the touch-sensitive display. The device is unlocked if contact with the display corresponds to a predefined gesture for unlocking the device.

Inventors: Chaudhri; Imran (San Francisco, CA),

Assignee: Apple Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: December 23, 2005

3. United States Patent 5,455,599

October 3, 1995

Object-oriented graphic system

オブジェクト指向のグラフィックシステム

Abstract

An object-oriented graphic system is disclosed including a processor with an attached display, storage and object-oriented operating system. The graphic system builds a component object in the storage of the processor for managing graphic processing.

Inventors: Cabral; Arthur W. (Sunnyvale, CA),

Assignee: Taligent Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: April 4, 1995

Having thus described our invention, what we claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent is:

1. An object-oriented graphic system, comprising:

(a) a processor;

(b) a storage under the control of and attached to the processor;

(c) one or more graphic devices under the control of and attached to the processor;

(d) a grafport object in the storage of the processor;

(e) a graphic device object in the storage of the processor for managing one of the one or more graphic devices;

(f) a graphic object in the storage of the processor for managing graphic processing; and

(g) means for connecting the graphic device object to the grafport object to output graphic information on the one of the one or more graphic devices under the control of the graphic object.

* 日本国内登録特許

特許公報(B2)

発行日平成15年10月6日

特許第3454828号(平成15年7月25日) 特願平7-513188(平成6年1月3日)

国際出願PCT/US94/00278 国際公開WO95/012866(平成7年5月11日).

オブジェクト指向グラフィック・システム

オブジェクト テクノロジー ライセンシング コーポレーション

請求項1

(a) プロセッサと、(b)前記プロセッサの制御の下に置かれ、前記プロセッサに接続されたストレージと、(c)前記プロセッサの制御の下に置かれ、前記プロセッサに接続された1つまたは複数のグラフィック・デバイスと、(d)前記プロセッサの前記ストレージ内のグラフィック・オブジェクトと、(e)前記1つまたは複数のグラフィック・デバイスの1つを管理するための、前記プロセッサの前記ストレージ内のグラフィック・デバイス・オブジェクトと、(f)グラフィック処理を管理するための、前記プ

ロセッサの前記ストレージ内のグラフィック・オブジェクトと、(g)前記グラフィック・オブジェクトの制御の下に置かれる前記1つまたは複数のグラフィック・デバイスの1つにグラフィック情報を出力するために、前記グラフィック・デバイス・オブジェクトを前記グラフポート・オブジェクトに接続する手段とを備えたことを特徴とするオブジェクト指向グラフィック・システム。 .

4. United States Patent 5,848,105

December 8, 1998

GMSK signal processors for improved communications capacity and quality

改良された通信容量と品質向けのGMSK信号プロセサ

Abstract

A method and apparatus for separating and removing distortion from interfering co-channel signals and suppressing adjacent-channel interfering signals of the Gaussian Minimum-Shift Keyed (GMSK) or other MSK type with filtering structures that exploit the cyclostationarity of the received GMSK or other MSK signals in order to accommodate a greater number (or the same number, but with greater quality) of transmitted signals received by one or more antennas than can be accommodated by existing filters. The parameters in these filtering structures are adapted by either of two adaptation apparatus that exploit both the known training sequence that is transmitted in most wireless communications systems, and the constant modulus property exhibited by each of the transmitted GMSK or other MSK signals.

Inventors: Gardner; William A. (Yountville, CA), Schell; Stephan V. (Yountville, CA)

Filed: October 10, 1996

5. United States Patent 5,920,726

July 6, 1999

System and method for managing power conditions within a digital camera device

デジタルカメラ装置内で電力条件を管理するためのシステムと方法

Abstract

A system and method for recovering from a power failure in a digital camera comprises a power manager for detecting and handling power failures, an interrupt handler for responsively incrementing a counter device, service routines which register to receive notification of the power failure, and a processor for evaluating the counter and providing notification of the power failure to the service routines which may then assist the digital camera to recover from the power failure.

Inventors: Anderson; Eric C. (San Jose, CA)

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: June 12, 1997

Object-oriented event notification system with listener registration of both interests and methods

聴き手の興味と方法の両方の登録を伴ったオブジェクト指向のイベント通知システム

Abstract

An event notification system for propagating object-change information. The notification system supports change notification without queues in an object-based application or operating system and can be scaled to propagate large numbers of events among a large plurality of objects.

Inventors: Matheny; John R. (Mountain View, CA),

Assignee: Object Technology Licensing Corporation (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: April 1, 1999

Having thus described our invention, what we claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent is:

1. A method for operating a computer-implemented event notification system for propagating, among a plurality of objects, events representing changes in the objects, the operating method comprising the steps of: (a) creating, on behalf of a first object, connection information representing the first object's interest in, and an associated object method for, receiving notification of a change to a second object; (b) registering the connection information with a connection object; (c) creating an event representing a change in the second object, responsive to the change in the second object; and (d) notifying the first object of the event by invoking the associated object method for receiving notification registered with the connection object only if the event information corresponds to an interest registered on behalf of the first object.

公開特許公報(A)

特開2008 - 146665(平成20年6月26日) 特願2008 - 213(平成20年1月4日).

メニュー項目表示方法および装置

オブジェクト テクノロジー ライセンシング コーポレーション

請求項1

複数のオブジェクトとの間で前記複数のオブジェクトにおける変更を表すイベントを伝播するコンピュータ実装のイベント通知システムを操作するための方法であって、

(a) 第2のオブジェクトに対する変更の通知を受け取る処理における第1のオブジェクトのインタレストを示し、および前記第2のオブジェクトに対する変更の通知を受け取る処理のための関連オブジェクトのメソッドを示す接続情報を、前記第1のオブジェクトに代わり作成するステップと、

(b) 接続オブジェクトで前記接続情報を登録するステップと、

(c) 前記第2のオブジェクトにおける変更に応答して前記第2のオブジェクトにおける変更を示す

イベントを作成するステップと、

(d)前記第1のオブジェクトに代わり、登録されたインタレストに、前記イベントの情報が対応する場合、前記接続オブジェクトのみで登録された、通知を受け取るための関連の前記オブジェクトのメソッドを呼び起こすことにより、前記第1のオブジェクトに前記イベントを通知するステップとを備えたことを特徴とする方法。

7. United States Patent 7,362,331

April 22, 2008

Time-based, non-constant translation of user interface objects between states

状況間でのユーザインターフェースオブジェクトの時間に基づく非連続移転

Abstract

The present invention relates to a method for moving objects within the graphical user interface (GUI) of an operating system in a manner that provides a transitional effect between window states, which is pleasing to the user.

Inventors: Ording; Bas (Sunnyvale, CA)

Assignee: Apple Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: January 5, 2001

What is claimed is:

1. A method for moving an object in a graphical user interface, comprising the steps of:
a) determining a path of movement for the object along at least one axis, and a period of time for the movement along said path; b) establishing a non-constant velocity function along said axis for said period of time; c) calculating an instantaneous position for the object along said path in accordance with said function and the relationship of a current time value to said period of time; d) displaying said object at said calculated position; and e) iteratively repeating steps (c) and (d) during said period of time.

特許公報(B2)

発行日平成22年4月7日

特許第4447812号(平成22年1月29日) 特願2001-550736(平成12年12月18日).

ウィンドウ表示状態を遷移させる方法及びコンピュータシステム

アップル インコーポレイテッド

請求項1

表示装置に表示されるウィンドウの状態を、ユーザが位置及びサイズの少なくとも一方を変更可能である開いた状態から、当該開いた状態よりも小さいサイズを有する画像で表される最小化状態へ遷移させる際の、ウィンドウ画像の表示方法であって、

入力装置を介して入力された、前記ウィンドウの状態を前記開いた状態から前記最小化状態へ切替えるコマンドにตอบสนองして、前記ウィンドウの現在の位置と、前記最小化状態の前記ウィンドウを表す画像を表示するための位置であって前記現在の位置と異なる位置とにおける、前記ウィン

ドウを表す画像の対応する点を接続する一組の線をパスとして規定する、パスを規定するステップと、

前記ウィンドウの前記開いた状態を表す画像が前記パスに沿って移動するにつれて、前記ウィンドウの前記開いた状態を表す画像の対向する外縁が前記一組の線に沿うものとなるよう前記ウィンドウの前記開いた状態を表す画像の前記対向する外縁を変形し、前記ウィンドウの前記開いた状態を表す画像を前記対向する外縁の変形に対応して縮尺して、前記ウィンドウの前記開いた状態を表す画像を前記開いた状態の大きさから前記ウィンドウの前記最小化状態を表す画像の大きさへ変化させる縮小ステップと、

前記ウィンドウの前記開いた状態を表す画像が前記パスに沿って移動しているような効果を表すために、前記縮小ステップにて縮尺された前記ウィンドウの前記開いた状態を表す画像を前記パスに沿った連続的な位置で前記表示装置に表示させるステップとを有することを特徴とする方法。

8. United States Patent 7,633,076 December 15, 2009

Automated response to and sensing of user activity in portable devices

携帯装置におけるユーザ動作の感知とそれへの自動化反応

Abstract

The various methods and devices described herein relate to devices which, in at least certain embodiments, may include one or more sensors for providing data relating to user activity and at least one processor for causing the device to respond based on the user activity which was determined, at least in part, through the sensors.

Inventors: Huppi; Brian (San Francisco, CA),

Assignee: Apple Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: October 24, 2006

9. United States Patent 7,383,453 June 3, 2008

Conserving power by reducing voltage supplied to an instruction-processing portion of a processor

プロセッサの命令処理部に供給される電圧を減らすことで電力を節約する

Abstract

One embodiment of the present invention provides a system that facilitates reducing static power consumption of a processor. During operation, the system receives a signal indicating that instruction execution within the processor is to be temporarily halted.

Inventors: Youngs; Lynn R. (Cupertino, CA)

Assignee: Apple, Inc (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: August 25, 2005

10. United States Patent 7,469,381

December 23, 2008

List scrolling and document translation, scaling, and rotation on a touch-screen display

タッチ画面表示上でのリストのスクロール、文書の移動、拡大縮小および回転

Abstract

In accordance with some embodiments, a computer-implemented method for use in conjunction with a device with a touch screen display is disclosed. In the method, a movement of an object on or near the touch screen display is detected. In response to detecting the movement, an electronic document displayed on the touch screen display is translated in a first direction. If an edge of the electronic document is reached while translating the electronic document in the first direction while the object is still detected on or near the touch screen display, an area beyond the edge of the document is displayed. After the object is no longer detected on or near the touch screen display, the document is translated in a second direction until the area beyond the edge of the document is no longer displayed.

Inventors: Ording; Bas (San Francisco, CA)

Assignee: Apple Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: December 14, 2007

1 - 1 - 2 . アップルが HTC を ITC に提訴

2010年3月

・アップルが10件の特許(下掲)侵害で HTC を ITC に提訴した。

1. United States Patent 5,519,867

May 21, 1996

* 2010年10月にアップルはこの特許を取り下げた

Object-oriented multitasking system

オブジェクト指向型マルチタスクシステム

Abstract

An apparatus for enabling an object-oriented application to access in an object-oriented manner a procedural operating system having a native procedural interface is disclosed. The apparatus includes a computer and a memory component in the computer. A code library is stored in the memory component. The code library includes computer program logic implementing an object-oriented class library. The object-oriented class library comprises related object-oriented classes for enabling the application to access in an object-oriented manner services provided by the operating system. The object-oriented classes include methods for accessing the operating system services using procedural function calls compatible with the native procedural

interface of the operating system. The computer processes object-oriented statements contained in the application and defined by the class library by executing methods from the class library corresponding to the object-oriented statements. The object-oriented application includes support for multi-tasking.

Inventors: Moeller; Christopher P. (Los Altos, CA), Bolton; Eugenie L. (Sunnyvale, CA), Chernikoff; Daniel F. (Palo Alto, CA), Nakano; Russell T. (Sunnyvale, CA)

Assignee: Taligent, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: July 19, 1993

2. United States Patent 5,566,337

October 15, 1996

Method and apparatus for distributing events in an operating system

OSの中でイベントを分配するための方法と装置

Abstract

In a computer including an operating system, an event producer for generating an event and detecting that an event has occurred in the computer and an event consumer which need to be informed when events occur in the computer, a system for distributing events including a store for storing a specific set of events of which the at least one event consumer is to be informed, an event manager control unit for receiving the event from the event producer, comparing the received event to the stored set of events, and distributing an appropriate event to an appropriate event consumer, and a distributor for receiving the event from the control unit and directing the control unit to distribute an appropriate event to an appropriate event consumer.

Inventors: Szymanski; Steven J. (Cupertino, CA), Saulpaugh; Thomas E. (San Jose, CA), Keenan; William J. (Redwood City, CA)

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: May 13, 1994

What is claimed is:

1. In a computer including at least one event producer for detecting that an event has occurred in the computer and generating an event and at least one event consumer which needs to be informed when events occur in the computer, a system for distributing events comprising:

storing means for storing a specific set of events of which said at least one event consumer is to be informed;

event manager control means for receiving the event from the event producer, comparing the received event to the stored set of events, and distributing an appropriate event to an appropriate event consumer; and

distributor means for receiving the event from the control means and directing said

control means to distribute an appropriate event to an appropriate event consumer.

特許公報(B2)

発行日平成17年9月7日

特許第3691515号(平成17年6月24日) 特願平7 - 529840(平成7年5月15日).

オペレーティングシステムにおけるイベント分配装置及び方法

アップル コンピュータ, インコーポレイテッド

請求項1

コンピュータ内で発生したイベントを検出し、イベントを発生する少なくとも1つのイベント生成部と、コンピュータ内でイベントが発生したときにその通知を必要とする少なくとも1つのイベントコンシューマを含むコンピュータにおいてイベントを分配するためのシステムであって、前記少なくとも1つのイベントコンシューマが通知を受けるべき特定のイベントセットを格納する格納手段と、

前記イベント生成部からのイベントを受信し、受信したイベントと前記格納されたイベントセットとを比較し、適切なイベントコンシューマに適切なイベントを分配する制御手段と、

前記制御手段から前記イベントを受信し、適切なイベントコンシューマに適切なイベントを分配させるべく前記制御手段を動作させる分配手段とを備えることを特徴とするイベント分配システム。

3. United States Patent 5,915,131

June 22, 1999

* 2010年10月にアップルはこの特許を取り下げた

Method and apparatus for handling I/O requests utilizing separate programming interfaces to access separate I/O services

別のプログラムインターフェースを利用して、別のI/O サービスにアクセスするためにI/O 請求を取り扱う方法と装置

Abstract

A computer system handling multiple applications wherein groups of I/O services are accessible through separate application programming interfaces. Each application has multiple application programming interfaces by which to access different families of I/O services, such as I/O devices.

Inventors: Knight; Holly N. (La Honda, CA),

Sutton; Carl D. (Palo Alto, CA), Meretsky; Wayne N. (Los Altos, CA), Mimms; Alan B. (San Jose, CA)

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: May 5, 1995

4. United States Patent 5,929,852

July 27, 1999

* 2010年10月にアップルはこの特許を取り下げた

Encapsulated network entity reference of a network component system

ネットワークコンポーネントシステムに関連する閉じ込められたネットワーク存在物

Abstract

A network-oriented component system efficiently accesses information from a network resource located on a computer network by creating an encapsulated network entity that contains a reference to that resource. The encapsulated entity is preferably implemented as a network component stored on a computer remotely displaced from the referenced resource. In addition, the encapsulated entity may be manifested as a visual object on a graphical user interface of a computer screen. Such visual manifestation allows a user to easily manipulate the entity in order to display the contents of the resource on the screen or to electronically forward the entity over the network.

Inventors: Fisher; Stephen (Menlo Park, CA),

Cloron; Michael A. (Menlo Park, CA), Bruck; Timo (Mountain View, CA)

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: January 15, 1998

5. United States Patent 5,946,647

August 31, 1999

* ITC で HTC が侵害していると判定された特許

System and method for performing an action on a structure in computer-generated data

コンピュータで生成されたデータ構造の上でのアクションを実行するシステムと方法

Abstract

A system and method causes a computer to detect and perform actions on structures identified in computer data. The system provides an analyzer server, an application program interface, a user interface and an action processor. The analyzer server receives from an application running concurrently data having recognizable structures, uses a pattern analysis unit, such as a parser or fast string search function, to detect structures in the data, and links relevant actions to the detected structures. The application program interface communicates with the application running concurrently, and transmits relevant information to the user interface. Thus, the user interface can present and enable selection of the detected structures, and upon selection of a detected structure, present the linked candidate actions. Upon selection of an action, the action processor performs the action on the detected structure.

Inventors: Miller; James R. (Mountain View, CA), Bonura; Thomas (Capitola, CA),

Nardi; Bonnie (Mountain View, CA), Wright; David (Santa Clara, CA)

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: February 1, 1996

6. United States Patent 5,969,705

October 19, 1999

* 2010年10月にアップルはこの特許を取り下げた

Message protocol for controlling a user interface from an inactive application program

非活動プログラムからユーザインターフェースを制御するメッセージプロトコル

Abstract

Method and apparatus for a first process operative in a computer system controlling a user interface on a computer system display under control of a second process operative in the computer system. An event handler is installed for the second process, the event handler servicing events generated for controlling the user interface display under control of the second process. The first process may then perform a first set of functions in the computer system. The first process generates events for controlling the user interface display, the events related to the functions performed by the first process. The event handler receives the events generated by the first process and updates the user interface on the computer system display according to the events generated by the first process and received by the event handler.

Inventors: Fisher; Stephen (Menlo Park, CA), Trehus; Eric Mathew (Milpitas, CA)

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: March 13, 1997

7. United States Patent 6,275,983

August 14, 2001

Object-oriented operating system

オブジェクト指向型の OS

Abstract

An apparatus for enabling an object-oriented application to access in an object-oriented manner a procedural operating system having a native procedural interface is disclosed. The apparatus includes a computer and a memory component in the computer. A code library is stored in the memory component. The code library includes computer program logic implementing an object-oriented class library. The object-oriented class library comprises related object-oriented classes for enabling the application to access in an object-oriented manner services provided by the operating system. The object-oriented classes include methods for accessing the operating system services using procedural function calls compatible with the native procedural interface of the operating system. The computer processes object-oriented statements contained in the application and defined by the class library by executing methods

from the class library corresponding to the object-oriented statements.

Inventors: Orton; Debra Lyn (San Jose, CA),

Bolton; Eugenie Lee (Sunnyvale, CA), Chernikoff; Daniel F. (Palo Alto, CA), Goldsmith;
David Brook (Los Gatos, CA), Moeller; Christopher P. (Los Altos, CA)

Assignee: Object Technology Licensing Corp. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: August 26, 1998

What is claimed is:

1. A computer system, comprising:

computer hardware for performing native system services;

a procedural operating system, having a native interface, for controlling the computer hardware to perform the native system services;

object oriented methods requiring native system services;

procedural program logic code, responsive to invocations of the object-oriented methods during runtime, for causing the procedural operating system to control the computer hardware to perform the required native system services;

executable program memory associated with the computer hardware for runtime execution of the procedural operating system, invocations of the object-oriented methods and related portions of the procedural program logic code;

means for making determinations during runtime execution if object-oriented methods to be invoked are present in the executable program memory; and

a runtime loader, responsive to the determinations, to selectively load required object-oriented methods into the executable program memory during runtime before invocation of the object-oriented methods.

特許公報(B2)

発行日平成12年10月10日

特許第3095777号(平成12年8月4日) 特願平7-505112(平成6年1月6日)

国際出願PCT/US94/00197 国際公開WO95/03577(平成7年2月2日).

オブジェクト指向オペレーティング・システム

オブジェクト テクノロジー ライセンシング コーポレイション

請求項1

オブジェクト指向アプリケーション(132)が手続き型オペレーティング・システム(114)にインターフェースできるコンピュータに実装された方法であって、該オペレーティング・システムは、メモリ・コンポーネント(108)を有するコンピュータ(102)中の前記オブジェクト指向アプリケーション(132)のランタイム実行時に呼び出されて、前記オペレーティング・システム(114)が提供するサービスにアクセスする手続き型の関数を含み、前記コンピュータに実装された方法は、(a)前記手続き型オペレーティング・システムが提供するサービスにアクセスするオブジェクト指向ステートメントの

位置を、前記オブジェクト指向アプリケーションの中で確認(206)するステップと、(b)前記オブジェクト指向ステートメントを、前記手続き型オペレーティング・システムが提供するサービスにアクセスする手続き型関数と互換性があり、前記オブジェクト指向ステートメントに対応する手続き型関数コールに変換(208)するステップと、(c)手続き型関数と互換性がある前記手続き型関数コールをコンピュータで実行し、該手続き型関数は呼び出されて前記手続き型オペレーティング・システムが提供するサービスにアクセスし、これにより前記手続き型オペレーティング・システムがサービスを前記オブジェクト指向アプリケーションのために提供する(210)ステップとを含むことを特徴とする方法。

8. United States Patent 6,343,263

January 29, 2002

* ITC で HTC が侵害していると判定された特許

Real-time signal processing system for serially transmitted data

シリアルに伝送されたデータ向けのリアルタイム信号処理システム

Abstract

A data transmission system having a real-time data engine for processing isochronous streams of data includes an interface device that provides a physical and logical connection of a computer to any one or more of a variety of different types of data networks. Data received at this device is presented to a serial driver, which disassembles different streams of data for presentation to appropriate data managers. A device handler associated with the interface device sets up data flow paths, and also presents data and commands from the data managers to a real-time data processing engine. Flexibility to handle any type of data, such as voice, facsimile, video and the like, that is transmitted over any type of communication network with any type of real-time engine is made possible by abstracting the functions of each of the elements of the system from one another. This abstraction is provided through suitable interfaces that isolate the transmission medium, the data manager and the real-time engine from one another.

Inventors: Nichols; James B. (San Mateo, CA), Lynch; John (San Jose, CA)

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: August 2, 1994

9. United States Patent RE39,486

February 6, 2007

* 2010年10月にアップルはこの特許を取り下げた

Extensible, replaceable network component system

拡張および置き換え可のネットワークコンポーネントシステム

Abstract

An extensible and replaceable network-oriented component system provides a platform

for developing networking navigation components that operate on a variety of hardware and software computer systems. These navigation components include key integrating components along with components configured to deliver conventional services directed to computer networks, such as Gopher-specific and Web-specific components. Communication among these components is achieved through novel application programming interfaces (APIs) to facilitate integration with an underlying software component architecture. Such a high-modular cooperating layered-arrangement between the network component system and the component architecture allows any existing component to be replaced, and allows new components to be added, without affecting operation of the network component system.

Inventors: Cleron; Michael A. (Menlo Park, CA),

Fisher; Stephen (Menlo Park, CA), Bruck; Timo (Mountain View, CA)

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: April 3, 2003

10. United States Patent 5,481,721

January 2, 1996

Method for providing automatic and dynamic translation of object oriented programming language-based message passing into operation system message passing using proxy objects

オブジェクト指向プログラム言語ベースのメッセージを、プロキシオブジェクトを使用して、OS メッセージの中に自動的にかつ動的な翻訳を提供する方法

Abstract

The present invention provides a method and apparatus for the distribution of objects and the sending of messages between objects that are located in different processes. Initially, a "proxy" object is created in the same process as a sender object. This proxy acts as a local receiver for all objects in the local program. When the proxy receives a message, the message is encoded and transmitted between programs as a stream of bytes. In the remote process, the message is decoded and executed as if the sender was remote. The result follows the same path, encoded, transmitted, and then decoded back in the local process. The result is then provided to the sending object.

Inventors: Serlet; Bertrand (Palo Alto, CA),

Boynton; Lee (Palo Alto, CA), Tevanian; Avadis (Mountain View, CA)

Assignee: NeXT Computer, Inc. (Redwood City, CA)

Filed: October 31, 1994

2010年4月

・ITCは調査することに決定した。

2011年7月15日

・ITC の法務(行政法)判事(ALJ: administrative law judge)が暫定の判定(initial determination)として HTC はアップルの10件の特許の内2件*を侵害していると発表した。*最終的には「final initial determination」が担当判事から出され、6人の上級官で構成される委員会議が最終判定を行うことになる。

* usp 5946647 および 6343263

・HTCはこの判定に対し控訴すると発表した。

・最終判定は早くても6ヵ月後と市場では観測されている。

・ITCによって HTC の製品が侵害していると判定されたクレーム
5946647

1. A computer-based system for detecting structures in data and performing actions on detected structures,

comprising:

an input device for receiving data;

an output device for presenting the data;

a memory storing information including program routines including

an analyzer server for detecting structures in the data, and for linking actions to the detected structures;

a user interface enabling the selection of a detected structure and a linked action; and

an action processor for performing the selected action linked to the selected structure;

and

a processing unit coupled to the input device, the output device, and the memory for controlling the execution of the program routines.

8. The system recited in claim 1, wherein
the user interface highlights detected structures.

15. In a computer having a memory storing actions,

a method for causing the computer to perform an action on a structure identified in computer data,

comprising the steps of:

receiving computer data;

detecting a structure in the data;

linking at least one action to the detected structure;

enabling selection of the structure and a linked action; and

executing the selected action linked to the selected structure.

19. The method recited in claim 15, wherein the memory contains strings, and wherein the step of detecting a structure further comprises the steps of retrieving a string from the memory and scanning the data to identify the string.

6343263

1. A signal processing system for providing a plurality of realtime services to and from a number of independent client applications and devices, said system comprising:

a subsystem comprising a host central processing unit (CPU) operating in accordance with at least one application program and a device handler program, said subsystem further comprising an adapter subsystem interoperating with said host CPU and said device;

a realtime signal processing subsystem for performing a plurality of data transforms comprising a plurality of realtime signal processing operations; and

at least one realtime application program interface (API) coupled between the subsystem and the realtime signal processing subsystem to allow the subsystem to interoperate with said realtime services.

2. The signal processing system as set forth in claim 1, wherein said signal processing system receives and transmits a plurality of datatypes over a plurality of different wide area networks (WANs).

24. The signal processing system of claim 1, wherein said realtime signal processing subsystem comprises:

a realtime processor including an operating system for executing a plurality of realtime functions;

a realtime communications module which is independent of said realtime processor and is coupled to receive a plurality of communications commands from said application programs via said device handler program and said realtime API, said realtime communications module operating in response to said communications commands to issue a plurality of requests for realtime services to said realtime processor; and

a translation interface program which is specific to said realtime processor and is coupled to receive said requests for realtime services from said communications module and provide said requests to said realtime processor.

29. The signal processing system of claim 24, wherein said realtime processor is embodied in a hardware device and includes realtime function libraries that are embodied in programmable software.

1 - 1 - 3 . HTC がカウンターで ITC に提訴

2010年5月

・自社の5件の特許(*下掲)をアップルの製品が侵害しているとして、カウンターでHTCがITCにアップルを提訴した。

1. United States Patent 5,541,988 July 30, 1996

Telephone dialler with a personalized page organization of telephone directory memory
電話帳メモリの個人化されたページ編成を伴った電話ダイアル器

Abstract

An advanced telephone dialler has been described, incorporating a fast retrieval and dial telephone directory. The system simplifies the use of the telephone directory by using a single sliding or rotary key for scanning and selection of the name and number to be dialled and one button for speed dialling of the selected number.

Inventors: Draganoff; Georgi H. (Mississauga, Ontario, CA)

Filed: June 27, 1994

2. United States Patent 6,058,183 May 2, 2000

Telephone dialler with a personalized page organization of telephone directory memory
電話帳メモリの個人化されたページ編成を伴った電話ダイアル器

Abstract

An advanced telephone dialler has been described, incorporating a fast retrieval and dial telephone directory.

Inventors: Draganoff; Georgi H. (Mississauga, Ontario, CA)

Filed: May 21, 1998

3. United States Patent 6,320,957 November 20, 2001

Telephone dialler with easy access memory
アクセスが容易なメモリを備えた電話ダイアル器

Abstract

An advanced telephone dialler has been described, incorporating a fast retrieval and dial telephone directory. The system simplifies the use of the telephone directory by

using a single sliding or rotary key for scanning and selection of the name and number to be dialled and one button for speed dialling of the selected number.

Inventors: Draganoff; Georgi H. (Mississauga, CA)

Assignee: GEZ Microsystems, Inc. (Toronto, CA)

Filed: October 9, 1997

4. United States Patent 6,999,800 February 14, 2006

Method for power management of a smart phone

スマートフォンの電力管理方法

Abstract

A method for power management of a smart phone. The method comprises steps of resetting the smart phone, searching for network service, operating the mobile phone system in standby mode and a PDA system in normal mode when connected to a network, switching the mobile phone system to connection mode when establishing communication with a remote terminal, switching the mobile phone system to sleep mode when the mobile phone system has been idle for a first time period,

Inventors: Peng; Yu-Chun (Taipei, TW),

Assignee: High Tech Computer Corp. (Taoyuan, TW)

Filed: July 1, 2003

5. United States Patent 7,716,505 May 11, 2010

Power control methods for a portable electronic device

携帯電子装置向けの電力制御方法

Abstract

A power control method for a portable electronic device. The portable electronic device comprises a power supply unit and a volatile memory for storing data when the power supply unit supplies power thereto.

Inventors: Chao; Chun-Sheng (Taoyuan County, TW),

Assignee: HTC Corporation (Taoyuan, Taoyuan County, TW)

Filed: June 14, 2007

2010年6月

・HTCの携帯端末で使われている特許をアップルの製品 아이폰、アイパッド、アイポッドが侵害しているかどうか、ITCが調査を始めることに決定した。

1 - 1 - 4 . アップルの更なる訴訟

2010年6月21日

・アップルはHTCへの攻撃を激化し、新たに、グーグルの 안드로이드 OS を組み込んだ HTC のスマートフォンは4件の特許を侵害しているとデラウェア連邦地裁に訴訟した。

1. United States Patent 6,282,646 August 28, 2001

System for real-time adaptation to changes in display configuration

表示仕様における変更リアルタイムで適応するシステム

Abstract

A hot-plugging capability for video devices is achieved by shifting the responsibility for recognizing changes in the configuration of a display environment from a computer's operating system to a device manager. When an input/output device is added to or removed from the computer system, an interrupt signal informs a device manager of the fact that a change in configuration has occurred.

Inventors: Hendry; Ian (San Jose, CA), Anderson; Eric (Los Gatos, CA),

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: May 8, 1998

2. United States Patent 7,380,116 May 27, 2008

System for real-time adaptation to changes in display configuration

表示仕様における変更リアルタイムで適応するシステム

Abstract

A hot-plugging capability for video devices is achieved by shifting the responsibility for recognizing changes in the configuration of a display environment from a computer's operating system to a device manager.

Inventors: Hendry; Ian (San Jose, CA), Anderson; Eric (Los Gatos, CA),

Assignee: Apple Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: August 8, 2005

3. USP 7383453

* 2010年3月のHTCへの訴訟と同じ特許

4. USP 7657849

* 2010年3月のHTCへの訴訟と同じ特許

2011年7月8日

・アップルが ITC に対し HTC 製品の米国への輸入指し止めを求めて提訴した。

2011年7月11日

・アップルがさらに HTC を特許侵害で ITC およびデラウェア連邦地裁に提訴した。

1 - 2 . アップル対モトローラ

1 - 2 - 1 . モトローラがアップルを訴訟

(1) 2010年10月6日

・モトローラの子会社 *モトローラモビリティ* (*Motorola Mobility Inc.*) が6件の特許 (* 下掲) 侵害でアップルをイリノイ北連邦地裁 (U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois, Chicago) に訴訟した。

1. United States Patent 5,311,516 May 10, 1994

Paging system using message fragmentation to redistribute traffic

メッセージの断片を伝送路に再配送することを利用してのページングシステム

Abstract

A selective call receiver (106) receives one or more message packets of a transmitted fragmented message, where each of the one or more message packets includes an address (1605) and message data (1610), and the message data (1610) includes an indication (1702) of whether more message packets are to be received for the fragmented message.

Inventors: Kuznicki; William J. (Coral Springs, FL),

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: November 23, 1992

2. United States Patent 5,319,712 June 7, 1994

Method and apparatus for providing cryptographic protection of a data stream in a communication system

通信システムにおいてデータを暗号化しての防衛を提供する方法と装置

Abstract

A method and apparatus for providing cryptographic protection of a data stream are described in accordance with the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) model for a communication system.

Inventors: Finkelstein; Louis D. (Wheeling, IL),

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: August 26, 1993

3. United States Patent 5,490,230 February 6, 1996

Digital speech coder having optimized signal energy parameters

最適化された信号エネルギーパラメータを有するデジタルスピーチコーダ

Abstract

A speech coder and decoder methodology wherein pitch excitation and codebook excitation source energies are represented by parameters that are readily transmissible with minimal transmission capacity requirements.

Inventors: Gerson; Ira A. (Hoffman Estates, IL), Jasiuk; Mark A. (Chicago, IL)

Filed: December 22, 1994

4. United States Patent 5,572,193

November 5, 1996

Method for authentication and protection of subscribers in telecommunications systems

遠隔通信システムにおいての加入者の保護と認証の方法

Abstract

A method and apparatus for authentication between a subscriber unit and a communication unit is provided. The authentication process includes: maintaining an historic non-arbitrary value in the subscriber unit, generating an authentication message in the subscriber unit as a function of at least part of the historic non-arbitrary value, and transmitting the authentication message to the communication unit.

Inventors: Flanders; Mary B. (Louisville, CO), Finkelstein; Louis D.

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: August 22, 1994

5. United States Patent 6,175,559

January 16, 2001

Method for generating preamble sequences in a code division multiple access system

コード分割多数アクセスシステムにおいて前置き記述シーケンスを発生させる方法

Abstract

The present invention provides a method for generating preamble sequences in a code division multiple access system. The method includes forming an outer code in a mobile station.

Inventors: Brown; Tyler (Mundelein, IL)

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: July 7, 1999

6. United States Patent 6,359,898

March 19, 2002

Method for performing a countdown function during a mobile-originated transfer for a packet radio system

パケット無線システムに対しモバイル環境で創生された転送の簡に切断機能を遂行する方法

Abstract

The method for transmitting a communication signal comprising a plurality of units of information includes

Inventors: Cudak; Mark Conrad (McHenry, IL),

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: August 28, 1998

(2) 2010年10月6日

・モトローラの子会社 *モトローラモビリティ (Motorola Mobility Inc.)* が別の6件の特許(*下掲)侵害でアップルをイリノイ北連邦地裁にさらに訴訟した。

1. United States Patent 5,359,317

October 25, 1994

Method and apparatus for selectively storing a portion of a received message in a selective call receiver

選択された受信者側で受信メッセージの一部を選択的に蓄積する方法と装置

Abstract

A method and apparatus allows a user to selectively store (604) a portion of a received message in a selective call receiver (100). The selective call receiver (100) includes first and second memory elements (118) for storing the received message and the portion thereof, respectively. The second memory element has a plurality of partitions (122, 124, 126, 128) corresponding to a plurality of file types. The user defines (FIG. 5) the portion of the received message stored in the first memory element, which portion is to be stored in the second memory element, and then selects (602) one of the plurality of partitions (122, 124, 126, 128) for storing the defined portion of the received message. The defined portion of the received message is then stored (604) in the selected one of the plurality of partitions (122, 124, 126, 128).

Inventors: Gomez; Fernando A. (West Palm Beach, FL),

Stair; Mark T. (Delray Beach, FL)

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: October 9, 1992

2. United States Patent 5,636,223

June 3, 1997

Methods of adaptive channel access attempts

適合型チャンネルアクセス狙いの方法

Abstract

In a data communication system (100) including infrastructure (101) arranged to

communicate with a plurality of terminals (103) over a channel (109), a method of adaptable channel access practiced at a terminal (103) including determining an access priority value (303), responsive thereto ascertaining when the channel is available (305), and then executing a channel access attempt (307). The access priority value is determined with information received by the terminal or information available to the terminal.

Inventors: Reardon; Karl A. (Surrey, CA), Fraser; Bud (Vancouver, CA)

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: June 27, 1995

3 . United States Patent 6,246,697 June 12, 2001

Method and system for generating a complex pseudonoise sequence for processing a code division multiple access signal

コード分割多重アクセス信号処理向けの複合擬似ノイズシーケンスを生成する方法とシステム

Abstract

In a wireless communication system, a chip time is selected in a complex pseudonoise (PN) sequence generator. For a next chip time following the selected chip time, a phase difference between a previous complex PN chip and a next complex PN chip is restricted to a preselected phase angle. In one embodiment, every other chip time is selected and the preselected angle is 90 degrees.

Inventors: Whinnett; Nicholas William (Paris, FR), Laird; Kevin Michael (Keller, TX)

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: January 24, 1998

4 . United States Patent 6,246,862 June 12, 2001

Sensor controlled user interface for portable communication device

携帯通信端末向けの感知器で制御されたユーザインターフェース

Abstract

A portable communication device (100) that has a processing section (208) to control operation of the portable communication device (100) in response to an input signal (TS_INPUT) and a user interface having a touch sensitive input device (128) for generating the input signal (TS_INPUT), also has a sensor (134). The sensor (134) disables the touch sensitive input device (128) from generating the input signal (TS_INPUT) when the portable communication device (100) is positioned in close proximity to a user and, thereby, preventing inadvertent actuations while the user holds the portable communication device (100) against his or her head to facilitate communication.

Inventors: Grivas; Chris J. (Crystal Lake, IL),
Alameh; Rachid M. (Schaumburg, IL), He; Fan (Grayslake, IL)
Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)
Filed: February 3, 1999

5 . United States Patent 6,272,333 August 7, 2001

Method and apparatus in a wireless communication system for controlling a delivery of data

データ配送を制御するための無線通信システム内での方法と装置

Abstract

A subscriber unit (122) maintains an application registry (226) for registering (404) applications accessible to the subscriber unit. A fixed portion (102) of a wireless communication system keeps (514) a current copy (324) of the application registry of the subscriber unit, and checks (520) the current copy of the application registry in response to having data to send to the subscriber unit. The fixed portion sends (526) the data only when the fixed portion determines (522) that an application compatible with the data is accessible to the subscriber unit.

Inventors: Smith; Dwight Randall (Grapevine, TX)

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: June 12, 1998

6 . United States Patent 7,751,826 July 6, 2010

System and method for E911 location privacy protection

E911場所プライバシー保護向けのシステムと方法

Abstract

The invention relates to a system that enables power to be selectively applied to GPS circuitry in a cellular telephone or other mobile device only when a specific user input is detected. In one embodiment, power to the GPS circuitry may be enabled only when the user strikes the keys "9-1-1." In other embodiments, other types of GPS enablement or disablement may be employed, such as selectively decoupling the GPS antenna. In another embodiment, the user may depress a privacy bypass button, which alternately enables and disables power to the GPS circuitry. Cellular telephones or other communication devices may therefore activate GPS location service during an emergency call, or when a user wishes to allow their location to be determined, but protect the privacy of that user's location and movement at other times.

Inventors: Gardner; Michael R. (Plantation, FL),

Ballantyne; Wayne W. (Coconut Creek, FL), Merchant; Zaffer S. (Parkland, FL)

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: October 24, 2002

(3) 2010年10月6日

・モトローラの子会社 *モトローラモビリティ (Motorola Mobility Inc.)* がさらに別の6件の特許 (* 下掲) 侵害でアップルを3件目としてフロリダ南連邦地裁 (U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Florida, Miami) に訴訟した。

1. United States Patent 5,710,987 January 20, 1998

Receiver having concealed external antenna

隠された外部アンテナを有する受信器

Abstract

A radiotelephone/pager unit (100) includes a housing enclosing (102, 104) radiotelephone circuitry (224) coupled to a radiotelephone antenna (108) operable at radiotelephone frequencies and pager circuitry (218) coupled to a pager antenna (212) operable at pager frequencies.

Inventors: Paulick; Thomas Eugene (Palatine, IL)

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: June 2, 1995

2. United States Patent 5,754,119 May 19, 1998

Multiple pager status synchronization system and method

多数のページャー状況同期化システムと方法

Abstract

Status changes made on first pager (130 and 530) are wirelessly communicated to an infrastructure (110 and 510) which communicates the status changes to other pagers (150 and 550) so that the other pagers make corresponding status changes.

Inventors: Deluca; Michael J. (Boca Raton, FL),

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: August 31, 1995

3. United States Patent 5,958,006 September 28, 1999

Method and apparatus for communicating summarized data

要約されたデータを通信する方法と装置

Abstract

In a main embodiment, select and summary (S&S) indices (213, 228) are used to provide user flexibility in reviewing and requesting otherwise filtered data.

Inventors: Eggleston; Gene (Cary, IL), Hansen;
Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)
Filed: December 19, 1995

4. United States Patent 6,008,737 December 28, 1999

Apparatus for controlling utilization of software added to a portable communication device
携帯通信装置に付け加えられたソフトウェアの利用を制御する装置

Abstract

An apparatus at a fixed portion (102) of a communication system controls utilization of software (398) in a portable communication device (122) that includes a transceiver (302) for communicating with the fixed portion.

Inventors: Deluca; Michael J. (Boca Raton, FL),
Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)
Filed: June 24, 1996

5. United States Patent 6,101,531 August 8, 2000

System for communicating user-selected criteria filter prepared at wireless client to communication server for filtering data transferred from host to said wireless client
ホストから無線ユーザにフィルターに掛けられたデータを転送するために無線ユーザ側で用意されたユーザが選択できる評価フィルターを通信サーバに通信するシステム

Abstract

In a main embodiment, prestage filtering is applied via user-definable filter parameters (e.g., reject, pass, or granularity filters) on data being transferred between a communication unit (201) and communication server (220).

Inventors: Eggleston; Gene (Cary, IL),
Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)
Filed: April 15, 1998

6. United States Patent 6,377,161 April 23, 2002

Method and apparatus in a wireless messaging system
for facilitating an exchange of address information
無線メッセージシステムにおいてアドレス情報の交換を容易にする方法と装置

Abstract

A first portable messaging unit (PMU) (122) sends (502) address information to a second PMU through a wireless messaging system, and the second PMU receives (504) the address information.

Inventors: Gromelski; Lisa Jane (Fort Worth, TX),

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: August 11, 1998

(4) 2010年10月8日

・モトローラが特許侵害でアップルをデラウェア連邦地裁に訴訟した。

1 - 2 - 2 . アップルからのカウンタークレーム

2010年

・上掲の裁判において、アップルが5件の特許が侵害されているとしてモトローラへのカウンタークレームを提出した。

1 . United States Patent 5,583,560

December 10, 1996

Method and apparatus for audio-visual interface for the selective display of listing information on a display

表示されているリスト情報の選択的表示向けの音声 - 視覚インターフェース用の方法と装置

Abstract

An interactive audio-visual (A/V) transceiver is advantageously coupled to a television and/or telephone (T/T) cable, a TV, a video recorder (VCR), and other A/V devices. The A/V transceiver switches data between a program/service provider and the connected A/V devices. In one embodiment, the transceiver includes three primary modules, a main module including a CPU, a system bus, system memory, an infra-red (IR) control unit, an audio-visual bus, an A/V decoder, an A/V processor, and an A/V encoder, an A/V connect module including a number of tuner/demodulators and a switch, and an optional CD ROM module. The A/V transceiver hardware is complemented with an operating system and software program which supports the functions provided in the A/V user interface. Additionally, a remote control device is provided to communicate with the A/V transceiver to interactively manage selection of program and service sources, selection program and service offerings from any selected source, viewing of selected program offerings, and interaction with selected service offerings. The remote control device is advantageously provided with a basic A/V control button group, an interactive control button group, an auxiliary control button group and a numeric key pad to facilitate control of the transceiver. The interactive control button group includes an info button, a list button, a categories button, a pix button, a mark button, a jump button, and a pointing device consisting of up, down, left, and right arrow buttons, and a center select button.

Inventors: Florin; Fabrice (Mill Valley, CA),
Buettner; Michael (Burlingame, CA), Corey; Glenn (San Rafael, CA), Fritsche; Janey
(Mill Valley, CA), Maresca; Peter (Palo Alto, CA), Miller; Peter (Los Altos Hills, CA),
Purdy; Bill (San Anselmo, CA), Sharpe; Stuart (San Francisco, CA), West; Nick (San
Francisco, CA)

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: June 22, 1993

2 . United States Patent 5,594,509

January 14, 1997

Method and apparatus for audio-visual interface for the display of multiple levels of
information on a display

表示されている情報の複数のレベルを表示するための音声 - 視覚インターフェース用の方法と
装置

Abstract

An interactive audio-visual (A/V) transceiver is advantageously coupled to a television and/or telephone (T/T) cable, a TV, a video recorder (VCR), and other A/V devices. The A/V transceiver switches data between a program/service provider and the connected A/V devices. In one embodiment, the transceiver includes three primary modules, a main module including a CPU, a system bus, system memory, an infra-red (IR) control unit, an audio-visual bus, an A/V decoder, an A/V processor, and an A/V encoder, an A/V connect module including a number of tuner/demodulators and a switch, and an optional CD ROM module. The A/V transceiver hardware is complemented with an operating system and software program which supports the functions provided in the A/V user interface. Additionally, a remote control device is provided to communicate with the A/V transceiver to interactively manage selection of program and service sources, selection program and service offerings from any selected source, viewing of selected program offerings, and interaction with selected service offerings. The remote control device is advantageously provided with a basic A/V control button group, an interactive control button group, an auxiliary control button group and a numeric key pad to facilitate control of the transceiver. The interactive control button group includes an info button, a list button, a categories button, a pix button, a mark button, a jump button, and a pointing device consisting of up, down, left, and right arrow buttons, and a center select button.

Inventors: Florin; Fabrice (Mill Valley, CA),

Buettner; Michael (Burlingame, CA), Corey; Glenn (San Rafael, CA), Fritsche; Janey
(Mill Valley, CA), Maresca; Peter (Palo Alto, CA), Miller; Peter (Los Altos Hills, CA),

Purdy; Bill (San Anselmo, CA), Sharpe; Stuart (San Francisco, CA), West; Nick (San Francisco, CA)

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: June 22, 1993

3 . United States Patent 5,621,456

April 15, 1997

Methods and apparatus for audio-visual interface for the display of multiple program categories

複数のプログラム範疇を表示するための音声 - 視覚インターフェース用の方法と装置

Abstract

An interactive audio-visual (A/V) transceiver is advantageously coupled to a television and/or telephone (T/T) cable, a TV, a video recorder (VCR), and other A/V devices. The A/V transceiver switches data between a program/service provider and the connected A/V devices. In one embodiment, the transceiver includes three primary modules, a main module including a CPU, a system bus, system memory, an infra-red (IR) control unit, an audio-visual bus, an A/V decoder, an A/V processor, and an A/V encoder, an A/V connect module including a number of tuner/demodulators and a switch, and an optional CD ROM module. The A/V transceiver hardware is complemented with an operating system and software program which supports the functions provided in the A/V user interface. Additionally, a remote control device is provided to communicate with the A/V transceiver to interactively manage selection of program and service sources, selection program and service offerings from any selected source, viewing of selected program offerings, and interaction with selected service offerings. The remote control device is advantageously provided with a basic A/V control button group, an interactive control button group, an auxiliary control button group and a numeric key pad to facilitate control of the transceiver. The interactive control button group includes an info button, a list button, a categories button, a pix button, a mark button, a jump button, and a pointing device consisting of up, down, left, and right arrow buttons, and a center select button.

Inventors: Florin; Fabrice (Mill Valley, CA),

Buettner; Michael (Burlingame, CA), Corey; Glenn (San Rafael, CA), Fritsche; Janey (Mill Valley, CA), Maresca; Peter (Palo Alto, CA), Miller; Peter (Los Altos Hills, CA), Purdy; Bill (San Anselmo, CA), Sharpe; Stuart (San Francisco, CA), West; Nick (San Francisco, CA)

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: June 22, 1993

4. United States Patent 7,380,116 May 27, 2008

System for real-time adaptation to changes in display configuration

* HTC への訴訟で使われた特許と同じ

5. United States Patent 7,657,849 February 2, 2010

Unlocking a device by performing gestures on an unlock image

* HTC への訴訟で使われた特許と同じ

1 - 2 - 3 . モトローラが裁判所に iPhone 関連の特許 12 件の無効化を要請

2010年10月18日

・モトローラがデラウェア連邦地裁 (U.S. District Court for the District of Delaware) にアップルの特許 12 件 (下掲) は先行技術があり無効であるとの判定 (declaration judgment) を求める訴状を提出した。

1. United States Patent 5,455,599 October 3, 1995

Object-oriented graphic system

* HTC への訴訟で使われた特許と同じ

2. United States Patent 5,519,867 May 21, 1996

Object-oriented multitasking system

オブジェクト指向型マルチタスクシステム

* HTC を ITC に提訴した特許

3. United States Patent 5,566,337 October 15, 1996

Method and apparatus for distributing events in an operating system

OS の中でイベントを分配するための方法と装置

* HTC を ITC に提訴した特許

4. United States Patent 5,915,131 June 22, 1999

Method and apparatus for handling I/O requests utilizing separate programming interfaces to access separate I/O services

別のプログラムインターフェースを利用して、別の I/O サービスにアクセスするために I/O 請求を取り扱う方法と装置

* HTC を ITC に提訴した特許

5. United States Patent 5,929,852 July 27, 1999

Encapsulated network entity reference of a network component system
ネットワークコンポーネントシステムに関連する閉じ込められたネットワーク存在物
* HTC を ITC に提訴した特許

6. United States Patent 5,946,647 August 31, 1999
System and method for performing an action on a structure in computer-generated data
コンピュータで生成されたデータ構造の上でのアクションを実行するシステムと方法
* HTC を ITC に提訴した特許

7. United States Patent 5,969,705 October 19, 1999
Message protocol for controlling a user interface from an inactive application program
非活動プログラムからユーザインターフェースを制御するメッセージプロトコル
* HTC を ITC に提訴した特許

8. United States Patent 6,275,983 August 14, 2001
Object-oriented operating system
オブジェクト指向型の OS

9. United States Patent 6,343,263 January 29, 2002
Real-time signal processing system for serially transmitted data
シリアルに伝送されたデータ向けのリアルタイム信号処理システム
* HTC を ITC に提訴した特許

10. United States Patent 6,424,354 July 23, 2002
Object-oriented event notification system with listener registration of both interests and methods
* HTC への訴訟で使われた特許に同じ

11. United States Patent RE39,486 February 6, 2007
Extensible, replaceable network component system
拡張および置き換え可のネットワークコンポーネントシステム
* HTC を ITC に提訴した特許

12. United States Patent 5,481,721 January 2, 1996
Method for providing automatic and dynamic translation of object oriented programming language-based message passing into operation system message passing using proxy objects

オブジェクト指向プログラム言語ベースのメッセージを、プロキシオブジェクトを使用して、OS メッセージの中に自動的かつダイナミックな翻訳を提供する方法

* HTC を ITC に提訴した特許

1 - 2 - 3 . アップルがモトローラを訴訟

2010年10月29日

・タッチスクリーンなどのユーザインターフェース関連の3件の特許(*下掲)が侵害されているとして、アップルがウイスクンシン西地区連邦地裁(Wisconsin Western District Court)にモトローラを訴訟した。

1 . United States Patent 7,812,828

October 12, 2010

Ellipse fitting for multi-touch surfaces

マルチタッチ表面への省略的適合

Abstract

Apparatus and methods are disclosed for simultaneously tracking multiple finger and palm contacts as hands approach, touch, and slide across a proximity-sensing, multi-touch surface. Identification and classification of intuitive hand configurations and motions enables unprecedented integration of typing, resting, pointing, scrolling, 3D manipulation, and handwriting into a versatile, ergonomic computer input device.

Inventors: Westerman; Wayne (San Francisco, CA),

Elias; John G. (Townsend, DE)

Assignee: Apple Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: February 22, 2007

2 . United States Patent 7,663,607

February 16, 2010

Multipoint touchscreen

多数地点(可の)タッチスクリーン

Abstract

A touch panel having a transparent capacitive sensing medium configured to detect multiple touches or near touches that occur at the same time and at distinct locations in the plane of the touch panel and to produce distinct signals representative of the location of the touches on the plane of the touch panel for each of the multiple touches is disclosed.

Inventors: Hotelling; Steve (San Jose, CA),

Strickon; Joshua A. (San Jose, CA), Huppi; Brian Q. (San Francisco, CA)

Assignee: Apple Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: May 6, 2004

What is claimed is:

1. A touch panel comprising a transparent capacitive sensing medium configured to detect multiple touches or near touches that occur at a same time and at distinct locations in a plane of the touch panel and to produce distinct signals representative of a location of the touches on the plane of the touch panel for each of the multiple touches, wherein the transparent capacitive sensing medium comprises: a first layer having a plurality of transparent first conductive lines that are electrically isolated from one another; and a second layer spatially separated from the first layer and having a plurality of transparent second conductive lines that are electrically isolated from one another, the second conductive lines being positioned transverse to the first conductive lines, the intersection of transverse lines being positioned at different locations in the plane of the touch panel, each of the second conductive lines being operatively coupled to capacitive monitoring circuitry; wherein the capacitive monitoring circuitry is configured to detect changes in charge coupling between the first conductive lines and the second conductive lines.

公開特許公報(A)

公開特開2011-81825(平成23年4月21日) 特願2010-261471(平成22年11月24日).

マルチポイント・タッチスクリーン

アップル インコーポレイテッド

請求項1

透明な容量感知媒体を有するタッチ・パネルであって、前記タッチ・パネルの平面内の別々の位置で同時に生じる複数の接触または接触に近い状態を検知し、かつ前記複数の接触のそれぞれに関して前記タッチ・パネルの平面上における前記接触の位置を表す別々の信号を生成するように構成されているタッチ・パネル。

3. United States Patent 5,379,430

January 3, 1995

Object-oriented system locator system

オブジェクト指向のシステムロケータシステム

Abstract

A method and system for adding system components (documents, tools, fonts, libraries, etc.) to a computer system without running an installation program. A location framework is employed to locate system components whose properties match those specified in a search criteria. The framework receives notification from the system when system components whose properties match the search criteria are added to or removed from the system.

Inventors: Nguyen; Frank T. (Campbell, CA)

Assignee: Taligent, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: August 4, 1993

2010年12月2日

2010年12月3日

・モトローラのカウンタークレームに対する回答をアップルが裁判所に提出した。

1 - 3 . アップル対サムスン

1 - 3 - 1 . アップルがサムスンを訴訟

2011年4月19日

・Android 搭載の Galaxy が7件の iOS 関連特許を侵害しているとして、アップル (Apple Inc.) が三星電子 (Samsung Electronics Co.) をカリフォルニア北地区 (San Jose) 連邦地裁訴訟した。訴状の中心はユーザジェスチャー (選択する、スクロールする、つまむ、ズームする、など) のメカニズムにある。

1 . United States Patent 6,493,002 December 10, 2002

Method and apparatus for displaying and accessing control and status information in a computer system

コンピュータシステムにおいて制御情報およびステータス情報を表示するおよび(情報に)アクセスする方法と装置

Abstract

An interactive computer-controlled display system having a processor, a data display screen, a cursor control device for interactively positioning a cursor on the data display screen, and a window generator that generates and displays a window on a data display screen. The window region provides status and control information in one or more data display areas. The individual data display areas may be controlled through the use of controls and indicators on the control strip itself using cursor control keys.

Inventors: Christensen; Steven W. (Milpitas, CA)

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: March 20, 1997

2 . United States Patent 7,469,381 December 23, 2008

List scrolling and document translation, scaling, and rotation on a touch-screen display

* HTC への訴訟で使われた特許と同じ

3 . United States Patent 7,669,134 February 23, 2010

Method and apparatus for displaying information during an instant messaging session

インスタントメッセージセッションの間に情報を表示する方法と装置

Abstract

A method and an apparatus are provided for controlling a graphical user interface to display information related to a communication session. Information relating to data produced by a first participant to the communication session is displayed on a first display unit, wherein the information produced by the first participant is displayed at a first position on the first display unit. Data is received from a second participant to the communication session, and information relating to the data received from the second participant is displayed on the first display unit, wherein the information received from the second participant is displayed at a second position on the first display unit. The first and second positions are horizontally spaced apart.

Inventors: Christie; Gregory N. (San Jose, CA), Westen; Peter T. (Menlo Park, CA), Lemay; Stephen O. (San Francisco, CA), Alfke; Jens (San Jose, CA)

Assignee: Apple Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: May 2, 2003

4 . United States Patent 7,812,828 October 12, 2010

Ellipse fitting for multi-touch surfaces

* モトローラへの訴訟で使われた特許と同じ

5 . United States Patent 7,844,915 November 30, 2010

Application programming interfaces for scrolling operations

スクロール操作向けのアプリケーションプログラムインターフェース

Abstract

At least certain embodiments of the present disclosure include an environment with user interface software interacting with a software application. A method for operating through an application programming interface (API) in this environment includes transferring a set bounce call. The method further includes setting at least one of maximum and minimum bounce values. The set bounce call causes a bounce of a scrolled region in an opposite direction of a scroll based on a region past an edge of the scrolled region being visible in a display region at the end of the scroll.

Inventors: Platzer; Andrew (Santa Clara, CA), Herz; Scott (Santa Clara, CA)

Assignee: Apple Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: January 7, 2007

6 . United States Patent 7,853,891 December 14, 2010

Method and apparatus for displaying a window for a user interface

ユーザインターフェイス用にウィンドウズを表示する方法と装置

Abstract

Methods and apparatuses to display windows. In more than one embodiments of the invention, a window is closed automatically (e.g., after a timer expires, or when a condition or criterion is met, or a system input is received) without user input. In some examples, the window is translucent so that the portion of another window, when present, is visible under the window. In some examples, the image of the window is faded out before the window is closed and destroyed. In some examples, the window does not close in response to any input from a user input device. In some examples, the window is repositioned (or hidden) automatically when another translucent window is displayed. The degree of translucency, the speed for fading out, the discrete levels of translucency for fading out, the time to expire, and/or other parameters for controlling the display of the window may be set by the user or adjusted by the system (or application software programs) automatically according to system conditions or other criteria.

Inventors: Chaudhri; Imran (San Francisco, CA), Ording; Bas (San Francisco, CA)

Assignee: Apple Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: February 1, 2008

7 . United States Patent 7,863,533 January 4, 2011

Cantilevered push button having multiple contacts and fulcrums

複数の接点と支点を有する方持型プッシュボタン

Abstract

A cantilevered push button adapted for accepting an input on an electrical or electronic device is disclosed. The button can include an elongated button top component disposed about an exterior surface of an electrical or electronic device such that it is accessible to a user, and having two opposing distal ends associated with separate user inputs. A first fulcrum is located between the first distal end and the midpoint of the elongated button top component, while a second fulcrum is located between the second distal end and the midpoint. A first electrical contact is associated with the first distal end, such that when a user presses on the first distal end, the elongated button top component pivots about the second fulcrum and the first electrical contact is actuated. A second electrical contact is similarly associated with the second distal end and first fulcrum.

Inventors: Hamel; Bradley J. (Sunnyvale, CA), Tan; Tang Yew (San Francisco, CA),

Wang; Erik (Redwood City, CA)
Assignee: Apple Inc. (Cupertino, CA)
Filed: September 26, 2008

2011年4月19日

・同日、サムスンがカウンターでアップルを訴訟した。

2011年6月

・ スマートフォン Galaxy が iPhone の機能をコピーしているとしてアップルがサムスンを韓国で訴訟した。

2011年6月30日

・iPhone、iPad、iPod Touch が自社の5件の特許を侵害しているとしてサムスンがアップル製品の米国への輸入停止を求めて ITC (U.S. International Trade Commission) に提訴した。

2011年7月1日

・アップルが裁判所に仮裁定 (preliminary injunction) を申し立てた。
・同日、裁判の決着を2月に求めて進行を急ぐ動議を提出した。

2011年7月4日

・サムスンがアップルへの6月の提訴を取り下げた。

2011年7月5日

・アップルがサムスン製品の販売停止を求めて ITC に提訴した。

2. マイクロソフトの訴訟

2 - 1. マイクロソフト対モトローラ

2010年4月26日

・マイクロソフトは HTC に対し、HTC のアンドロイド (Android) ベースの携帯電話機に関する MS 保有の特許ライセンスを供与すると発表した。詳細は明らかにされていないが、アンドロイドベースの HTC 携帯端末すべてを対象に (Google が販売している Nexus One を含む) ロイヤルティが徴収されるということである。

・同時に、アンドロイドは、ユーザインターフェースから OS そのものまで MS の特許を侵害しており、HTC 以外の端末メーカーとライセンス交渉をしていることを明言した。
(CNET ニュース)

2010年10月1日

・モトローラのアンドロイドベースのスマートフォンが自社の保有する9件の特許を侵害

しているとして、マイクロソフトがモトローラ (Motorola Inc.) をワシントン州西地区連邦地裁 (U.S. District Court for the Western District of Washington at Seattle) および ITC に、訴訟した。

1 . United States Patent 5,579,517

November 26, 1996

Common name space for long and short filenames

長いファイル名短いファイル名向けの共通の名称スペース

Abstract

An operating system provides a common name space for both long filenames and short filenames. In this common namespace, a long filename and a short filename are provided for each file. Each file has a short filename directory entry and may have at least one long filename directory entry associated with it. The number of long filename directory entries that are associated with a file depends on the number of characters in the long filename of the file. The long filename directory entries are configured to minimize compatibility problems with existing installed program bases.

Inventors: Reynolds; Aaron R. (Redmond, WA), Adler; Dennis R. (Mercer Island, WA), Lipe; Ralph A. (Woodinville, WA), Pedrizetti; Ray D. (Issaquah, WA), Parsons; Jeffrey T. (Redmond, WA), Arun; Rasipuram V. (Redmond, WA)

Assignee: Microsoft Corporation (Redmond, WA)

Filed: April 24, 1995

2 . United States Patent 5,758,352

May 26, 1998

Common name space for long and short filenames

長いファイル名短いファイル名向けの共通の名称スペース

Abstract

An operating system provides a common name space for both long filenames and short filenames. In this common namespace, a long filename and a short filename are provided for each file. Each file has a short filename directory entry and may have at least one long filename directory entry associated with it. The number of long filename directory entries that are associated with a file depends on the number of characters in the long filename of the file. The long filename directory entries are configured to minimize compatibility problems with existing installed program bases.

Inventors: Reynolds; Aaron R. (Redmond, WA), Adler; Dennis R. (Mercer Island, WA), Lipe; Ralph A. (Woodinville, WA), Pedrizetti; Ray D. (Issaquah, WA), Parsons; Jeffrey T. (Redmond, WA), Arun; Rasipuram V. (Redmond, WA)

Assignee: Microsoft Corporation (Redmond, WA)

Filed: September 5, 1996

3 . United States Patent 6,621,746

September 16, 2003

Monitoring entropic conditions of a flash memory device as an indicator for invoking erasure operations

消去操作を起動する指標器としてフラッシュメモリ装置の情報量状態を監視する

Abstract

Erase operations are performed on a flash memory device by monitoring the entropic nature of the flash memory device. In one implementation, flash abstraction logic, tracks how many physical sectors are free to receive data; track how many physical sectors contain data that is dirty, and compare whether the physical sectors that are free to receive data outnumber the physical sectors that contain data that is dirty. A compactor performs an erase operation of one or more blocks when the physical sectors that contain data that is dirty outnumber the physical sectors that are free to receive data. In another implementation, the flash abstraction logic tracks how many physical sector addresses are free to receive data, and track when the physical sector addresses that are free to receive data are insufficient in quantity to receive write requests from a file system. The compactor executes an erase operation of one or more blocks if the physical sector addresses that are free to receive data are insufficient in quantity.

Inventors: Aasheim; Jered Donald (Bellevue, WA), Yang; Yongqi (Bellevue, WA)

Assignee: Microsoft Corporation (Redmond, WA)

Filed: February 27, 2002

4 . United States Patent 6,826,762

November 30, 2004

Radio interface layer in a cell phone with a set of APIs having a hardware-independent proxy layer and a hardware-specific driver layer

携帯電話の中で、ハードウェアに依存しないプロキシ層およびハードウェアで特定されるドライバ層を有する一組の API を伴った無線インターフェース層

Abstract

A Radio Interface Layer (RIL) is disclosed. The RIL comprises an API set which provides a level of abstraction between the radio on a cell phone and the software of the cell phone. The API set of RIL is roughly based on the GSM AT interface as defined in GSM specifications 07.05 and 07.07. The API set provides access to functionality contained within a cellular telephone, such as a GSM or CDMA compatible telephone. These APIs allow applications running on an operating system in the cellular telephone to issue commands without knowledge of the underlying radio structure of the cellular telephone and specific knowledge of the GSM-type commands. For example, these APIs allow the applications to access to phonebook entries, restrict access to data

and functionality using passwords, access file and message storage, and perform many other functions. The RIL is divided into a hardware-independent proxy layer, called by various software components, and a driver layer that is hardware-specific.

Inventors: Shell; Scott R. (Redmond, WA), Sherman; Roman (Bellevue, WA), Shen; Alan W. (Seattle, WA)

Assignee: Microsoft Corporation (Redmond, WA)

Filed: February 16, 2001

5 . United States Patent 6,909,910 June 21, 2005

Method and system for managing changes to a contact database

コンタクトデータベースへの変更を管理する方法とシステム

Abstract

Described is a system and method for updating a contact and adding a new contact from a call log in a communications device. The system includes a contact manager that is directed towards creating and updating call contact cards in a contact database with information retrieved from call logs of phone calls made to or from the communications device. In one embodiment, information is pre-populated into a predetermined data field of the contact card, thereby reducing workload to a user. The method includes determining if a request is for updating an existing contact card or for adding a new contact card to the contact database. The update or addition is made with information retrieved from call logs. Call information is pre-populated into a predetermined data field of the contact card, when it is determined that the request is to add a new contact card to the contact database.

Inventors: Pappalardo; Susan Elizabeth (Kirkland, WA), Fuller; Jason William (Bellevue, WA), Chin; Peter G. (Seattle, WA), Tenenbaum; Jessica Dale (Seattle, WA)

Assignee: Microsoft Corporation (Redmond, WA)

Filed: February 1, 2002

6 . United States Patent 7,644,376 January 5, 2010

Flexible architecture for notifying applications of state changes

アプリケーションに状態の変化を告知する柔軟アーキテクチャー

Abstract

Described is a method and system a unified mechanism for storing device, application, and service state, as well as a rich notification brokerage architecture. Clients register with a notification broker to receive notifications for changes to state properties. When a registered state property changes, a notification broker determines which clients to

notify of the state change and provides the client with a notification regarding the change. Clients may be notified whenever a state changes, when a state change meets a predetermined condition, or based on a schedule. An application may also be launched in response to a state change. An application programming interface (API) is provided that provides a unified way of accessing state change information across different components within the device.

Inventors: Karachale; Jan (Sammamish, WA), Fuller; Jason William (Bellevue, WA), Levy; Robert (Virginia Beach, VA), Koch; Zeke (Seattle, WA), Arac; Ardan (Seattle, WA), Cross; Brian (Redmond, WA), Amiga; Ori M. (Seattle, WA)

Assignee: Microsoft Corporation (Redmond, WA)

Filed: June 22, 2004

7 . United States Patent 5,664,133

September 2, 1997

Context sensitive menu system/menu behavior

コンテキストに敏感なメニューシステムまたはメニュー行為

Abstract

A method and system are described for a computer system for retrieving and presenting a set of commands in the form of a pop up context menu for a selected object. The context menu is displayed in the proximity of the selected object and is determined primarily by the class of the selected object and secondarily by the particular container in which the selected object resides at the time of selection. The context menu displays a number of useful features which enable the user to quickly and easily invoke commands upon the selected object.

Inventors: Malamud; Mark A. (Seattle, WA), Elsbree; John E. (Everett, WA), Butler; Laura J. (Bellevue, WA), Barnes, Jr.; David A. (Seattle, WA)

Assignee: Microsoft Corporation (Redmond, WA)

Filed: April 30, 1996

8 . United States Patent 6,578,054

June 10, 2003

Method and system for supporting off-line mode of operation and synchronization using resource state information

リソース状態情報を利用したのオフラインモードでのオペレーションおよび同期化を支援する方法とシステム

Abstract

Systems and methods for synchronizing multiple copies of data in a network

environment that includes servers and clients so that incremental changes made to one copy of the data can be identified, transferred, and incorporated into all other copies of the data. The synchronization can be accomplished regardless of whether modifications to the data have been made by a client while the client is in an on-line or off-line mode of operation. The clients cache data locally as data are modified and downloaded. The caching enables the clients to access the data and allows the synchronization so be performed without transmitting a particular version more than once between a client and a server. Such elimination of redundant data transmission results in an efficient use of time and network bandwidth.

Inventors: Hopmann; Alexander I. (Seattle, WA), Anderson; Rebecca L. (Redmond, WA), Deen; Brian J. (North Bend, WA)

Assignee: Microsoft Corporation (Redmond, WA)

Filed: October 4, 1999

9 . United States Patent 6,370,566 April 9, 2002

Generating meeting requests and group scheduling from a mobile device

携帯装置から会合要求とグループ行動予定を生成する

Abstract

The present invention includes a mobile device which provides the user with the ability to schedule a meeting request from the mobile device itself. The mobile device creates an object representative of the meeting request and assigns the object a global identification number which uniquely identifies the object to other devices which encounter the object. In addition, the mobile device in accordance with one aspect of the present invention provides a property in the object which is indicative of whether the meeting request has already been transmitted. In this way, other devices which encounter the meeting request are capable of identifying it as a unique meeting request, and of determining whether the meeting request has already been transmitted, in order to alleviate the problem of duplicate meeting request transmissions.

Inventors: Discolo; Anthony (Redmond, WA), Skorupa; Scott (Newcastle, WA), Alam; Salim (Redmond, WA), Vargas; Garrett R. (Kirkland, WA), Whitney; Dave (Bellevue, WA), Ulrich; Bryce (Kirkland, WA), Ferrell; John I. (Bellevue, WA)

Assignee: Microsoft Corporation (Redmond, WA)

Filed: April 10, 1998

ロイヤルティ料に関する提訴

2010年11月10日

・Xbox で使用している無線技術とビデオコーディングに関する技術貸与に伴うロイヤルティ料が ITU(International Telecommunications Union)で定めるところのそれよりもきわめて割高であるとして、マイクロソフトがモトローラをシアトルの連邦裁判所に告訴した。

2 - 2 . モトローラからのカウンター訴訟

2010年11月10日

・マイクロソフトの Windows OS (Exchange, Outlook, Messenger, Windows Live など)、Windows mobile (phone) software、および Xbox が7件の特許を侵害しているとして、モトローラ(子会社の Motorola Mobility)がマイクロソフトをフロリダ南地区連邦地裁に訴訟した。

1 . United States Patent 5,502,839 March 26, 1996

Object-oriented software architecture supporting input/output device independence

入力装置出力装置をそれぞれ個々に支援するオブジェクト指向型ソフトウェアアーキテクチャー

Abstract

An object-oriented software architecture interacts with "real" input/output devices exclusively through "virtual" input/output devices. Since all human interface with the operating system is performed through such virtual devices, the system can accept any form of real input or output devices. The lowest level of the operating system converts input from any physical device to virtual form and converts virtual output into suitable physical output. Any number of physical devices can be connected to, removed from, or replaced in the system without disrupting the system.

Inventors: Kolnick; Frank C. (Willowdale, CA)

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: June 2, 1989

2 . United States Patent 6,272,333 August 7, 2001

Method and apparatus in a wireless communication system for controlling a delivery of data

* アップルへの訴訟で使われた特許に同じ

3 . United States Patent 5,784,001

July 21, 1998

Method and apparatus for presenting graphic messages in a data communication receiver
データ通信受信機においてグラフィックメッセージを提示する方法と装置

Abstract

A data communication receiver (100) includes a receiver (110) for receiving a message including at least one code, a database (155) for storing codes and image data associated with the codes, and a presentation element (150) for locating the at least one code in the database (155). The presentation element (150) then retrieves the image data associated with the at least one code. The image data associated with the at least one code is representative of at least one image. The data communication receiver (100) also includes a display (130) coupled to the presentation element (150) for presenting the at least one image as a graphic message.

Inventors: Deluca; Joan (Boca Raton, FL), Kraul; Douglas (Parkland, FL), Batey, Jr.; Charles Edward (Lake Worth, FL)

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: July 21, 1997

4 . United States Patent 5,764,899

June 9, 1998

Method and apparatus for communicating an optimized reply
最適化された返答を通信する方法と装置

Abstract

For optimized reply, when sending a reply (902) in a first embodiment a remote communication unit's controller (206) generates a delta between a preceding message and the reply message, and forms an optimized reply (904) using the delta and an identifier of the preceding message. On receiving the optimized reply, the communication server uses the data unit identifier to retrieve (910) the preceding message from a further server (e.g., the post office mailbox of the user associated with the remote unit), reconstructs (914) the full reply from the retrieved message and the delta, and forwards (916) the full reply to the addressee. When receiving a reply for the remote unit (918), an index is preferably maintained by both units of mail stored at the remote unit. From this index a preceding message forming part of the reply is identified (920). An optimized reply is then similarly formed (922) and sent to the remote unit.

Inventors: Eggleston; Gene (Cary, IL), Hansen; Mitch (Fox River Grove, IL), Rzany; Anthony (Crystal Lake, IL)

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: December 19, 1995

5 . United States Patent 6,757,544

June 29, 2004

System and method for determining a location relevant to a communication device and/or its associated user

通信装置およびまたはその関係ユーザに関する位置を判定するシステムと方法

Abstract

A method of determining a location relevant to a user of a communication device is provided. The method involves determining general location information of the location relevant to the user and determining a list of location parameters from the general location information. Specific location of the communication device is also determined. The location relevant to the user is then determined by comparing the list of location parameters with the specific location information. Systems and programs for using the method are also provided.

Inventors: Rangarajan; Jayanthi (Naperville, IL), Ladd; David (Downers Grove, IL), Balasuriya; Senaka (Westmont, IL), Tuckey; Curtis (Chicago, IL)

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: August 15, 2001

6 . United States Patent 6,408,176

June 18, 2002

Method and apparatus for initiating a communication in a communication system

通信システムにおいて通信を起動する方法と装置

Abstract

Caller-related information, such as a telephone number, in a voice mail message intended for a communication unit (102) is extracted from the voice mail message and converted into an alpha-numeric string by a converter device (112). The alpha-numeric string is conveyed by a messaging device (110) to the communication unit and stored in the communication unit. Using the stored caller-related information, a user of the communication unit is able to repeatedly initiate a call to the caller identified by the caller-related information without having to access a voice mail device or enter the caller-related information manually.

Inventors: Urs; Kamala D. (Bartlett, IL)

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: July 13, 1998

7 . United States Patent 6,983,370

January 3, 2006

System for providing continuity between messaging clients and method therefor

メッセージをやり取りしている顧客間での継続性を提供するシステムとそこでの方法

Abstract

A messaging communication system (10) includes a plurality of messaging clients (12). A first messaging client (14) establishes a first communication connection (16) operating using a plurality of client data (25). The first messaging client (14) transfers the plurality of client data (25) to a second messaging client (20). The second messaging client (20) establishes a second communication connection (22) operating using the plurality of client data (25).

Inventors: Eaton; Eric Thomas (Lake Worth, FL), Hayes; David Jeffery (Lake Worth, FL), Mock; Von Alan (Boynton Beach, FL)

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: November 27, 2001

2010年12月23日

・マイクロソフトの Windows OS (Exchange, Outlook, Messenger, Windows Live など)、Windows mobile (phone) software、および Xbox が自社の特許 (下掲) を侵害しているとして、モトローラ (子会社の Motorola Mobility) がマイクロソフトをウィスコンシン西地区連邦地裁に訴訟した。

1. United States Patent 6,686,931

February 3, 2004

Graphical password methodology for a microprocessor device accepting non-alphanumeric user input

マイクロプロセッサ装置向けにユーザによる非アルファベットデータを受け付けるグラフィックパスワード方法論

Abstract

A portable computing device or "information appliance" having terse user input (e.g., limit set of keys) is provided with a user interface for navigating user data. Application programs, which are provided for user operation of the device, are implemented as separate modules controlled by a module selector. The module selector serves as a user interface or shell representing the top-level or "home" display presented to a user. The module selector presents the user with selection icons for navigating to different applications or modules of functionality. The user interface implements a "single-click" style of button operation, so that users can associate each button with a particular task for a given program context. In addition to the single-click style, "click consistency" is imposed for each button. Generally, the same buttons are used over and over again to perform their respective tasks, even though the user has navigated to different modules of an application, so that the user is presented with a consistent interface or

metaphor which can be easily mastered. The user interface supports in a small form factor device the browser-style navigation that users have become accustomed to on desktop computers (e.g., using Web browsers). More particularly, the interface supports up, down, forward, and backward navigation for allowing a user to "drill down" to "drill across" his or her data. This allows the user to find a data item (link) of interest and then drill down into it. Once at the appropriate level, the user can then easily select the particular item of interest. Further, once the user has selected or entered an item, the system provides the ability for the user to return to "home" with a single button click. In this manner, the present invention provides an interface allowing browser-style navigation in a device having a terse set of input keys.

Inventors: Bodnar; Eric O. (Capitola, CA)

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: August 20, 2001

2 . United States Patent 6,992,580 January 31, 2006

Portable communication device and corresponding method of operation

携帯通信装置およびそれに対応したオペレーション方法

Abstract

A portable communication device (100) includes at least one sensing circuit (101) and a processor (104), and operates in accordance with a corresponding method of operation. The sensing circuit detects (205) either a characteristic of an external environment containing the portable communication device (e.g., a chemical in the air or acceleration of the device) or a characteristic of the portable communication device user (e.g., heart rate or blood sugar content), and generates a signal (207) representative of a feature of the sensed characteristic. The processor receives the signal and initiates an event based at least on the feature of the sensed characteristic as represented by the signal. Events include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following: alerting the device user, transmitting a signal (e.g., an emergency call) to a remote communication device, re-sensing the characteristic or sensing another characteristic, and modifying a setting or profile of the device.

Inventors: Kotzin; Michael D. (Buffalo Grove, IL), Klapman; Matthew H. (Northbrook, IL), Alberth, Jr.; William P. (Crystal Lake, IL)

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: July 25, 2002

3 . United States Patent 7,106,358 September 12, 2006

Method, system and apparatus for telepresence communications

遠隔提示通信向けの方法とシステムと装置

Abstract

An apparatus, system and method for telepresence communications at a virtual location between two or more participants at multiple locations (100, 200). First perspective data descriptive of the perspective of the virtual location environment experienced by a first participant at a first location and feature data extracted from features of a second participant at a second location (210, 220) are processed to generate a first virtual representation of the second participant in the virtual environment from the perspective of the first participant (250). Likewise, second perspective data descriptive of the perspective of the virtual location environment experienced by the second participant and feature data extracted from features of the first participant (230, 240) are processed to generate a second virtual representation of the first participant in the virtual environment from the perspective of the second participant (260). The first and second virtual representations are rendered and then displayed to the first and second participants, respectively (260, 270). The first and second virtual representations are updated and redisplayed to the participants upon a change in one or more of the perspective data and extracted feature data from which they are generated (290, 295). The apparatus, system and method are scalable to two or more participants.

Inventors: Valliath; George T. (Buffalo Grove, IL), Jelley; Kevin W. (LaGrange, IL)

Assignee: Motorola, Inc. (Schaumburg, IL)

Filed: December 30, 2002

2 - 3 . マイクロソフト対バーズ&ノーブルほか

2011年3月21日

・マイクロソフト(Microsoft Corporation)が特許(下掲)侵害で Android ベースの Nook e-reader を販売しているバーズ&ノーブルおよび製造しているフォックスコンほかをワシントン州西連邦地裁および ITC に訴訟した。

Defendants:

Barnes & Noble, Inc. , Barnesandnoble.Com LLC ,

Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd.,

Foxconn International Holdings Ltd., Foxconn Electronics, Inc.,

Foxconn Precision Component Co., Ltd. and

Inventec Corporation (英業達、台湾の OEM 製造会社)

・マイクロソフトは1年以上ライセンス交渉を行ってきたが合意を得られなかったとしている。なおほぼ1年前にはHTCはAndroidがらみでのロイヤルティ支払いに合意している。

・Foxconn はアップルの iPad の製造請負のほかに、Linux ベースのアマゾンの Kindle の製造、およびバーンズの Nook の製造も担当している。

1 . United States Patent 5,778,372

July 7, 1998

Remote retrieval and display management of electronic document with incorporated images

組み込まれた画像を伴う電子文書の遠隔取り出しと表示管理

Abstract

A browser remotely retrieves electronic documents from a remote computer network for viewing by a user. For enhancing responsiveness, the browser initially displays an electronic document without a background image so that the electronic document is initially displayed more quickly. The browser also prioritizes downloading of embedded images of the document by their incorporation in the currently visible portion of the electronic document. Further, the browser dynamically creates additional connections for retrieving resources incorporated into the electronic document from the remote computer network.

Inventors: Cordell; John Palmer (Bellevue, WA),

Franklin; Christopher Matthew (Bellevue, WA)

Assignee: Microsoft Corporation (Redmond, WA)

Filed: April 18, 1996

2 . United States Patent 6,339,780

January 15, 2002

Loading status in a hypermedia browser having a limited available display area

利用可能表示領域の制限を有するハイパーメディアブラウザにおける負荷状況

Abstract

Described herein is a portable computer having a limited display area. An Internet or other hypermedia browser executes on the portable computer to load and display content in a content viewing area. During times when the browser is loading content, the browser displays a temporary, animated graphic element over the content viewing area. The graphic element is removed after the content is loaded, allowing unobstructed viewing of the loaded content.

Inventors: Shell; Scott R. (Redmond, WA),

Shields; Kevin Timothy (Redmond, WA), Kitowitz; Anthony (Kirkland, WA)

Assignee: Microsoft Corporation (Redmond, WA)

Filed: May 6, 1997

3 . United States Patent 5,889,522

March 30, 1999

System provided child window controls

子供(用)ウィンドウズ制御が提供されたシステム

Abstract

New varieties of child window controls are provided as system resources that application programs may exploit. The preferred embodiment of the present invention provides a dynamic link library (DLL) for implementing the new child window controls as part of an operating system. The new child window controls include a header bar control for providing header bars in application programs. The new controls also include a hot key control that allows a user to view and edit hot key combinations. The new controls further include a tab control for establishing tabs that differentiate amongst pages in user interfaces provided by application programs. An image list data type is defined and functions are provided for manipulating the image list data type. Image lists include multiple like-sized images that are stored efficiently in a single bitmap.

Inventors: Chew; Chee Heng (Redmond, WA),

Konzen; Neil (Bellevue, WA), Guzak; Christopher J. (Kirkland, WA), Laney; Stuart T. (Seattle, WA), Pitt, III; George H. (Redmond, WA), Ellison-Taylor; Ian M. (Seattle, WA), Gery; Ron O. (Kirkland, WA)

Assignee: Microsoft Corporation (Redmond, WA)

Filed: December 13, 1994

4 . United States Patent 6,891,551

May 10, 2005

Selection handles in editing electronic documents

電子文書を編集する選択ハンドル

Abstract

A computer system and method for highlighting and selecting elements of electronic documents is disclosed. In one embodiment, a selection area identifies an initial selection of data, and one or more selection handles appear on the selection area to allow dynamic resizing of the selection area to select a larger or smaller portion of data or number of items.

Inventors: Keely; Leroy B. (Portola Valley, CA),

Iwema; Marieke (Renton, WA), Cazzanti; Susanne Alysia Clark (Bellevue, WA)

Assignee: Microsoft Corporation (Redmond, WA)

Filed: January 24, 2001

5 . United States Patent 6,957,233

October 18, 2005

Method and apparatus for capturing and rendering annotations for non-modifiable electronic content

変更不可の電子コンテンツへの付記を捕獲および付与する方法と装置

Abstract

A system and method for capturing annotations for a non-modifiable document is disclosed. Once it is determined that an annotation is to be created, the system determines the file position of the selected object. The file position of the selected object is stored along with the created annotation in another file or a non-read only portion of a file storing the document. Using the file position, the annotation may be properly identified with the selected object without modifying the non-modifiable document.

Inventors: Beezer; John L. (Redmond, WA),

DeMello; Marco A. (Redmond, WA), Dunietz; Jerry J. (Seattle, WA), Keely; Leroy B. (Portola Valley, CA), Madan; Vikram (Bellevue, WA), Silver; David M. (Redmond, WA), Thacker; Charles P. (Palo Alto, CA)

Assignee: Microsoft Corporation (Redmond, WA)

Filed: December 7, 1999

What is claimed is:

1. A computer-implemented method for annotating a system having a display for displaying a page having user selectable objects being intermixed with markup tags, said user selectable objects and said markup tags being stored in a non-modifiable portion of a file, said mark-up tags bounding said user selectable objects in said file, comprising the steps of: receiving user input for a selection of an object of said user selectable objects on the displayed page; receiving user input for providing an annotation associated with said selected object; said annotation being modifiable; determining a position of the selected object in the non-modifiable portion of the file regardless of said markup tags bounding said selected object; storing the position and the annotation separately from the non-modifiable portion of the file; and providing a portion of said display configured for navigating to the previously selected object based on said position, when said annotation is subsequently selected.

公開特許公報(A)

公開特開2009 - 80825(平成21年4月16日) 特願2008 - 288200(平成20年11月10日).

修正不可能な電子コンテンツ用の注釈を取り込みかつレンダリングするための方法および装置

マイクロソフト コーポレーション

請求項1

ユーザが選択可能な複数のオブジェクトを有するページを表示するためのディスプレイデバイス、コンピュータ、入力デバイスおよび記憶デバイスを有する文書処理システムにおいて注釈を付けるためのコンピュータ実施方法であって、前記ユーザが前記ディスプレイデバイスの表示画面上で選択可能なオブジェクトにはマークアップタグが混在し、前記ユーザが選択可能な複数のオブジェクトおよび前記マークアップタグはファイルの修正不可能な部分に格納されており、前記マークアップタグにより前記ファイルの中の前記ユーザが選択可能な複数のオブジェクトを区切り、前記コンピュータは、

表示された前記ページ上のユーザが選択可能な複数のオブジェクトの内の1つのオブジェクトについての選択に関するユーザ入力を前記入力デバイスから受け取るステップと、

選択の前記オブジェクトに関する注釈を提供するためのユーザ入力を前記入力デバイスから受け取るステップと、なお、ここで、前記注釈は修正可能であり、

前記選択のオブジェクトを区切る前記マークアップタグを考慮せずに、前記ページ上の最初のオブジェクトの最初のバイトを参照して、前記ファイルの修正不可能な部分内の前記1つのオブジェクトの位置を決定するステップと、

前記位置および前記注釈を前記ファイルの修正不可能な部分とは別個の、前記ファイルの修正可能な部分の中に前記記憶デバイス上で格納するステップと、

その後、前記注釈が選択された時に、前記表示画面上の表示を前記位置に基づいて前に選択されたオブジェクトにナビゲートするステップと

を実行することを特徴とするコンピュータ実施方法。

2011年4月25日

・バーンズ&ノーブルが反論書を裁判所に提出した。

2 - 4 . マイクロソフト対オープンソース利用者

2011年6月27日

・Android がマイクロソフトの特許を侵害している部分があることに合意し、マイクロソフトからライセンスを受ける(ロイヤルティを払う)ことに合意契約した企業はこれまでに5社ある。

・報道によれば、マイクロソフトはAndroid搭載の端末メーカーに対し1台当たり\$7.5から\$12.5のロイヤルティを要求しているという。

・なお、2007年5月の時点でマイクロソフトは、オープンソース世界はMSの保有する約200件の特許を侵害している旨の談話を発表している。オープンソース世界への攻撃はまずAndroidから始めているとも観察される。

HTC * Android スマートフォン1台販売あたり5ドルを MS に払う契約
General Dynamics Itronix

Onkyo Corp. * Android タブレットの製造
Velocity Micro * Android タブレットの製造

Amazon

2010年2月22日、アマゾンマイクロソフトと広範囲にわたるクロスライセンス協定を結んだ。この中には Android ベースの Kindle およびアマゾンの Linux ベースのサーバに関するものも含まれている。

・2011年7月6日付けの CNET によれば、マイクロソフトはサムスンに対し、\$15 のロイヤルティを請求して交渉中とのことである。

2011年7月5日

・マイクロソフトは台湾の OEM 製造企業 Wistron とライセンス契約を結んだと発表した。

3. オラクル対グーグル

2010年8月12日

・オラクル(Oracle)がアンドロイド(Android) OS は7件の特許を侵害しているとしてグーグルをカリフォルニア北地区連邦地裁(U.S. District Court for Northern District of California at San Francisco)に訴訟した。これらの特許はJAV A関連のものであり、サンマイクロの買収によってオラクルの所有となったものである。

1. United States Patent 6,125,447 September 26, 2000

Protection domains to provide security in a computer system

コンピュータシステムにおいてセキュリティを提供する保護領域

Abstract

A method and apparatus are provided for maintaining and enforcing security rules using protection domains. As new code arrives at a computer, a determination is assigned to a protection domain based on the source from which the code is received.

Inventors: Gong; Li (Menlo Park, CA)

Assignee: Sun Microsystems, Inc. (Mountain View, CA)

Filed: December 11, 1997

2. United States Patent 6,192,476 February 20, 2001

Controlling access to a resource

リソースへのコントロールされたアクセス

Abstract

A method and system are provided for determining whether a principal (e.g. a thread)

may access a particular resource.

Inventors: Gong; Li (Menlo Park, CA)

Assignee: Sun Microsystems, Inc. (Mountain View, CA)

Filed: December 11, 1997

3. United States Patent 5,966,702

October 12, 1999

Method and apparatus for pre-processing and packaging class files

クラスファイルのプリプロセスとパッケージを行うための方法と装置

Abstract

A method and apparatus for pre-processing and packaging class files. Embodiments remove duplicate information elements from a set of class files to reduce the size of individual class files and to prevent redundant resolution of the information elements.

Inventors: Fresko; Nedim (San Francisco, CA),

Assignee: Sun Microsystems, Inc. (Palo Alto, CA)

Filed: October 31, 1997

We claim:

1. A method of pre-processing class files comprising:

determining plurality of duplicated elements in a plurality of class files;

forming a shared table comprising said plurality of duplicated elements;

removing said duplicated elements from said plurality of class files to obtain a plurality of reduced class files; and

forming a multi-class file comprising said plurality of reduced class files and said shared table.

公開特許公報(A)

特開2000 - 29706(平成12年1月28日) 特願平10 - 346523(平成10年10月29日).

クラスファイルのプリプロセッシング及びパッケージングのための方法及び装置

サン マイクロシステムズ インコーポレーテッド

請求項1

複数のクラスファイルにおける複数の複写された要素を決定するステップ;前記複数の複写された要素を含む共用テーブルを形成するステップ;前記複数のクラスファイルから前記複写された要素を除去して、複数の縮小クラスファイルを得るステップ;前記複数の縮小クラスファイルと前記共用テーブルを含むマルチクラスファイルを構成するステップ;から成るクラスファイルのプリプロセッシングのための方法。

4. United States Patent 7,426,720

September 16, 2008

System and method for dynamic preloading of classes through memory space cloning of a

master runtime system process

マスターランタイムシステムプロセスのメモリ空間クローンを通してクラスの動的なプレローディングを行うシステムと方法

Abstract

A system and method for dynamic preloading of classes through memory space cloning of a master runtime system process is presented. A master runtime system process is executed. A representation of at least one class is obtained from a source definition provided as object-oriented program code.

Inventors: Fresko; Nedim (San Francisco, CA)

Assignee: Sun Microsystems, Inc. (Santa Clara, CA)

Filed: December 22, 2003

5. United States Patent RE38,104

April 29, 2003

Method and apparatus for resolving data references in generated code

生成されたコードにおいてデータ参照を解決する方法と装置

Abstract

A hybrid compiler-interpreter comprising a compiler for "compiling" source program code, and an interpreter for interpreting the "compiled" code, is provided to a computer system. The compiler comprises a code generator that generates code in intermediate form with data references made on a symbolic basis.

Inventors: Gosling; James (Redwood City, CA)

Assignee: Sun Microsystems, Inc. (Palo Alto, CA)

Filed: March 3, 1999

What is claimed is: .].

1. In a computer system comprising a program in source code form, a method for generating executable code for said program and resolving data references in said generated code, said method comprising the steps of: a) generating executable code in intermediate form for said program in source code form with data references being made in said generated code on a symbolic basis, said generated code comprising a plurality of instructions of said computer system; b) interpreting said instructions, one at a time, in accordance to a program execution control; c) resolving said symbolic references to corresponding numeric references, replacing said symbolic references with their corresponding numeric references, and continuing interpretation without advancing program execution, as said symbolic references are encountered while said instructions are being interpreted; and d) obtaining data in accordance to said numeric references, and continuing interpretation after advancing program execution, as said numeric references are encountered while said instruction are being interpreted; said

steps b) through d) being performed iteratively and interleaving..]. .[.

公開特許公報(A)

特開平6 - 230976(平成6年8月19日) 特願平5 - 339905(平成5年12月7日).

参照をリゾルブする方法および装置

サン・マイクロシステムズ・インコーポレーテッド

請求項1

ソース・コード形式のプログラムを備えるコンピュータ装置において、下記の過程を備え、かつ過程b) ~ d)を繰り返し、かつインターリーブ的に実行する、前記プログラムのための実行可能なコードを発生し、その発生されたコード中のデータ参照をリゾルブする方法。a)ソース・コード形式の前記プログラムのための実行可能なコードを中間形式で発生する過程であって、データ参照は前記発生されたコード中でシンボルを基にして行われ、前記発生されたコードは前記コンピュータ装置の複数の命令を備えている、中間形式で発生する過程。b)プログラム実行制御に従って、前記命令を1度に1つずつ解釈する過程。c)前記シンボル参照を対応する数値参照へリゾルブさせ、前記シンボル参照を対応する数値参照で置き換え、前記命令が解釈されている間に、前記シンボル参照に遭遇するにつれて、プログラム実行を進ませることなしに解釈を続行する過程。d)前記数値参照に従ってデータを得、前記命令が解釈されている間に、前記数値参照に遭遇するにつれて、プログラム実行を進ませた後で解釈を続行する過程。

6. United States Patent 6,910,205

June 21, 2005

Interpreting functions utilizing a hybrid of virtual and native machine instructions

バーチャルと機械本来の命令のハイブリッドを利用しての通訳(インタープリート)機能

Abstract

Systems and methods for increasing the execution speed of virtual machine instructions for a function are provided. A portion of the virtual machine instructions of the function are compiled into native machine instructions so that the function includes both virtual and native machine instructions.

Inventors: Bak; Lars (Palo Alto, CA), Griesemer; Robert (Menlo Park, CA)

Assignee: Sun Microsystems, Inc. (Santa Clara, CA)

Filed: July 12, 2002

7. United States Patent 6,061,520

July 9, 2000

Method and system for performing static initialization

静力学的イニシャライズを遂行する方法とシステム

Abstract

The disclosed system represents an improvement over conventional systems for initializing static arrays by reducing the amount of code executed by the virtual

machine to statically initialize an array. To realize this reduction, when consolidating class files, the preloader identifies all <clinit> methods and play executes these methods to determine the static initialization performed by them.

Inventors: Yellin; Frank (Redwood City, CA), Tuck;

Assignee: Sun Microsystems, Inc. (Palo Alto, CA)

Filed: April 7, 1998

What is claimed is:

1. A method in a data processing system for statically initializing an array, comprising the steps of:

compiling source code containing the array with static values to generate a class file with a clinit method containing byte codes to statically initialize the array to the static values;

receiving the class file into a preloader;

simulating execution of the byte codes of the clinit method against a memory without executing the byte codes to identify the static initialization of the array by the preloader;

storing into an output file an instruction requesting the static initialization of the array; and

interpreting the instruction by a virtual machine to perform the static initialization of the array.

特許公報(B2)

発行日平成23年6月15日 特許第4699580号(平成23年3月11日)

特願平11 - 98306(平成11年4月6日).

データ処理システムの配列の静的初期化方法、データ処理方法、並びにデータ処理システム及びその制御手順をコンピュータに実行させるプログラムを記憶したコンピュータ読み取り可能な記憶媒体

オラクル・アメリカ・インコーポレーテッド

請求項1

コンパイラとプリローダと仮想マシンが格納されたメモリと該メモリに格納されたコンパイラとプリローダと仮想マシンを起動するプロセッサを備えたデータ処理装置によって配列の静的初期化を行う配列の静的初期化方法であって、

配列の静的初期化により当該配列を静的値とするバイトコードを保存する特別メソッド付きのクラスファイルを生成するために、前記プロセッサが前記コンパイラを起動して当該静的配列を保存するソースコードをコンパイルするコンパイル工程と、

前記プロセッサが前記コンパイラを起動することにより送信された前記バイトコードを保存する特別メソッド付きのクラスファイルを、前記プロセッサが前記プリローダを起動することにより送信され

た場所から受信する受信工程と、
前記プロセッサが前記仮想マシンを起動することにより前記特別メソッドが実行されたとした場合
になされる前記配列の静的初期化を識別するために、前記プロセッサが前記仮想マシンを起動
して前記バイトコードを実行することなく、前記プロセッサが前記メモリ上の前記プリローダを起動
することにより、
前記クラスファイルから前記特別メソッドを検索して取得するとともに、前記特別メソッドに関連する
データ構造に対して疑似実行変数を割り当て、割り当てた疑似実行変数を前記特別メソッドのバ
イトコードに基づいて操作して前記特別メソッドのバイトコードを疑似実行する疑似実行工程と、
前記疑似実行の結果に基づいて前記プロセッサが前記仮想マシンを起動して前記配列の静的
初期化を実現するための命令であって前記バイトコードより短い命令を生成するとともに前記バ
イトコードと置き換えて前記クラスファイルに保存する保存工程と、
前記配列の静的初期化を行うために前記プロセッサが前記仮想マシンを起動することにより前記
出力ファイルに保存された前記命令の表現を解釈する解釈工程とを備えたことを特徴とする配列
の静的初期化方法。

2010年 月

・オラクルが訴状の修正版を提出した。

2010年11月

・オラクルは、Android の API パッケージのおよそ3分の1は著作権で保護されたオ
ラクルの Java API パッケージ (copyrighted Java API) の派生物 (derivative) であ
ると裁判所で申し立てた。

* Java はオープンソースであるが、何もかもがオープンではない。例えば Java
TCK (Technology Compatibility Kits) が携帯端末上で使われることをオラクルは
認めていない。

2011年1月

・オラクルから訴訟されて5ヶ月近くになるが、グーグルはオラクルに対する反論
(counter claim) あるいは反訴訟 (counter sue) を提示できないでいる。

2011年1月

・アンドロイドはオラクル (サンマイクロ) の Java コードを著作権侵害 (copyright
infringement) している可能性が高いとの評価が業界で出ている。

2011年2月

・スイスのミリヤードグループ (M) がオラクルをデラウェア連邦地裁に訴訟した。

2011年2月2日

・オラクルの侵害申し立ては十分に特定化されていない旨、グーグルが裁判所に申し立てた。

2011年2月7日

・オラクルがグーグルの申し立てに反論するメモランダムを裁判所に提出した。

2011年2月17日

・グーグルが米国特許庁に対しオラクルの4件の特許(いずれも侵害訴訟中7件の内)の再審査を請求した:5966702, 6061520, 6125447, RE38104。

2011年2月23日

・オラクルは裁判所へのレターの中で、著作権で保護されている Java ファイルの内少なくとも8個の Android ファイルはオラクルのオブジェクトコードをデコンパイルしたものであると述べており、著作権侵害の申し立てを拡大している。

2011年4月29日

・担当のアルサップ判事()が4件の特許のクレームコンストラクション(claim construction)を命じた。これは両者間で食い違っているクレームの定義を調整するものである。

2011年5月18日

・オラクルとグーグル両社は10月31日から陪審員裁判(3週間の予定)を開くことに合意した。

2011年6月25日

・裁判所に提出されて文書から、オラクルが主張する損害賠償額は14億ドルから61億ドルの間であるとされている。また、オラクルはグーグルがアンドロイド端末から得られる広告収入の20%をロイヤルティとして要求しているらしい。

2011年6月28日

・請求している損害賠償額は26億ドルであるとオラクルは裁判所に提出した文章の中で述べている。また、この中にはアンドロイド携帯電話の広告収入の10%から15%(2008年から裁判の終わりまでの期間での)も含まれているとされている。

2011年7月8日

・オラクルはアンドロイドベースのスマートフォン他携帯端末メーカーに対し、1台当た

り \$ 15 から \$ 20 のロイヤルティを請求しているとドイツ銀行のアナリストの話として CNET が報じている。現在までのところ、支払いに合意したメーカーは出ていないとのことである。

2011年7月14日

・オラクルはグーグルの創設者であり現 CEO のラリー・ページ (Larry Page) を証人として喚問することを裁判所に要求した。

2011年7月21日

・USPTO は7件のオラクル特許のうち、6061520のクレームについては有効であるとの見解を示した。

・6125447の24個のクレームはすべて先行技術があり無効であるとの予備審査結果も出ている。

・6192476は問題ありとされている。

2011年7月

秋に予定されている裁判を簡潔にするためとして裁判所から侵害対象クレームの数を減らせ殿要求に応じて、オラクルは元々132件(特許7件)のクレームを50件に絞り込んだ。この中からさらに21件に絞り込むところまでオラクルは合意している。

2011年7月21日

4. その他アンドロイド携帯端末関連の訴訟

【目次】

01 . StreetSpace vs. Google, Admob

02 . Skyhook Wireless vs. Google

03 . Tierravision vs. Google, Microsoft, RIM

04 . Microunity Systems Engineering vs. Motorola, Samsung, HTC, Google,

05 . eBay vs. Google

06 . NTP vs. Google, LG, Motorola, HTC

07 . Interval Licensing vs. Google and others

08 . Wireless Recognition Technologies vs. A9.com, Amazon

09 . Gemalto vs. Google, Samsung, Motorola, HTC

10 . Vertical Computer Systems vs. Samsung, LG

11 . St.Clair IP Consultants vs. Apple, HTC

- 12 . Helferich Patent Licensing vs. Huawei
- 13 . Multimedia Patent Trust(Alcatel-Lucent) vs. Apple, LG, Canon, TiVo
- 14 . Hybrid Audio vs. HTC, Dell and others
- 15 . Hopewell Culture & Design vs. Motorola, Samsung, HTC, LG, Nokia
- 16 . Summit 6 vs. RIM, Samsung, Facebook
- 17 . Illinois Computer vs. Google
- 18 . H-W Technologies vs.

4 - 1 . ストリートスペース

2010年 8月23日

・インターネットキオスクのメーカーであり、また無線機器のメーカーであるエンベッドワイアレスラボ (Embedded Wireless Labs) の子会社であるストリートスペース (*StreetSpace*) がモバイル広告技術に関する特許 (* 下掲) が侵害されているとして、グーグル他をカリフォルニア南連邦地裁に訴訟した。

Defendants:

Google, Inc.,

Admob, Inc,

Apple, Inc.,

Quattro Wireless, Inc,

Nokia Corporation, Nokia Inc,

Navteq Corporation,

Millennial Media, Inc,

Jumtap, Inc and DOES

1 . United States Patent 6,847,969

January 25, 2005

Method and system for providing personalized online services and advertisements in public spaces

個別化されたオンラインサービスと公共スペースでの広告を提供する方法とシステム

Abstract

A method and system for providing, personalized and integrated online services for communications and commercial transactions both in private and public venues. The invention provides personalized information that is conveniently accessible through a network of public access stations (or terminals) which are enabled by a personal system access card (e.g., smart card).

Inventors: Mathai; Tom J. (San Francisco, CA),

Assignee: StreetSpace, Inc. (Torrance, CA)

Filed: March 6, 2002

4 - 2 . スカイフック

2010年9月15日

・無線LAN(WLAN/Wi-Fi)を利用して携帯電話での位置を割り出す方法に関する特許(*下掲)が侵害されているとして、ボストンのスカイフック(*Skyhook*)がグーグルをマサチューセッツ連邦地裁に訴訟した。

1 . United States Patent 7,471,954

December 30, 2008

Methods and systems for estimating a user position in a WLAN positioning system based on user assigned access point locations

ユーザに割り当てられたアクセスポイント位置に基づく無線LAN位置決めシステムにおいてユーザの位置を推定する方法とシステム

Abstract

A method of estimating a location of a WLAN-enabled user-device in a WLAN-based positioning system is provided. The WLAN-enabled device receives signals transmitted by WLAN-enabled access points in range of the WLAN-enabled user-device so that observed WLAN-enabled access points identify themselves.

Inventors: Brachet; Nicolas (Chestnut Hill, MA),

Assignee: Skyhook Wireless, Inc. (Boston, MA)

Filed: February 23, 2007

2 . United States Patent 7,305,245

December 4, 2007

Location-based services that choose location algorithms based on number of detected access points within range of user device

ユーザの装置の領域内において検地されたアクセスポイントの数に基づく位置アルゴリズムを選ぶ位置ベースのサービス

Abstract

A location beacon database and server, method of building location beacon database, and location based service using same. Wi-Fi access points are located in a target geographical area to build a reference database of locations of Wi-Fi access points. At least one vehicle is deployed including at least one scanning device having a GPS device and a Wi-Fi radio device and including a Wi-Fi antenna system. The target area is traversed in a programmatic route to avoid arterial bias. The programmatic route includes substantially all drivable streets in the target geographical area and solves an

Eulerian cycle problem of a graph represented by said drivable streets. While traversing the target area, periodically receive the GPS coordinates of the GPS device. While traversing the target area, detecting Wi-Fi signals from Wi-Fi access points in range of the Wi-Fi device and recording identity information of the detected Wi-Fi access point in conjunction with GPS location information of the vehicle when the detection of the Wi-Fi access point was made. The location information is used to reverse triangulate the position of the detected Wi-Fi access point; and the position of the detected access point is recorded in a reference database.

Inventors: Alizadeh-Shabdiz; Farshid (Wayland, MA), Jones; Russel Kipp (Roswell, GA), Morgan; Edward James (Needham, MA), Shean; Michael George (Boston, MA)

Assignee: Skyhook Wireless, Inc. (Boston, MA)

Filed: October 28, 2005

3 . United States Patent 7,433,694

October 7, 2008

Location beacon database

位置ビーコンデータベース

Abstract

A location beacon database and server, method of building location beacon database, and location based service using same. Wi-Fi access points are located in a target geographical area to build a reference database of locations of Wi-Fi access points. At least one vehicle is deployed including at least one scanning device having a GPS device and a Wi-Fi radio device and including a Wi-Fi antenna system. The target area is traversed in a programmatic route to avoid arterial bias. The programmatic route includes substantially all drivable streets in the target geographical area and solves an Eulerian cycle problem of a graph represented by said drivable streets. While traversing the target area, periodically receive the GPS coordinates of the GPS device. While traversing the target area, detecting Wi-Fi signals from Wi-Fi access points in range of the Wi-Fi device and recording identity information of the detected Wi-Fi access point in conjunction with GPS location information of the vehicle when the detection of the Wi-Fi access point was made. The location information is used to reverse triangulate the position of the detected Wi-Fi access point; and the position of the detected access point is recorded in a reference database. A user-device having a Wi-Fi radio may be located. A reference database of calculated locations of Wi-Fi access points in a target area is provided.

Inventors: Morgan; Edward James (Needham, MA), Alizadeh-Shabdiz; Farshid (Wayland, MA), Jones; Russel Kipp (Roswell, GA), Shean; Michael George (Boston, MA)

Assignee: Skyhook Wireless, Inc. (Boston, MA)

Filed: October 28, 2005

4 . United States Patent 7,474,897

January 6, 2009

Continuous data optimization by filtering and positioning systems

システムをフィルタに通し位置決めすることでの継続的データ最適化

Abstract

Methods and systems of continuously optimizing data in WiFi positioning systems. A location-based services system for WiFi-enabled devices calculates the position of WiFi-enabled devices. A WiFi-enabled device communicates with WiFi access points within range of the WiFi-enabled device so that observed WiFi access points identify themselves. A reference database is accessed to obtain information specifying a recorded location for each observed WiFi access point. The recorded location information for each of the observed WiFi access points is used in conjunction with predefined rules to determine whether an observed WiFi access point should be included or excluded from a set of WiFi access points. The recorded location information of only the WiFi access points included in the set are used and the recorded location information of the excluded WiFi access points are excluded when calculating the geographical position of the WiFi-enabled device.

Inventors: Morgan; Edward J. (Needham, MA), Shean; Michael G. (Boston, MA), Alizadeh-Shabdiz; Farshid (Wayland, MA), Jones; Russel K. (Roswell, GA)

Assignee: Skyhook Wireless, Inc. (Boston, MA)

Filed: February 22, 2006

4 - 3 . ティエルラビジョン

2011年3月30日

・ティエルラビジョン (Tierravision Inc.) が特許 (下掲) 侵害でグーグル他をカリフォルニア南連邦地裁 (サンディエゴ) に訴訟した。

Defendants:

Research in Motion Ltd. , Research in Motion Corporation ,

Google Inc. and

Microsoft Corporation

1 . United States Patent RE41,983

December 7, 2010

Method of organizing and compressing spatial data

空間データの組成化と圧縮の方法

Abstract

A method for organizing and compressing spatial data to enable fast, incremental downloads of spatial data over a network. The method comprises multiple steps for segmenting and reducing spatial data, and introduces a location-relevant naming system for storing and accessing the data. Applications installed on remote devices are able to efficiently compute data file names based solely on location information, download the data over a network and cache the data on the device.

Inventors: Wallner; Alfred M. (San Diego, CA)

Assignee: Tierravision, Inc. (La Jolla, CA)

Filed: August 25, 2008

4 - 4 . マイクロユニティ

2010年3月16日

・メディアプロセスに関する11件の特許(*下掲)が侵害されているとして、マイクロユニティ・システム・エンジニアリング(*MicroUnity Systems Engineering Inc.*)がグーグル他をテキサス東連邦地裁に訴訟した

Defendants:

Texas Instruments Inc.,

Qualcomm, Inc.,

Samsung Electronics Co LTD, Samsung TeleCommunications America, LLC,

Motorola, Inc.,

Nokia Corporation,

Palm, Inc.,

Acer, Inc.,

HTC Corporation,

Google Inc.,

LG Electronics Inc,

Apple, Inc.,

Cellco Partnership d/b/a Verizon Wireless,

Sprint Nextel Corporation and

AT&T

1. United States Patent 5,737,547

April 7, 1998

System for placing entries of an outstanding processor request into a free pool after the request is accepted by a corresponding peripheral device

対応する周辺装置によって請求が受け入れられた後に顕著なプロセッサ請求のエントリーをフリーなプールの中に配置するシステム

Abstract

A non-blocking load buffer is provided for use in a high-speed microprocessor and memory system. The non-blocking load buffer interfaces a high-speed processor/cache bus, which connects a processor and a cache to the non-blocking load buffer, with a lower speed peripheral bus, which connects to peripheral devices.

Inventors: Zuravleff; William K. (Mountainview, CA),

Assignee: MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc. (Sunnyvale, CA)

Filed: June 7, 1995

2. United States Patent 5,794,061

August 11, 1998

General purpose, multiple precision parallel operation, programmable media processor
汎用の多重プレジジョン並列オペレーションをプログラム化できるメディアプロセッサ

Abstract

A general purpose, programmable media processor for processing and transmitting a media data stream of audio, video, radio, graphics, encryption, authentication, and networking information in real-time. The media processor incorporates an execution unit that maintains substantially peak data throughout of media data streams. The execution unit includes a dynamically partitionable multi-precision arithmetic unit, programmable switch and programmable extended mathematical element.

Inventors: Hansen; Craig (Los Altos, CA),

Assignee: Microunity Systems Engineering, Inc. (Sunnyvale, CA)

Filed: November 22, 1996

3. United States Patent 6,006,318

December 21, 1999

General purpose, dynamic partitioning, programmable media processor
汎用の動的な仕切りを行うプログラム化できるメディアプロセッサ

Abstract

A general purpose, programmable media processor for processing and transmitting a media data stream of audio, video, radio, graphics, encryption, authentication, and networking information in real-time.

Inventors: Hansen; Craig (Los Altos, CA),

Assignee: MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc. (Sunnyvale, CA)

Filed: October 13, 1998

4. United States Patent 6,725,356

April 20, 2004

System with wide operand architecture, and method
広範なオペランドアーキテクチャーを伴ったシステムと方法

Abstract

The present invention provides a system and method for improving the performance of general purpose processors by expanding at least one source operand to a width greater than the width of either the general purpose register or the data path width. In addition, the present invention provides several classes of instructions which cannot be performed efficiently if the operands are limited to the width and accessible number of general purpose registers.

Inventors: Hansen; Craig (Los Altos, CA),

Assignee: MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc. (Sunnyvale, CA)

Filed: August 2, 2001

5. United States Patent 7,216,217 May 8, 2007

Programmable processor with group floating-point operations

グループのフローティングポイントオペレーションを伴ったプログラム化できるプロセサ

Abstract

A programmable processor that comprises a general purpose processor architecture, capable of operation independent of another host processor, having a virtual memory addressing unit, an instruction path and a data path; an external interface; a cache operable to retain data communicated between the external interface and the data path; at least one register file configurable to receive and store data from the data path and to communicate the stored data to the data path; and a multi-precision execution unit coupled to the data path.

Inventors: Hansen; Craig (Los Altos, CA),

Assignee: Microunity Systems Engineering, Inc. (Santa Clara, CA)

Filed: August 25, 2003

6. United States Patent 7,260,708 August 21, 2007

Programmable processor and method for partitioned group shift

仕切られたグループ移動向けのプログラム化できるプロセサと方法

Abstract

A programmable processor and method for improving the performance of processors by incorporating an execution unit operable to decode and execute single instructions specifying both a shift amount and a register containing a plurality of data elements, wherein the execution unit is operable to shift a subfield of each of the plurality of data elements by the shift amount to produce a second plurality of data elements; and

provide the second plurality of data elements as a catenated result.

Inventors: Hansen; Craig (Los Altos, CA),

Assignee: Microunity Systems Engineering, Inc. (Sunnyvale, CA)

Filed: November 13, 2003

7. United States Patent 7,353,367 April 1, 2008

System and software for catenated group shift instruction

カテネート(鎖状結合)されたグループ移動命令に向けたシステムとソフトウェア

Abstract

A programmable processor and method for improving the performance of processors by incorporating an execution unit operable to decode and execute single instructions specifying both a shift amount

Inventors: Hansen; Craig (Los Altos, CA),

Assignee: Microunity Systems Engineering, Inc. (Sunnyvale, CA)

Filed: November 14, 2003

8. United States Patent 7,509,366 March 24, 2009

Multiplier array processing system with enhanced utilization at lower precision

低い精度において強化された利用性を伴った多重化配列プロセスシステム

Abstract

A multiplier array processing system which improves the utilization of the multiplier and adder array for lower-precision arithmetic is described. New instructions are defined which provide for the deployment of additional multiply and add operations as a result of a single instruction, and for the deployment of greater multiply and add operands as the symbol size is decreased.

Inventors: Hansen; Craig C. (Los Altos, CA)

Assignee: Microunity Systems Engineering, Inc. (Sunnyvale, CA)

Filed: April 18, 2003

9. United States Patent 7,653,806 January 26, 2010

Method and apparatus for performing improved group floating-point operations

改良されたグループフローティングポイントオペレーションを遂行する方法と装置

Abstract

Systems and apparatuses are presented relating a programmable processor comprising an execution unit that is operable to decode and execute instructions received from an instruction path and partition data stored in registers in the register file into multiple data elements, the execution unit capable of executing a plurality of

different group floating-point and group integer arithmetic operations

Inventors: Hansen; Craig (Los Altos, CA),

Assignee: Microunity Systems Engineering, Inc. (Sunnyvale, CA)

Filed: October 29, 2007

10. United States Patent 7,660,972 February 9, 2010

Method and software for partitioned floating-point multiply-add operation

仕切られたフローティングポイント多重付加オペレーション向けの方法とソフトウェア

Abstract

A method and software for improving the performance of processors by incorporating an execution unit operable to decode and execute single instructions specifying three registers each containing a plurality of data elements, the execution unit operable to multiply the first and second registers and add the third register to produce a concatenated result containing a plurality of data elements.

Inventors: Hansen; Craig (Los Altos, CA),

Assignee: Microunity Systems Engineering, Inc (Sunnyvale, CA)

Filed: January 16, 2004

11. United States Patent 7,660,973 February 9, 2010

System and apparatus for group data operations

グループデータオペレーションのシステムと装置

Abstract

Systems and apparatuses are presented relating a programmable processor comprising an execution unit that is operable to decode and execute instructions received from an instruction path and partition data stored in registers in the register file into multiple data elements,

Inventors: Hansen; Craig (Los Altos, CA), Moussouris; John (Palo Alto, CA), Massalin; Alexia (San Jose, CA)

Assignee: Microunity Systems Engineering, Inc. (Santa Clara, CA)

Filed: July 27, 2007

2010年6月日

・マイクロユナイティ (*MicroUnity Systems Engineering Inc.*) が同じ被告群と数社を新しく加えて12番目の特許で新たな訴訟を起こした。

Defendant:

Acer Inc. Acer America Corporation

Apple Inc
AT&T Inc AT&T Mobility LLC
Cellco Partnership
Exedeia Inc
Google Inc.
HTC Corporation HTC America Inc.
LG Electronics Inc. LG Electronics Inc. LG Electronics MobileComm USA, Inc.
Motorola Inc.,
Nokia Corporation Nokia Inc. Palm Inc.
Qualcomm Inc.
Samsung Semiconductor Inc. Samsung Telecommunications America LLC Samsung
Electronics Co., Ltd.
Sprint Nextel Corporation
Texas Instruments Inc.

2011年1月27日

・マイクロユニティが特許侵害でアップル他をテキサス東連邦地裁に訴訟した。

Defendant:

Apple Inc.
AT&T Inc. AT&T Mobility LLC
Cellco Partnership
Exedeia Inc
Google Inc.
HTC Corporation HTC America, Inc.
LG Electronics Inc. LG Electronics MobileComm USA, Inc.
Motorola Inc.,
Nokia Corporation Nokia Inc.
Palm Inc.
Qualcomm Inc.
Samsung Electronics Co. LTD., Samsung Semiconductor Inc.
Samsung Telecommunications America LLC
Sprint Spectrum LP
Texas Instruments Inc.

1. United States Patent 6,643,765

November 4, 2003

Programmable processor with group floating point operations

グループフローティングポイントオペレーションを伴ったプログラマブルプロセサ

Abstract

A programmable processor that comprises a general purpose processor architecture, capable of operation independent of another host processor, having a virtual memory addressing unit, an instruction path and a data path; an external interface; a cache operable to retain data communicated between the external interface and the data path; at least one register file configurable to receive and store data from the data path and to communicate the stored data to the data path; and a multi-precision execution unit coupled to the data path. The multi-precision execution unit is configurable to dynamically partition data received from the data path to account for an elemental width of the data and is capable of performing group floating-point operations on multiple operands in partitioned fields of operand registers and returning catenated results. In other embodiments the multi-precision execution unit is additionally configurable to execute group integer and/or group data handling operations.

Inventors: Hansen; Craig (Los Altos, CA), Moussouris; John (Palo Alto, CA)

Assignee: Microunity Systems Engineering, Inc. (Sunnyvale, CA)

Filed: March 24, 2000

4 - 5 . イーベイ

2011年5月26日

イーベイ (eBay) およびその子会社のペイパル (PayPal) がグーグルをカリフォルニア州裁判所に提訴した: これは、グーグルのモバイル支払いの新機能「Google Wallet」はイーベイのトレード秘密 (trade secrets) を盗んだものである、とする。

4 - 6 . NTP

NTP vs. Google, LG, Motorola, HTC

2010年7月8日

2000年

・NTPが数社に特許侵害の警告とライセンス受諾の督促状を送った。

2001年

・バージニアのNTP (NTP Inc.) が8件の特許 (* 下掲) 侵害でブラックベリー (BlackBerry) サービスの提供者であるRIM (Research In Motion) をバージニア東連邦地裁に訴訟した。

1. United States Patent 6,317,592 November 13, 2001

Electronic mail system with RF communications to mobile processors

携帯プロセサへの無線通信を備えた電子メールシステム

Abstract

A system (100) for transmitting information from one of a plurality of originating processors A-N to at least a plurality of destination processors (A-N) which may be transported during operation in accordance with the invention includes at least one gateway switch (14),; a RF information transmission network (302); at least one interface switch (304),

Inventors: Campana, Jr.; Thomas J. (Chicago, IL),

Ponschke; Michael P. (Lockport, IL), Thelen; Gary F. (Palos Park, IL)

Assignee: NTP Incorporated (Annandale, VA)

Filed: December 6, 1999

2. United States Patent 6,067,451 May 23, 2000

Electronic mail system with RF communications to mobile processors

Abstract

A system (100) for transmitting information from one of a plurality of originating processors A-N to at least a plurality of destination processors (A-N)

Inventors: Campana, Jr.; Thomas J. (Chicago, IL),

Ponschke; Michael P. (Lockport, IL), Thelen; Gary F. (Palos Park, IL)

Assignee: NTP Incorporated (Annandale, VA)

Filed: September 28, 1998

3. United States Patent 5,631,946 May 20, 1997

System for transferring information from a RF receiver to a processor under control of a program stored by the processor and method of operation thereof

プロセサに蓄積されたプログラムの制御の下で無線受信器からプロセサへ情報を転送するシステムおよびそこでのオペレーションの方法

Abstract

A method and system of transferring information from a RF receiver to a processor under control of a program stored by the processor is disclosed.

Inventors: Campana, Jr.; Thomas J. (Chicago, IL),

Ponschke; Michael P. (Lockport, IL), Thelen; Gary F. (Palos Park, IL)

Assignee: NTP, Incorporated (Annandale, VA)

Filed: May 16, 1995

4. United States Patent 6,272,190 August 7, 2001
System for wireless transmission and receiving of information and method of operation thereof
無線伝送と情報の受信のシステムおよびそこでのオペレーションの方法
Abstract
The invention is a method of data transmission.
Inventors: Campana, Jr.; Thomas J. (Chicago, IL)
Assignee: NTP Incorporated (Annandale, VA)
Filed: February 10, 1998

5. United States Patent 6,198,783 March 6, 2001
System for wireless serial transmission of encoded information
付号化された情報の無線シリアル伝送システム
Abstract
The present invention provides a method for transmission of serial information over a wireless channel.
Inventors: Campana, Jr.; Thomas J. (Chicago, IL)
Assignee: NTP Incorporated (Annandale, VA)
Filed: May 12, 1998

6. United States Patent 5,751,773 May 12, 1998
System for wireless serial transmission of encoded information
Abstract
The present invention provides reconstruction and resynchronization of wireless serial transmissions which are subject to fading causing erroneous uncorrectable bit errors exceeding the error correction code correction capacity present in frames of digitally encoded data.
Inventors: Campana, Jr.; Thomas J. (Chicago, IL)
Assignee: NTP Incorporated (Annandale, VA)
Filed: February 7, 1995

7. United States Patent 5,745,532 April 28, 1998
System for wireless transmission and receiving of information and method of operation thereof
Abstract
A system and method is disclosed for wireless transmission of information which is subject to fading by using a RF carrier modulated with a subcarrier modulated with

the information.

Inventors: Campana, Jr.; Thomas J. (Chicago, IL)

Assignee: NTP Incorporated (Annandale, VA)

Filed: June 2, 1995

8. United States Patent 5,438,611 August 1, 1995

Electronic mail system with RF communications to mobile processors originating from outside of the electronic mail system and method of operation thereof

電子メールシステムの外部で生成する携帯プロセッサへの無線通信を備えた電子メールシステムおよびそこでのオペレーションの方法

Abstract

A system for transmitting originated information from one of a plurality of originating processors in an electronic mail system to at least one of a plurality of destination processors in an electronic mail system in accordance with the invention includes

Inventors: Campana, Jr.; Thomas J. (Chicago, IL),

Ponschke; Michael P. (Lockport, IL), Thelen; Gary F. (Palos Park, IL)

Assignee: NTP Incorporated (Annandale, VA)

Filed: May 23, 1994

2002年

・NTPが連邦地裁で勝訴した。

2004年12月

・CAFC (Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit) も地裁の判決を支持したが連邦地裁による販売差止めは保留され差し戻された。

2005年3月

・RIMはNTPに対し合計\$450M(約450億円)を支払い全面的なライセンスを受けることに合意したと発表した。

2005年6月

・3月の合意は破綻し裁判が再開された。

2005年6月

・RIMからの再審査請求を受けて(2002年から2005年にかけて12件の再審査請求をRIMは出している)米国特許庁が再審査を行ってきたが、8件の特許の内7件の特許性に疑いがあるとの内部情報が外に流れた。

2005年11月

・米国司法省が、連邦職員の多くがブラックベリーのユーザであるから販売停止が実施されないようにとの勧告状を発行した。2006年2月には国防省もブラックベリーのサービスが停止されると連邦職員の仕事が止まることを懸念する勧告状を出した。

2006年2月

・バージニア地裁判事が2002年の陪審員評決に基づいて販売差止めの判決を強行するとの通知を出した。

2006年3月

・RIMがNTPに\$612.5M(約612億円)を支払うことで最終的に和解に至った。

2006年11月

・NTPが特許侵害でパーム(Palm Inc.)をバージニア東連邦地裁に訴訟した。

2007年9月

・NTPが特許侵害でAT&T、スプリント(Sprint Nextel)、Tモバイル(T-Mobile)、ベリゾン(Verizon Wireless)を訴訟した。

2009年12月

・NTPの発表によれば、米国特許庁のボード(BPAI: Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences)は4件の特許の合計67クレームは有効でありその内3クレームがRIM製品・サービスで侵害されると判定された、とのことである。

2010年7月

・NTPが、同じ無線Eメール特許の侵害で、今度はマイクロソフト、グーグル、アップル、HTC、LG電子、モトローラを訴訟した。

4 - 7 . インターバル・ライセンス

2010年8月27日

・マイクロソフトの共同創業者であるポール・アレン(Paul Allen)氏の会社インターバルライセンス(Interval Licensing LLC)がユーザインターフェースに関する4件の特許(*下掲)侵害でグーグル他をワシントン西連邦地裁に訴訟した。

Defendants

Office Depot

Google

Yahoo!

Netflix

Officemax

YouTube

Staples

eBay

Facebook

AOL

1. United States Patent 6,034,652 March 7, 2000

Attention manager for occupying the peripheral attention of a person in the vicinity of a display device

表示装置の近くに居る人の周辺注意を占めるアテンション(注目)マネージャ

Abstract

An attention manager presents information to a person in the vicinity of a display device in a manner that engages at least the peripheral attention of the person. The information is embodied by one or more sets of content data (e.g., video or audio data). Each set of content data is formulated by a content provider and made available for use by content display systems.

Inventors: Freiburger; Paul A. (San Mateo, CA),

Assignee: Interval Research Corporation (Palo Alto, CA)

Filed: March 22, 1996

2. United States Patent 6,788,314 September 7, 2004

Attention manager for occupying the peripheral attention of a person in the vicinity of a display device

表示装置の近くに居る人の周辺注意を占めるアテンション(注目)マネージャ

Abstract

An attention manager presents information to a person in the vicinity of a display device in a manner that engages at least the peripheral attention of the person. The information is embodied by one or more sets of content data (e.g., video or audio data). Each set of content data is formulated by a content provider and made available for use by content display systems.

Inventors: Freiburger; Paul A. (San Mateo, CA),

Assignee: Interval Research Corporation (Palo Alto, CA)

Filed: March 20, 2000

3. United States Patent 6,263,507 July 17, 2001

Browser for use in navigating a body of information, with particular application to browsing information represented by audiovisual data

オーディオビジュアルデータで表されているブラウザ情報への特定のアプリケーションを伴った情報のかたまりをナビゲートするのに使われるブラウザ

Abstract

The invention facilitates and enhances review of a body of information (that can be represented by a set of audio data, video data, text data or some combination of the three), enabling the body of information to be quickly reviewed to obtain an overview of the content of the body of information and allowing flexibility in the manner in which the body of information is reviewed.

Inventors: Ahmad; Subutai (Palo Alto, CA),

Assignee: Interval Research Corporation (Palo Alto, CA)

Filed: December 5, 1996

4. United States Patent 6,757,682 June 29, 2004

Alerting users to items of current interest

現在興味あるアイテムにユーザの注意を向けさせる

Abstract

Disseminating to a participant an indication that an item accessible by the participant via a network is of current interest is disclosed. An indication that the item is of current interest is received in real time. The indication is processed. The participant is informed that the item is of current interest.

Inventors: Naimark; Michael (San Francisco, CA),

Assignee: Interval Research Corporation (Palo Alto, CA)

Filed: September 7, 2000

4 - 8 . ワイヤレス・リコグニション

2010年9月14日

・ワイヤレス・リコグニション (Wireless Recognition Technologies LLC) が特許 (下掲) 侵害でグーグル他をテキサス東連邦地裁に訴訟した。

Defendants:

A9.com

Nokia

Google

Amazon

Ricoh Innovations

1 . United States Patent 7,392,287

June 24, 2008

Method and apparatus for sharing information using a handheld device

携帯装置を用いて情報を共有するための方法と装置

Abstract

A method and apparatus for sending information to a data processing apparatus for identifying a document to share with a recipient. A handheld device is capable of communicating with the data processing apparatus. Information is captured from the document and stored in the handheld device as document data. A communications path is established between the handheld device and the data processing apparatus. The document data is sent to the data processing apparatus through the communications path. Reference documents are provided. Each reference document has reference data stored in a memory. At least a portion of the received document data is extracted as scanning data. The reference data is retrieved from the memory. The scanning data is compared with the reference data. When the scanning data matches at least a portion of the reference data of one of the reference documents, the one reference document is selected as the identified document for forwarding to the recipient.

Inventors: Ratcliff, III; Raymond F. (Plano, TX)

Assignee: Hemisphere II Investment LP (Palm Beach, FL)

Filed: March 27, 2001

4 - 9 . ジェマルト

2010年10月22日

・デジタルセキュリティのリーディングカンパニーであるオランダのジェマルト (Gemalto S.A.) がグーグル他を特許 (下掲) 侵害でテキサス東連邦地裁に訴訟した。

Defendants:

HTC Corporation, HTC America Inc.,

Exedeia, Inc.,

Samsung Electronics Co., LTD.,

Samsung Telecommunications America LLC,

Motorola, Inc. and

Google Inc.

1. United States Patent 6,308,317

October 23, 2001

Using a high level programming language with a microcontroller

マイクロコントローラを伴っての高度レベルのプログラム言語を用いる

Abstract

An integrated circuit card is used with a terminal. The integrated circuit card includes a memory that stores an interpreter and an application that has a high level programming language format. A processor of the card is configured to use the interpreter to interpret the application for execution and to use a communicator of the card to communicate with the terminal.

Inventors: Wilkinson; Timothy J. (London, GB), Guthery; Scott B. (Belmont, MA), Krishna; Ksheerabधि (Cedar Park, TX), Montgomery; Michael A. (Cedar Park, TX)

Assignee: Schlumberger Technologies, Inc. (Austin, TX)

Filed: October 24, 1997

2. United States Patent 7,117,485

October 3, 2006

Using a high level programming language with a microcontroller

マイクロコントローラを伴っての高度レベルのプログラム言語を用いる

Abstract

An integrated circuit card is used with a terminal. The integrated circuit card includes a memory that stores an interpreter and an application that has a high level programming language format. A processor of the card is configured to use the interpreter to interpret the application for execution and to use a communicator of the card to communicate with the terminal.

Inventors: Wilkinson; Timothy J. (London, GB), Guthery; Scott B. (Belmont, MA), Krishna; Ksheerabधि (Cedar Park, TX), Montgomery; Michael A. (Cedar Park, TX)

Assignee: Axalto SA (Montrouge, FR)

Filed: October 23, 2001

3. United States Patent 7,818,727

October 19, 2010

Using a high level programming language with a microcontroller

マイクロコントローラを伴っての高度レベルのプログラム言語を用いる

Abstract

An integrated circuit card is used with a terminal. The integrated circuit card includes a memory that stores an interpreter and an application that has a high level programming language format. A processor of the card is configured to use the interpreter to interpret the application for execution and to use a communicator of the

card to communicate with the terminal.

Inventors: Wilkinson; Timothy J. (London, GB), Guthery; Scott B. (Belmont, MA), Krishna; Ksheerabdhhi (Cedar Park, TX), Montgomery; Michael A. (Cedar Park, TX)

Assignee: Gemalto Inc. (Austin, TX)

Filed: September 29, 2006

4 - 10 . パーティカルコンピュータ

2010年11月15日

・パーティカルコンピュータ Vertical Computer Systems, Inc.が特許(下掲)侵害でサムスン他をテキサス東連邦地裁に訴訟した。

訴状の一部によれば、サムスンのアンドロイド携帯電話(少なくとも4機種)およびギャラクシータブレットが特許侵害しているとされている。

Defendants:

Interwoven, Inc.,

LG Electronics Inc., LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.,

Samsung Electronics America, Inc., Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

1 . United States Patent 6,826,744

November 30, 2004

System and method for generating web sites in an arbitrary object framework

任意のオブジェクトフレームワークにおいてウェブサイトを生成するシステムと方法

Abstract

A system and method for generating computer applications in an arbitrary object framework. The method separates content, form, and function of the computer application so that each may be accessed or modified separately. The method includes creating arbitrary objects, managing the arbitrary objects throughout their life cycle in an object library, and deploying the arbitrary objects in a design framework for use in complex computer applications.

Inventors: McAuley; Aubrey (Austin, TX)

Assignee: Vertical Computer Systems, Inc. (Austin, TX)

Filed: October 1, 1999

2 . United States Patent 7,716,629

May 11, 2010

System and method for generating web sites in an arbitrary object framework

任意のオブジェクトフレームワークにおいてウェブサイトを生成するシステムと方法

Abstract

A method and system for generating a computer application is disclosed. The computer application is generated on a host system in an arbitrary object framework that separates a content of said computer application, a form of said computer application and a functionality of said computer application. Arbitrary objects are created with corresponding arbitrary names of various object types for generating said content of said computer application, said form of said computer application, and said functionality of said computer application. The arbitrary objects are managed in an object library. The arbitrary objects are deployed from said object library into a design framework to create said computer application.

Inventors: McAuley; Aubrey (Austin, TX)

Assignee: Vertical Computer Systems, Inc. (Fort Worth, TX)

Filed: November 29, 2004

4 - 11 . サンクレア

2010年11月16日

・サンクレア(St.Clair IP Consultants) (*トロール)がアップル他を特許(下掲)侵害でデラウェア連邦地裁に訴訟した。

Defendnts:Apple, Research In Motion, HTC, Exedea,

1 . United States Patent 5,630,163

May 13, 1997

Computer having a single bus supporting multiple bus architectures operating with different bus parameters

種々異なるバスパラメータと動作する複数バスアーキテクチャをサポートする単一バスを有するコンピュータ

Abstract

A data processing system including a central processing unit and control circuitry on a single chip connected by a common bus to two or more bus devices having different sets of bus parameters. A first set of bus parameters functions as a memory bus for transfers to and from main memory, a second set of bus parameters functions as an I/O bus for I/O device transfers and a third set of bus parameters functions as a video bus for transfers to a video display. Each set of bus parameters has different timing selected to maximize transfers for the particular bus function (main memory, I/O, video or other) implemented by the bus parameters.

Inventors: Fung; Henry T. (San Jose, CA), Tsang; Siu K. (San Jose, CA),

Mitchell; Phillip M. (Milpitas, CA), Farquhar; Norman P. (San Jose, CA)

Assignee: Vadem Corporation (San Jose, CA)

Filed: May 26, 1995

2 . United States Patent 5,710,929 January 20, 1998

Multi-state power management for computer systems

コンピュータシステム向けの複数状態電力管理

Abstract

A power conservation system for use in a computer system. The power conservation system has an activity monitor and a plurality of modes of operation. By controlling the power mode of operation in response to the activity of the computer system, the power consumption of the computer system is controlled. Coupling of circuit power and clock signals are used to control power consumption and both hardware and software components may separately or together monitor and control operation.

Inventors: Fung; Henry Tat-Sang (San Jose, CA)

Assignee: Vadem Corporation (San Jose, CA)

Filed: June 2, 1995

3 . United States Patent 5,758,175

May 26, 1998

Multi-mode power switching for computer systems

コンピュータシステム向けの複数モード電力切り替え

Abstract

A power conservation system for use in a computer system. The power conservation system has an activity monitor and a plurality of modes of operation. The power conservation system has a power switching unit which couples the power supply to a selected group of the computer system circuits depending upon the power mode of operation. By controlling the power mode in response to the activity of the computer system, the power consumption of the computer system can be controlled.

Inventors: Fung; Henry Tat-Sang (San Jose, CA)

Assignee: Vadem (San Jose, CA)

Filed: December 17, 1996

4 . United States Patent 5,892,959

April 6, 1999

Computer activity monitor providing idle thread and other event sensitive clock and power control

アイドリングスレッドおよびその他のイベントに敏感なクロックと電力制御を提供するコンピュータ活動状況監視

Abstract

A power conservation system for use in a computer system. The power system has an

activity monitor and a plurality of modes of operation. The activity monitor can place the computer system in a reduced power consumption state during periods of low activity without waiting for a period of complete inactivity. By controlling the power mode in response to the activity of the computer system, the power consumption of the computer system can be controlled.

Inventors: Fung; Henry Tat-Sang (San Jose, CA)

Assignee: Vadem (San Jose, CA)

Filed: December 17, 1996

5 . United States Patent 6,079,025

June 20, 2000

System and method of computer operating mode control for power consumption reduction

電力消費削減のためのコンピュータオペレーションモードのシステムと方法

Abstract

An activity sensing power reduction and conservation apparatus, system, and method for a computer system. The computer system has resources including a processor, a memory, and an input/output device, and an operating system for controlling the resources. At least one of the resources can be placed into in any one of three operating modes including a first mode having a first power consumption level, a second mode having a second power consumption level less than the first level, and a third mode having a third level less than the second level. The first mode may be characterized by maintaining clocking of the processor at a first clock frequency, the second mode by clocking the processor at a second clock frequency less than the first frequency or by not maintaining clocking of the processor, and the third mode by maintaining operation of the memory to preserve the integrity of any stored memory contents. During operation of the computer system in the first mode, activity is monitored to detect completion of idle threads executing on the system, and the processor clock is slowed or stopped to at least that one resource in response to the idle thread completion detection. During operation in the second mode where the processor clock is slowed or stopped, a slow or stop resource command is generated to slow or turn off clock signal to at least one of the resources in response to occurrence of a timeout condition indication received from a timer circuit.

Inventors: Fung; Henry Tat-Sang (San Jose, CA)

Assignee: Vadem (San Jose, CA)

Filed: July 23, 1998

6 . United States Patent 5,822,610

October 13, 1998

Mappable functions from single chip/multi-chip processors for computers

コンピュータ用の単一チップあるいは複数チッププロセッサからの諸機能をマッピングする

Abstract

A distributed computer system comprising a plurality of engines where each engine is useable to form a separate, integrated computer system. The distributed computer system is the functional equivalent of the separate, integrated computer system. An engine on a computer chip has mappable I/O pins that provide selective and mappable access to internal chip locations. A mapper is provided on the chip for mapping the I/O pins. One or more chips with mappable pins are employed to form a computer engine.

Inventors: Fung; Henry Tat (San Jose, CA), Mitchell; Phillip Merle (San Jose, CA)

Assignee: Vadem Corporation (San Jose, CA)

Filed: November 22, 1996

4 - 12 . ヘルフェリッチ

2010年11月16日

・ヘルフェリッチ (Helferich Patent Licensing LLC) が特許侵害でヒューウェイ (Huawei Technology) およびヒューチャーウェイ (Futurewei Technology) をイリノイ北連邦地裁に訴訟した。

1 . United States Patent 7,146,157

December 5, 2006

Systems and methods for downloading audio information to a mobile device

携帯装置にオーディオ情報をダウンロードするシステムと方法

Abstract

Devices, systems and processes for accessing and management of voice and other messages. Such devices, systems and processes employ an interface which allows the user to access and manage messages on his or her user device and, furthermore, automatically to access and manage messages on remote devices via radio frequency link. These interfaces may present users with intuitive and direct options for accessing and managing voice mail, such as, for instance, to push a designated forward button when the user desires to forward a voice mail. Such common interfaces promote more efficient and effective use and management of messaging resources because they among other things eliminate the requirement to be conversant in different interfaces, rules and protocols for the different platforms on which messages may be accessed and managed.

Inventors: Helferich; Richard J. (Encinitas, CA)

Assignee: Helferich; Richard J. (Encinitas, CA)

Thompson Investment Group, LLC (Los Angeles, CA)

Filed: April 19, 2005

2 . United States Patent 6,087,956 July 11, 2000

Paging transceivers and methods for selectively erasing information

ページ受信機と情報を選択的に消去する方法

Abstract

A paging transceiver and method for selectively paging provides a page to a paging transceiver but does not automatically provide an associated message. The paging transceiver receives the page and alerts the user that information is waiting and provides an identifier for the information. The user can then download or otherwise act on the information at a time and at a place convenient to the user. The paging system conserves air time and the paging transceiver conserves memory by not automatically receiving the associated information. The paging transceiver can receive transmissions during off-peak hours and has a timer which can be programmed so that information is delivered at a desired time. The paging transceiver allows a user to erase information stored at the paging transceiver and corresponding information stored at a remote system. When information is erased, the paging transceiver preferably keeps the identifier in memory and does not write over the message. Thus, if a user subsequently desires to retrieve the message, the paging transceiver can either recover the information from its memory or it can transmit the message identifier to the system and the system can redeliver the message. By being able to remotely erase information, a user can conserve memory space in remote systems and otherwise control remotely stored information.

Inventors: Helferich; Richard J. (Chapel Hill, NC)

Appl. No.: 08/934,132

Filed: September 19, 1997

3 . United States Patent 6,097,941 August 1, 2000

User interface for voice message access

音声メッセージにアクセスするユーザインターフェース

Abstract

Devices, systems and processes for accessing and management of voice and other messages. Such devices, systems and processes employ an interface which allows the user to access and manage messages on his or her user device and, furthermore, automatically to access and manage messages on remote devices via radio frequency link. These interfaces may present users with intuitive and direct options for accessing and managing voice mail, such as, for instance, to push a designated forward button

when the user desires to forward a voice mail. Such common interfaces promote more efficient and effective use and management of messaging resources because they among other things eliminate the requirement to be conversant in different interfaces, rules and protocols for the different platforms on which messages may be accessed and managed.

Inventors: Helferich; Richard J. (Chapel Hill, NC)

Appl. No.: 08/989,874

Filed: December 12, 1997

2011年7月12日

・ヘルフェリッチが7件の特許侵害(下掲)でノキアをイリノイ北連邦地裁に訴訟した。

1. 6087956 * 上掲と同じ

2. 6097941 * 上掲と同じ

3.

United States Patent 7,003,304 February 21, 2006

Paging transceivers and methods for selectively retrieving messages

ページ受信機とメッセージを選択的に取り出す方法

Abstract

A paging transceiver and method for selectively paging provides a page to a paging transceiver but does not automatically provide an associated message. The paging transceiver receives the page and alerts the user that a message is waiting and preferably provides a short description of the message. The user can then download or otherwise act on the message at a time and at a place convenient to the user. The user can therefore place the paging transceiver in a location where it can easily receive and reply to the message. The paging system conserves air time and the paging transceiver conserves memory by not automatically receiving the associated messages. The user can determine the time at which the paging transceiver receives transmissions, such as during off-peak hours. The messages stored by the systems and delivered to the paging transceiver may be of different types, such as voice, text, audio, or even video. In addition to messages, the paging system can store other information for the user, such as songs or video clips that the user can sample or updates on weather or stock rates.

Inventors: Helferich; Richard J. (Chapel Hill, NC)

Assignee: Thompson Investment Group, LLC (Los Angeles, CA)

Richard J. Helferich (Encinitas, CA)

Filed: October 13, 2000

4 . United States Patent 6,983,138

January 3, 2006

User interface for message access

メッセージアクセス用のユーザインターフェース

Abstract

Devices, systems and processes for accessing and management of voice and other messages. Such devices, systems and processes employ an interface which allows the user to access and manage messages on his or her user device and, furthermore, automatically to access and manage messages on remote devices via radio frequency link. These interfaces may present users with intuitive and direct options for accessing and managing voice mail, such as, for instance, to push a designated forward button when the user desires to forward a voice mail. Such common interfaces promote more efficient and effective use and management of messaging resources because they among other things eliminate the requirement to be conversant in different interfaces, rules and protocols for the different platforms on which messages may be accessed and managed.

Inventors: Helferich; Richard J. (Encinitas, CA)

Assignee: Helferich; Richard J. (Encinitas, CA)

Thompson Investment Group, LLC (Los Angeles, CA)

Filed: February 23, 2000

5 . United States Patent 7,280,838

October 9, 2007

Paging transceivers and methods for selectively retrieving messages

ページ受信機とメッセージを選択的に取り出す方法

Abstract

A paging transceiver and method for selectively paging provides a page to a paging transceiver but does not automatically provide an associated message. The paging transceiver receives the page and alerts the user that a message is waiting and preferably provides a short description of the message. The user can then download or otherwise act on the message at a time and at a place convenient to the user. The user can therefore place the paging transceiver in a location where it can easily receive and reply to the message. The paging system conserves air time and the paging transceiver conserves memory by not automatically receiving the associated messages. The user can determine the time at which the paging transceiver receives transmissions, such as during off-peak hours. The messages stored by the systems and delivered to the paging transceiver may be of different types, such as voice, text, audio, or even video. In addition to messages, the paging system can store other information for the user,

such as songs or video clips that the user can sample or updates on weather or stock rates.

Inventors: Helferich; Richard J. (Encinitas, CA)

Assignee: Helferich; Richard J. (Encinitas, CA)

The Thompson Investment Group LLC (Chatsworth, CA)

Filed: March 18, 2005

6 . United States Patent 7,376,432 May 20, 2008

Paging transceivers and methods for selectively retrieving messages

ページ受信機とメッセージを選択的に取り出す方法

Abstract

A paging transceiver and method for selectively paging provides a page to a paging transceiver but does not automatically provide an associated message. The paging transceiver receives the page and alerts the user that a message is waiting and preferably provides a short description of the message. The user can then download or otherwise act on the message at a time and at a place convenient to the user. The user can therefore place the paging transceiver in a location where it can easily receive and reply to the message. The paging system conserves air time and the paging transceiver conserves memory by not automatically receiving the associated messages. The user can determine the time at which the paging transceiver receives transmissions, such as during off-peak hours. The messages stored by the systems and delivered to the paging transceiver may be of different types, such as voice, text, audio, or even video. In addition to messages, the paging system can store other information for the user, such as songs or video clips that the user can sample or updates on weather or stock rates.

Inventors: Helferich; Richard J. (Encinitas, CA)

Assignee: Wireless Science, LLC (Chicago, IL)

Filed: March 17, 2005

7 . United States Patent 7,499,716 March 3, 2009

System and method for delivering information to a transmitting and receiving device

伝送および受信装置に情報を配信するシステムと方法

Abstract

The present invention provides systems and method for delivering information to a transmitting and receiving device. The device receives a notification alerting a user of the device that information is available to be obtained and, in some embodiments, providing a short description of the information. After receiving the notification at the

device, the user can then use the device to obtain or otherwise act on the information at a time and at a place convenient to the user.

Inventors: Helferich; Richard J. (Encinitas, CA)

Assignee: Wireless Science, LLC (Chatsworth, CA)

Filed: April 7, 2006

4 - 13 . マルチメディア・パテントトラスト

2010年12月20日

・アルカテル・ルーセント(Alcatel-Lucent)の子会社であるマルチメディア・パテントトラスト(Multimedia Patent Trust)がアップル他を特許(下掲)侵害でカリフォルニア南連邦地裁に訴訟した。

Defendants:

Apple Inc. ,

Canon, Inc. , Canon U.S.A., Inc. ,

LG Electronics, Inc. , LG Electronics Mobilecomm U.S.A., Inc. and

LG Electronics U.S.A., Inc.

Tivo Inc.

1. United States Patent 4,958,226

September 18, 1990

Conditional motion compensated interpolation of digital motion video

デジタル動画の条件付動作補完インターポレーション

Abstract

Motion digital video is encoded and decoded by a motion compensated interpolation method and apparatus. In accordance with the method, selected frames of the video are interpolated in the decoder with the aid of interpolation correction codes that are generated in the encoder and sent to the decoder. In an encoder embodiment that interpolates half of the frames, every other frame is encoded and decoded within the encoder. The decoded versions of adjacent frames are appropriately combined and compared to the interleaved camera frame that is to be interpolated in the decoder. The differences, which correspond to "pels correction" information, are encoded and quantized. Those that exceed a predetermined threshold value are added to the encoder's output buffer. The inverse operation is carried out in the decoder. That is every pair of decoded frames is averaged and combined with the decoded "pels correction" information to form the interpolated frames.

Inventors: Haskell; Barin G. (Tinton Falls, NJ), Puri; Atul (Bronx, NY)

Assignee: AT&T Bell Laboratories (Murray Hill, NJ)

Filed: September 27, 1989

* Lucent はかつては AT&T の子会社であった。

*すでに期限切れ

2. United States Patent 5,136,377

August 4, 1992

Adaptive non-linear quantizer

適合型非線形量子化

Abstract

A quantizer, with quantization control that is sensitive to input signal characteristics and to output buffer fullness responds to an input signal that is divided into blocks and DCT transformed. The transformed signal is analyzed to develop a brightness correction and to evaluate the texture of the image and the change in texture in the image. Based on these, and in concert with the human visual perception model, perception threshold signals are created for each subband of the transformed signal. Concurrently, scale factors for each subband of the transformed signal are computed, and a measure of variability in the transformed input signal is calculated. A measure of the fullness of the buffer to which the quantizer sends its encoded results is obtained, and that measure is combined with the calculated signal variability to develop a correction signal. The correction signal modifies the perception threshold signals to develop threshold control signals that are applied to the quantizer. The scale factors are also applied to the quantizer, as well as a global target distortion measure.

Inventors: Johnston; James D. (Warren, NJ), Knauer; Scott C. (Mountainside, NJ), Matthews; Kim N. (Watchung, NJ), Netravali; Arun N. (Westfield, NJ), Petajan; Eric D. (Watchung, NJ), Safranek; Robert J. (New Providence, NJ), Westerink; Peter H. (Newark, NJ)

Assignee: AT&T Bell Laboratories (Murray Hill, NJ)

Filed: December 11, 1990

*すでに期限切れ

3. United States Patent 5,227,878

July 13, 1993

Adaptive coding and decoding of frames and fields of video

ビデオフレームとフィールドの適合型符号化とその解凍

Abstract

Improved compression of digital signals relating to high resolution video images is accomplished by an adaptive and selective coding of digital signals relating to frames and fields of the video images. Digital video input signals are analyzed and a coding type signal is produced in response to this analysis. This coding type signal may be

used to adaptively control the operation of one or more types of circuitry which are used to compress digital video signals so that less bits, and slower bit rates, may be used to transmit high resolution video images without undue loss of quality. For example, the coding type signal may be used to improve motion compensated estimation techniques, quantization of transform coefficients, scanning of video data, and variable word length encoding of the data. The improved compression of digital video signals is useful for video conferencing applications and high definition television, among other things.

Inventors: Puri; Atul (New York, NY), Aravind; Rangarajan (Matawan, NJ)

Assignee: AT&T Bell Laboratories (Murray Hill, NJ)

Filed: November 15, 1991

* 近日中に切れる

4. United States Patent 5,500,678 March 19, 1996

Optimized scanning of transform coefficients in video coding

ビデオコーディングにおいて変形係数の最適化されたスキャン

Abstract

An improved scanning apparatus and method which allows for increased coding efficiency over conventional zigzag scans is disclosed. The invention advantageously allows for total compatibility with the MPEG-1 standard, and accomodates video sequences which may be composed of both the progressive and interlaced format frames.

Inventors: Puri; Atul (Riverdale, NY)

Assignee: AT&T Corp. (Murray Hill, NJ)

Filed: March 18, 1994

4 - 14 . ハイブリッド・オーディオ

2010年12月21日

・ハイブリッド・オーディオ (Hybrid Audio LLC) が1件の特許 (* 下掲) 侵害で HTC 他をテキサス東連邦地裁に訴訟した。

Defendants:

High Tech Computer Corp., a/k/a HTC Corp., HTC (B.V.I.) Corp.,

HTC America, Inc.,

Dell, Inc.,

Exedea, Inc. and

Apple, Inc.

1 . United States Patent RE40,281

April 29, 2008

Signal processing utilizing a tree-structured array

ツリー構造配列を利用した信号処理

Abstract

.].A communication system for sending a sequence of symbols on a communication link. The system includes a transmitter for placing information indicative of the sequence of symbols on the communication link and a receiver for receiving the information placed on the communication link by the transmitter. The transmitter includes a clock for defining successive frames, each of the frames including M time intervals, where M is an integer greater than 1. A modulator modulates each of M carrier signals with a signal related to the value of one of the symbols thereby generating a modulated carrier signal corresponding to each of the carrier signals. The modulated carriers are combined into a sum signal which is transmitted on the communication link. The carrier signals include first and second carriers, the first carrier having a different bandwidth than the second carrier. In one embodiment, the modulator includes a tree-structured array of filter banks having M leaf nodes, each of the values related to the symbols forming an input to a corresponding one of the leaf nodes. Each of the nodes includes one of the filter banks. Similarly, the receiver can be constructed of a tree-structured array of sub-band filter banks for converting M time-domain samples received on the communication link to M symbol values..]. .Iadd.Signal processing is performed by splitting a signal into subbands using a plurality of filter banks connected to form a tree-structured array. The filter banks are connected so that the signal is split into subbands of different size. The subbands can be designed to approximate the bands of the human auditory system for audio signal processing applications. Reconstruction of signals using a plurality of synthesis filter banks connected to form a tree-structured array is also performed..Iaddend.

Inventors: Tzannes; Michael A. (Lexington, MA), Heller; Peter N. (Somerville, MA), Stautner; John P. (The Woodlands, TX), Morrell; William R. (Seattle, WA), Jayasimha; Sriram (Hyderabad, IN)

Assignee: Aware, Inc. (Bedford, MA)

Filed: November 23, 2004

4 - 15 . ホープウエル

2010年12月22日

・ホープウエルカルチャー (Hopewell Culture & Design LLC) が HTC 他を1件の

特許(*下掲)侵害で訴訟した。

Defendants:

Adobe Systems Incorporated ,

Apple Inc ,

HTC America Inc ,

LG Electronics Mobilecomm USA Inc ,

Nokia Inc ,

Palm Inc ,

Quickoffice Inc ,

Samsung Electronic USA Inc , Samsung Telecommunications America LLC
and Motorola Mobility Inc

1 . United States Patent 7,171,625

January 30, 2007

Double-clicking a point-and-click user interface apparatus to enable a new interaction with content represented by an active visual display element

現行視覚表示エレメントによって現されたコンテンツとの新規の相互作用を可能にするところの位置決めとクリックのユーザインターフェース装置のダブルクリック

Abstract

The invention enables a new type of interaction with content represented by an active visual display element in response to double-clicking a point-and-click user interface apparatus when the active visual display element is selected.

Inventors: Sacchi; Cristiano (San Francisco, CA)

Assignee: Actify, Inc. (San Francisco, CA)

Filed: June 18, 2002

4 - 16 . サミット6

2011年2月23日

・サミット6 (Summit 6 LLC) がデジタル写真の迅速なサイズ変更、圧縮および伝送に関する2件の特許(*下掲)侵害でサムスン他をテキサス北連邦地裁に訴訟した。同社のニュースリリースによると、この発明は同社の社員によるものとされている。同社の前身の会社名は以下の3社である: PictureWorks Technology, Inc., Internet Pictures Corp. (IPIX)、AdMission Corp.

Defendants:

Research in Motion Corporation , Research in Motion Limited ,

Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. , Samsung Telecommunications America

LLC ,
Multiply, Inc. ,
Facebook, Inc. and
Photobucket Corp.

1 . United States Patent 6,895,557

May 17, 2005

Web-based media submission tool

ウェブベースのメディアに順応したツール

Abstract

The present invention, generally speaking, provides an improved web-based media submission tool. As with some existing tools, operation of the tool is drag and drop or the user can "click" to browse a directory to select media objects. Unlike existing tools, the tool provides the user an opportunity to confirm the submission, for example by generating a thumbnail image of an image file that has been dragged and dropped. Batch submission is provided for in which a user drags and drops a plurality of images or other media objects. Submission from a web page to a web page is also provided for. The submission tool is configurable to perform a variable amount of intellegent preprocessing on media objects prior to upload. In the case of digital images, the tool can perform sizing and formatting, for example. Information capture is performed with information being uploaded together with the media objects. In an exemplary embodiment, information capture is both user-transparent (e.g., user ID and/or password) and user-visible (e.g., the user can provide captions for media objects). The submission of information about the user and the media objects facilitates automatic integration of the media objects within existing databases.

Inventors: Wood; Lisa T. (Danville, CA), Lewis; Scott M. (Danville, CA), Fried; Robin T. (Berkeley, CA)

Assignee: IPIX Corporation (San Ramone, CA)

Filed: July 21, 1999

2 . United States Patent 7,765,482

July 27, 2010

Web-based media submission tool

ウェブベースのメディアに順応したツール

Abstract

The present invention, generally speaking, provides an improved web-based media submission tool. As with some existing tools, operation of the tool is drag and drop or the user can "click" to browse a directory to select media objects. Unlike existing tools, the tool provides the user an opportunity to confirm the submission, for example by

generating a thumbnail image of an image file that has been dragged and dropped. Batch submission is provided for in which a user drags and drops a plurality of images or other media objects. Submission from a web page to a web page is also provided for. The submission tool is configurable to perform a variable amount of intelligent preprocessing on media objects prior to upload. In the case of digital images, the tool can perform sizing and formatting, for example. Information capture is performed with information being uploaded together with the media objects. In an exemplary embodiment, information capture is both user-transparent (e.g., user ID and/or password) and user-visible (e.g., the user can provide captions for media objects). The submission of information about the user and the media objects facilitates automatic integration of the media objects within existing databases.

Inventors: Wood; Lisa T. (Danville, CA), Lewis; Scott M. (Danville, CA), Fried; Robin T. (Berkeley, CA)

Assignee: Summit 6 LLC (Dallas, TX)

Filed: October 8, 2004

4 - 17 . イリノイコンピュータ

2007年9月

・イリノイ・コンピュータ・リサーチ社(*Illinois Computer Research LLC*)(*トロール)が特許(*下掲)侵害でグーグルをイリノイ北連邦地裁に訴訟した。

1. United States Patent 7,111,252

September 19, 2006

Enhancing touch and feel on the internet

インターネット上での強化された接触と感触

Abstract

A system for enabling touch and feel over the internet provides a three-dimensional representation of a good being sold, that three-dimensional representation being viewable from a number of different directions. The good being sold is in a package and the package is displayed from the number of different directions. The present invention has the good being a book, and the inside and outside covers of the book are displayed and specified pages of the book can be displayed.

Inventors: Harris; Scott C. (San Diego, CA)

Filed: February 16, 2000

2008年12月

・イリノイ・コンピュータ・リサーチ社(*Illinois Computer Research LLC*)が特許侵害

でソニー他をイリノイ北連邦地裁に訴訟した。

Defendants:

Harpo Productions, Inc,

Sony Corporation of America and Sony Electronics Inc.

2009年7月

・フィッシュ&リチャードソン(Fish & Richardson PC partner)から購入した電子ブック(electronic book)特許でもってソニー(Sony Electronics Inc.)を訴えていたイリノイ・コンピュータ・リサーチ社(*Illinois Computer Research LLC*)は訴訟を取り下げた。

2010年8月

・イリノイ・コンピュータ・リサーチ社(*Illinois Computer Research LLC*)が特許侵害でハーパーコリンズ他をイリノイ北連邦地裁に訴訟した。

Defendant:

HarperCollins Publishers, Inc.

HarperCollins Publishers, LLC

Random House, Inc.

Simon & Schuster, Inc.

4 - 18 . H-W テクノロジー

2011年3月30日

・H-W テクノロジー(H-W Technology, L.C.)が特許侵害でグーグル他をテキサス北連邦地裁に訴訟した。

Defendant:

Apple Inc

Research In Motion Limited

Amazon.Com Inc Amazon Payments, Inc.

HTC Corporation HTC America Inc

LG Electronics, Inc. LG Electronics U.S.A., Inc.

eBay, Inc.

Hotels.com LP

Google, Inc.

Expedia, Inc.

Priceline.com LLC
Orbitz Worldwide, Inc.
Buy.com Inc.
Motorola Solutions, Inc. Motorola Mobility, Inc.
Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd Samsung Electronics America, Inc.
Samsung Telecommunications America LLC
Kayak Software Corporation d/b/a Kayak.com
Microsoft Corporation
Nokia Corporation Nokia Inc
Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB
Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications (USA) Inc
Kyocera Corporation Kyocera International, Inc.
Kyocera Communications, Inc. Kyocera America, Inc.
Verizon Communications Inc

1 . United States Patent 7,525,955 April 28, 2009

Internet protocol (IP) phone with search and advertising capability

検索および広告能力を伴った IP 電話

Abstract

A software platform in an Internet Protocol (IP) phone having the ability to be used with different communication infrastructures such as broadband, wireless communication and Plain Old Telephone System (POTS) service. Further, the software platform in the IP phone has the ability to be used with different applications operating on the IP phone. Further, the IP phone has the ability to perform additional functionality than traditional Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) phones, such as searches and advertising, given its ability to converge voice and data within a single terminal.

Inventors: Velez-Rivera; Carlos J. (Mayaguez, PR), Olivares-Arocho; Inaki (Mayaguez, PR), Cruz-Rivera; Jose L. (Rincon, PR)

Assignee: Commuca, Inc. (Erie, CO)

Filed: March 17, 2005

5 . その他携帯電話関連の訴訟

5 - 1 . モバイルメディア対 HTC および RIM

MobileMedia Ideas vs. HTC

2010年3月31日

2010年4月

・2010年1月に設立された *モバイルメディア・アイデア (MobileMedia Ideas LLC)* (*トロール)が、アップルとRIMと台湾のHTCを別々に訴訟した(計3件)。

同社は122件の特許を保有しているとし、その大半は出資者の一人であるソニーとノキアから譲渡されたものとみなされている。

対アップル: :特許13件

対RIM :特許12件

対HTC :特許11件

*重複している特許が11件あり、合計25件が侵害されているとする特許である。

1. United States Patent 5,490,170

February 6, 1996

Coding apparatus for digital signal

デジタル信号向けのコーディング装置

Assignee: Sony Corporation (Tokyo, JP)

Filed: November 30, 1993

2. United States Patent 5,737,394

April 7, 1998

Portable telephone apparatus having a plurality of selectable functions activated by the use of dedicated and/or soft keys

専用のおよびあるいはソフトのキーで作動された複数の選択可の機能を有する携帯電話装置

Assignee: Sony Corporation (Tokyo, JP) Sony Electronics (Park Ridge, NJ)

Filed: February 6, 1996

3. United States Patent 5,732,390

March 24, 1998

Speech signal transmitting and receiving apparatus with noise sensitive volume control

ノイズに敏感な音量制御を備えたスピーチ信号の伝送と受信の装置

Inventors: Katayanagi; Keiichi (Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo, JP),

Filed: August 12, 1996

4. United States Patent 6,070,068

May 30, 2000

Communication terminal device and method

for controlling a connecting state of a call into a desired connection state upon a predetermined operation by a user

ユーザによってあらかじめ設定された操作に基づいて望ましい接続状態に呼び出しの接続状態を制御するための方法と通信端末装置

Assignee: Sony_Corporation (Tokyo, JP)

Filed: March 14, 1997

5. United States Patent 6,002,390

December 14, 1999

Text input device and method

テキスト入力装置と方法

Assignee: Sony Corporation (Tokyo, JP)

Filed: November 21, 1997

6. United States Patent 6,393,430

May 21, 2002

**Method and system for automatically recording music data files
by using the hard drive of a personal computer
as an intermediate storage medium**

中間の保管媒体としてパソコンのハードディスクを使用することで音楽データファイルを自動的に記録する方法とシステム

Assignee: Sony Corporation (Tokyo, JP) Sony Electronics Inc. (Park Ridge, NJ)

Filed: May 8, 1998

7. United States Patent 6,446,080

September 3, 2002

**Method for creating, modifying, and playing a custom playlist, saved as a virtual CD,
to be played by a digital audio/visual actuator device**

デジタル音声ビデオ駆動装置によって演奏されるべくバーチャルのCDに蓄積された顧客作成の演奏リストを創生し、修正し、演奏する方法

Assignee: Sony Corporation (Tokyo, JP) Sony Electronics Inc. (Park Ridge, NJ)

Filed: May 8, 1998

8. United States Patent 6,389,301

May 14, 2002

**Portable radio information terminal apparatus, display screen operating method,
recording medium, and microcomputer apparatus**

携帯ラジオ情報端末装置、表示画面操作方法、記録媒体およびマイクロコンピュータ装置

Assignee: Sony Corporation (Tokyo, JP)

Filed: December 23, 1998

9. United States Patent 6,871,048

March 22, 2005

**Mobil communication apparatus and information providing system
using the mobile communication apparatus**

携帯通信装置を用いての携帯通信装置と情報提供システム

Assignee: Sony Corporation (Tokyo, JP)

Filed: April 27, 1999

10. United States Patent 6,441,828

August 27, 2002

Image display apparatus

画像表示装置

Assignee: Sony Corporation (Tokyo, JP)

Filed: September 8, 1999

11. United States Patent 6,760,477

July 6, 2004

Method and apparatus

for entering data strings including Hangul (Korean) and ASCII characters

ハングル文字とアスキー文字を含むデータストリングを入力する方法と装置

Assignee: Sony Corporation (Tokyo, JP) Sony Electronics Inc. (Park Ridge, NJ)

Filed: July 18, 2001

12. United States Patent RE39,231

August 8, 2006

Communication terminal equipment and call incoming control method

通信端末装置と呼び出し受信制御方法

Assignee: Sony Corporation (Tokyo, JP)

Filed: November 30, 2001

13. United States Patent 7,349,012

March 25, 2008

Imaging apparatus with higher and lower resolution converters and a compression unit to compress decreased resolution image data

低解像度にされた画像データを圧縮するために、圧縮器と高低解像度変換器を備えた画像装置

Assignee: Sony Corporation (Tokyo, JP)

Filed: August 26, 2003

14. United States Patent 7,313,647

December 25, 2007

Storage and reproduction apparatus

保管と再生装置

Assignee: Sony Corporation (Tokyo, JP)

Filed: June 17, 2004

15. United States Patent 5,977,887

November 2, 1999

Data storage apparatus

データ保管装置

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones Limited (Espoo, FI)

Filed: May 3, 1993

16. United States Patent 5,479,476 December 26, 1995

Mobile telephone having groups of user adjustable operating characteristics for facilitating adjustment of several operating characteristics

幾つかの操作特徴の調整を容易にするためにユーザが調整できる操作特徴群を有する携帯電話

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones Ltd. (Salo, FI)

Filed: February 4, 1994

17. United States Patent 5,845,219 December 1, 1998

Mobile station having priority call alerting function during silent service mode

無音サービスモードの間に優先受信通告機能を備えた携帯ステーション

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones Limited (Salo, FI)

Filed: September 4, 1996

18. United States Patent 6,055,439 April 25, 2000

Mobile telephone user interface

携帯電話ユーザインターフェース

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones Limited (Salo, FI)

Filed: November 5, 1996

19. United States Patent 6,049,796 April 11, 2000

Personal digital assistant with real time search capability

リアルタイムでの検索能力を有するPDA

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones Limited (Salo, FI)

Filed: February 24, 1997

20. United States Patent 6,427,078 July 30, 2002

Device for personal communications, data collection and data processing, and a circuit card

個人通信、データ収集、データ処理用装置、および回路カード

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones Ltd. (Salo, FI)

Filed: February 27, 1997

21. United States Patent 5,915,239 June 22, 1999

Voice-controlled telecommunication terminal

音声で制御する遠隔通信端末

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones Ltd. (Espoo, FI)

Filed: August 26, 1997

22. United States Patent 6,043,760 March 28, 2000

Language-dependent letter input by means of number keys

数字キーでもっての言語別文字入力

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones Ltd. (Espoo, FI)

Filed: February 2, 1998

23. United States Patent 6,253,075 June 26, 2001

Method and apparatus for incoming call rejection

呼び出し受信拒否の方法と装置

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones Ltd. (Espoo, FI)

Filed: December 16, 1998

24. United States Patent 5,841,979 November 24, 1998

Enhanced delivery of audio data

音声データの強調配送

Assignee: Information Highway Media Corp. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: May 7, 1996

25. United States Patent 6,549,942 April 15, 2003

Enhanced delivery of audio data for portable playback

携帯再生向けの音声データ強調配送

Assignee: audiohighway.com (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: July 10, 2000

5 - 2 . ニュアンス

Nuance Communications vs. Vlingo

2010年7月21日

2011年6月9日

・画像および音声認識技術のニュアンス(Nuance Communications Inc.)が同業のVリング(Vlingo Corp.)のVirtual Assistanceが自社特許を侵害しているとしてデラ

ウエア地区連邦地裁に訴訟した。
ニュアンスはアップルの OSX にその技術をライセンスしている。

1 . United States Patent 6,487,534 November 26, 2002
Distributed client-server speech recognition system

Abstract

A distributed speech recognition system includes at least one client station and a server station connected via a network, such as Internet. The client station includes means for receiving the speech input signal from a user. A speech controller directs at least part of the speech input signal to a local speech recognizer. The, preferably limited, speech recognizer is capable of recognizing at least part of the speech input, for instance a spoken command for starting full recognition. In dependence on the outcome of the recognition, the speech controller selectively directs a part of the speech input signal via the network to the server station. The server station includes means for receiving the speech equivalent signal from the network and a large/huge vocabulary speech recognizer for recognizing the received speech equivalent signal.

Inventors: Thelen; Eric (San Jose, CA), Besling; Stefan (San Jose, CA)

Assignee: U.S. Philips Corporation (New York, NY)

Koninklijke Phillips Electronics N.V. (Eindhoven, NL)

Filed: March 23, 2000

2 . United States Patent 6,785,653 August 31, 2004
Distributed voice web architecture and associated components and methods

Abstract

A speech-enabled distributed processing system forming a Voice Web includes a gateway, one or more voice content sites coupled to the gateway over a wide area network, and a browser coupled to the gateway over a network, which may or may not be the wide area network. The gateway receives telephone calls from one or more users over telephony connections and performs endpointing of speech of each user. The browser provides the gateway with information enabling the gateway to selectively direct the endpointed speech to a voice content site via the wide area network. The gateway outputs the endpointed speech in the form of application protocol requests onto the wide area network to the appropriate site, as specified by the browser, or to the browser. The gateway receives prompts in the form of application protocol responses from the browser or a voice content site and plays the prompts to the

appropriate user over the telephony connection. While accessing a selected voice content site, the gateway reroutes the endpointed speech to the browser if the endpointing result represents a hotword candidate.

Inventors: White; James E. (San Carlos, CA), Lennig; Matthew (Palo Alto, CA)

Assignee: Nuance Communications (Menlo Park, CA)

Filed: May 1, 2000

3 . United States Patent 6,839,669

January 4, 2005

Performing actions identified in recognized speech

Abstract

A computer is used to perform recorded actions. The computer receives recorded spoken utterances of actions. The computer then performs speech recognition on the recorded spoken utterances to generate texts of the actions. The computer then parses the texts to determine properties of the actions. After parsing the texts, permits the user to indicate that the user has reviewed one or more actions. The computer then automatically carries out the actions indicated as having been reviewed by the user.

Inventors: Gould; Joel M. (Winchester, MA), Bamberg; Paul G. (Marlborough, MA), Ingold; Charles E. (Bedford, MA), Bayse; Kenneth J. (Sutton, MA), Elkins; Michael L. (Framingham, MA), Matus; Roger L. (Boxborough, MA), Fieleke; Eric (Medford, MA)

Assignee: ScanSoft, Inc. (Peabody, MA)

Filed: June 10, 1999

4 . United States Patent 7,058,573

June 6, 2006

Speech recognition system to selectively utilize different speech recognition techniques over multiple speech recognition passes

Abstract

Method and apparatus for multi-pass speech recognition. An input device receives spoken input. A processor performs a first pass speech recognition technique on the spoken input and forms first pass results. The first pass results include a number of alternative speech expressions, each having an assigned score related to the certainty that the corresponding expression correctly matches the spoken input. The processor selectively performs a second pass speech recognition technique on the spoken input according to the first pass results. Preferably, the second pass attempts to correctly match the spoken input to only those expressions which were identified during the first pass. Otherwise, if one of the expressions identified by the first pass is assigned a

score higher than a predetermined threshold (e.g., 95%), the second pass is not performed. Because the second pass is performed only when necessary, the invention recognizes speech with a faster average speed for a given accuracy in comparison to prior systems. Alternately, the first pass results identify a characteristic of the spoken input. The characteristic can be the gender of the speaker or a type of telephone the speaker is calling from. In which case, the second pass speech recognition technique is selected from a plurality of speech recognition techniques according to the characteristic identified by the first pass. Because the selected second pass technique is specific to the characteristic of the spoken input, the second pass technique can perform speech recognition faster for a given accuracy than a technique which is not specific.

Inventors: Murveit; Hy (Portola Valley, CA), Kannan; Ashvin (Redwood City, CA), Shahshahani; Ben (Capitola, CA), Leggetter; Chris (Mountain View, CA), Knill; Katherine (Mountain View, CA)

Assignee: Nuance Communications Inc. (Menlo Park, CA)

Filed: April 20, 1999

5 . United States Patent 7,127,393

October 24, 2006

Dynamic semantic control of a speech recognition system

Abstract

A method and apparatus are provided for automatically recognizing words of spoken speech using a computer-based speech recognition system according to a dynamic semantic model. In an embodiment, the speech recognition system recognizes speech and generates one or more word strings, each of which is a hypothesis of the speech, and creates and stores a probability value or score for each of the word strings. The word strings are ordered by probability value. The speech recognition system also creates and stores, for each of the word strings, one or more keyword-value pairs that represent semantic elements and semantic values of the semantic elements for the speech that was spoken. One or more dynamic semantic rules are defined that specify how a probability value of a word string should be modified based on information about external conditions, facts, or the environment of the application in relation to the semantic values of that word string. A speech recognition application, upon receiving the keyword-value pairs, instructs the speech recognizer to modify one or more of the probability values, according to the dynamic semantic rules. The dynamic semantic rules are applied to the word strings and the keyword-value pairs. The speech recognizer modifies one or more of the probability values, re-orders the word strings,

and returns control to the application. As a result, the speech recognizer may adjust dynamically to a changing likelihood that a speaker uttered a particular utterance, as the application executes, depending on the context of the application and the external factors.

Inventors: Phillips; Michael S. (Belmont, MA), Barnard; Etienne (Somerville, MA), Dahan; Jean-Guy (Brookline, MA), Metzger; Michael J. (Cambridge, MA)

Assignee: Speech Works International, Inc. (Boston, MA)

Filed: February 10, 2003

5 - 3 . ノキア対アップル

2009年10月

・自社特許10件(*下掲)が侵害されているとしてノキアがアップルをデラウェア連邦地方裁判所に訴訟した。ノキアは過去20年間でおおよそ\$60B(6兆円)をこれらの特許の関連開発に投入してきており、アップル以外の約40社は当社よりライセンスを受けていると語っている。

1 . United States Patent 5,862,178

January 19, 1999

Method and apparatus

for speech transmission in a mobile communications system

携帯通信システムにおけるスピーチ伝送向けの方法と装置

Abstract

A method and apparatus for speech transmission in a telecommunications system in which a speech signal is compressed to a small number of speech coding bits by a speech coding method, and the speech coding bits are subjected to channel coding. Several different speech coding methods, which may all operate at different transmission rates, are involved in the speech transmission.

Inventors: Jarvinen; Kari (Tampere, FI),

Assignee: Nokia Telecommunications OY (Espoo, FI)

Filed: June 20, 1996

2 . United States Patent 5,802,465

September 1, 1998

Data transmission in a radio telephone network

無線電話ネットワークにおけるデータ伝送

Abstract

For bidirectional transmission of packet data, a packet data service unit (Agent) is disposed in a digital cellular system connected to be in association with a Mobile

Switching Center, and connecting the cellular network to the data network.

Inventors: Hamalainen; Jari (Tampere, FI),

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones Ltd. (GB)

Filed: October 1, 1996

3 . United States Patent 6,775,548

August 10, 2004

Access channel for reduced access delay in a telecommunications system

遠隔通信システムにおけるアクセス遅延を減らしたアクセスチャネル

Abstract

A method and apparatus for accessing a telecommunications system. A channel having a plurality of data rates and a plurality of frame sizes is utilized by a mobile station to gain access to the system.

Inventors: Rong; Zhigang (Fort Worth, TX),

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones Ltd. (Espoo, FI)

Filed: June 22, 1998

4 . United States Patent 6,694,135

February 17, 2004

Measurement report transmission in a telecommunications system

遠隔通信システムにおける測定報告伝送

Abstract

A method of obtaining data messages at a radio communication network from a mobile station operating therein during downlink transfer, the method comprising the network providing a header portion of the downlink transfer with one or more unique polling codes for requesting the mobile station to transmit one or more respective data messages indicative of one or more corresponding conditions at the mobile station.

Inventors: Oksala; Jarkko (Tampere, FI),

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones Ltd. (Espoo, FI)

Filed: December 29, 1999

5 . United States Patent 6,359,904

March 19, 2002

Data transfer in a mobile telephone network

携帯電話ネットワークにおけるデータ転送

Abstract

The scope of the present invention is a method for data transfer in a digital mobile communications system, in which method it is handled data in certain layers according to certain protocols,

Inventors: Hamalainen; Jari (Tampere, FI),

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phone Ltd. (Espoo, FI)

Filed: August 14, 1998

6 . United States Patent 5,946,651

August 31, 1999

Speech synthesizer employing post-processing for enhancing the quality of the synthesized speech

合成されたスピーチ品質を向上させるために処理後を組み込んだスピーチシンセサイザー

Abstract

A post-processor 317 and method substantially for enhancing synthesised speech is disclosed. The post-processor 317 operates on a signal $ex(n)$ derived from an excitation generator 211 typically comprising a fixed code book 203 and an adaptive code book 204, the signal $ex(n)$ being formed from the addition of scaled outputs from the fixed code book 203 and adaptive code book 204.

Inventors: Jarvinen; Kari (Tampere, FI),

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones (Salo, FI)

Filed: August 18, 1998

7 . United States Patent 6,882,727

April 19, 2005

Method of ciphering data transmission in a radio system

無線システムにおいてデータ伝送を暗号化する方法

Abstract

The invention relates to a method of ciphering data transmission in a radio system, and to a user equipment using the method, and to a radio network subsystem using the method.

Inventors: Vialen; Jukka (Espoo, FI),

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones Ltd. (Espoo, FI)

Filed: March 6, 2000

8 . United States Patent 7,092,672

August 15, 2006

Reporting cell measurement results in a cellular communication system

携帯通信システムにおいてセル測定結果を報告する

Abstract

The present invention relates to reporting cell measurement results associated with a plurality of cells of a cellular communication system. The reporting is transmitted from a station via a radio interface to receiver element of a cell serving the station.

Inventors: Pekonen; Johanna (Espoo, FI),

Assignee: Nokia Corporation (Espoo, FI)

Filed: September 19, 2000

9. United States Patent 7,009,940

March 7, 2006

Integrity check in a communication system

通信システムでの統合的チェック

Abstract

A method of communication between a first node and a second node for a system where a plurality of different channels is provided between said first and second node. The method comprises the step of calculating an integrity output.

Inventors: Valen; Jukka (Espoo, FI),

Assignee: Nokia Corporation (Espoo, FI)

Filed: October 10, 2001

10. United States Patent 7,403,621

July 22, 2008

System for ensuring encrypted communication after handover

接続後の暗号化された通信を確かなものとするためのシステム

Abstract

During connection setup with a first radio access network, a multimode mobile station sends an unprotected initial signaling message that includes information about those encryption algorithms that the multimode mobile station supports when it communicates in a second radio access network.

Inventors: Valen; Jukka (Espoo, FI),

Assignee: Nokia Corporation (Espoo, FI)

Filed: November 6, 2001

2009年11月

・アップルがカウンターで13件の特許侵害でノキアを訴訟した。

1. United States Patent 5,634,074

May 27, 1997

Serial I/O device identifies itself to a computer through a serial interface during power on reset then it is being configured by the computer

電源オンリセットの間にシリアルインターフェースを介してシリアル入出力装置が自分をコンピュータと認識し、その次にコンピュータでもってそのように構成仕様化される

Abstract

A self-configuring startup procedure for communications devices, including telecommunications adapters, provides unambiguous identification of the telecommunications adapter, or other communications device, connected to a serial

port.

Inventors: Devon; Mark (San Jose, CA),

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: May 7, 1993

2. United States Patent 6,343,263

January 29, 2002

Real-time signal processing system for serially transmitted data

シリアルに伝送されたデータ向けのリアルタイム信号プロセスシステム

Abstract

A computer system handling multiple applications wherein groups of I/O services are accessible through separate application programming interfaces. Each application has multiple application programming interfaces by which to access different families of I/O services, such as I/O devices.

Inventors: Knight; Holly N. (La Honda, CA),

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: August 2, 1994

3. United States Patent 5,915,131

June 22, 1999

Method and apparatus for handling I/O requests utilizing separate programming interfaces to access separate I/O services

別の入出力サービスにアクセスするために別のプログラムインターフェースを利用することで入出力要求を取り扱う方法と装置

Abstract

A computer system handling multiple applications wherein groups of I/O services are accessible through separate application programming interfaces. Each application has multiple application programming interfaces by which to access different families of I/O services, such as I/O devices.

Inventors: Knight; Holly N. (La Honda, CA),

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: May 5, 1995

4. United States Patent 5,555,369

September 10, 1996

Method of creating packages for a pointer-based computer system

指し示し型のコオンピュータシステム向けのパッケージを創生する方法

Abstract

A development environment and method is provided in which a first computer system is used to develop an application for execution in a second computer system--such as a

pen-based computer--having a graphical user interface.

Inventors: Menendez; Norberto (San Jose, CA),

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: February 14, 1994

5. United States Patent 6,239,795 May 29, 2001

Pattern and color abstraction in a graphical user interface

グラフィックユーザインターフェースにおける図形と色彩の抽出

Abstract

Systems and method for providing a user with increased flexibility and control over the appearance and behavior of objects on a user interface. Sets of objects can be grouped into themes to provide a user with a distinct overall impression of the interface.

Inventors: Ulrich; Robert R. (Mountain View, CA),

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: May 26, 1999

6. United States Patent 5,315,703 May 24, 1994

Object-oriented notification framework system

オブジェクト指向の通知枠組みシステム

Abstract

A system for an object based notification system. The notification system is designed in a flexible manner to support change notification in an object-oriented operating system. The change notification includes a memory for storing connection information including notification routing information and connection registration information.

Inventors: Matheny; John R. (Mountain View, CA),

Assignee: Taligent, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: December 23, 1992

7. United States Patent 6,189,034 February 13, 2001

Method and apparatus

for dynamic launching of a teleconferencing application upon receipt of a call

呼び出しを受けるとともに遠隔会議アプリケーションを動的に立ち上げるための方法と装置

Abstract

In a computer system having a memory, a processor, and a network interface, a method for dynamically launching a conferencing application upon the receipt of an incoming call having the steps of: receiving an incoming call signal on the network interface; processing the incoming call signal to detect an intended recipient application; and

launching the intended recipient application.

Inventors: Riddle; Guy (Los Gatos, CA)

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: May 8, 1996

8. United States Patent 7,469,381

December 23, 2008

List scrolling and document translation, scaling, and rotation on a touch-screen display

タッチ画面表示上でのリストのスクロール、文書の移動、拡大縮小および回転

Abstract

In accordance with some embodiments, a computer-implemented method for use in conjunction with a device with a touch screen display is disclosed. In the method, a movement of an object on or near the touch screen display is detected. In response to detecting the movement, an electronic document displayed on the touch screen display is translated in a first direction.

Inventors: Ording; Bas (San Francisco, CA)

Assignee: Apple Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: December 14, 2007

9. United States Patent RE39,486

February 6, 2007

Extensible, replaceable network component system

拡張可、置き換え可のネットワークコンポーネントシステム

Abstract

An extensible and replaceable network-oriented component system provides a platform for developing networking navigation components that operate on a variety of hardware and software computer systems.

Inventors: Cleron; Michael A. (Menlo Park, CA),

Assignee: Apple Computer, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: April 3, 2003

10. United States Patent 5,455,854

October 3, 1995

Object-oriented telephony system

オブジェクト指向の電話システム

Abstract

A method and system for enabling a set of object interface application elements and telephony system elements. Particular objects may be chosen depending on which elements of the telephony system will need to be interfaced. A particular object is

capable of interfacing with one or more elements of the telephony system.

Inventors: Dilts; Michael R. (Saratoga, CA),

Assignee: Taligent, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: October 26, 1993

11. United States Patent 5,848,105

December 8, 1998

GMSK signal processors for improved communications capacity and quality

改良された通信容量と品質向けのGMSK信号プロセサ

Abstract

A method and apparatus for separating and removing distortion from interfering co-channel signals and suppressing adjacent-channel interfering signals of the Gaussian Minimum-Shift Keyed (GMSK) or other MSK type with filtering structures that exploit the cyclostationarity of the received GMSK or other MSK signals in order to accommodate a greater number (or the same number, but with greater quality) of transmitted signals received by one or more antennas than can be accommodated by existing filters.

Inventors: Gardner; William A. (Yountville, CA),

Filed: October 10, 1996

12. United States Patent 5,379,431

January 3, 1995

Boot framework architecture for dynamic staged initial program load

動的にステージ化された立ち上げプログラムのためのブート枠組み構造

Abstract

A system is disclosed for use in booting a processor with a storage and attached peripherals. The system utilizes a technique for initializing a computer by resetting the storage and the one or more peripherals.

Inventors: Lemon; Steven P. (Los Gatos, CA),

Assignee: Taligent, Inc. (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: December 21, 1993

13. United States Patent 7,383,453

June 3, 2008

Conserving power by reducing voltage supplied to an instruction-processing portion of a processor

プロセサの命令処理部に供給される電圧を減らすことによる電力を節約すること

Abstract

One embodiment of the present invention provides a system that facilitates reducing static power consumption of a processor. During operation, the system receives a signal

indicating that instruction execution within the processor is to be temporarily halted.

Inventors: Youngs; Lynn R. (Cupertino, CA)

Assignee: Apple, Inc (Cupertino, CA)

Filed: August 25, 2005

2009年12月

・ノキアが連邦地裁とITCに対し、アップル製品の米国への輸入差止め命令を出してくれと請求した。

2009年12月

・ノキアが、侵害を受けたとする特許を7件(*下掲)追加して新たにアップルを訴訟した。

1. United States Patent 6,073,036

June 6, 2000

Mobile station with touch input having automatic symbol magnification function

自動シンボル拡大機能を有するタッチ入力を備えた携帯ステーション

Abstract

A wireless user station (10), such as a cellular telephone, is provided with a touch sensitive input device, such as a touch-sensitive display (20) or a touchpad (23). A display device displays a plurality of symbols. A first location of a tactile input is detected and displayed symbols in the vicinity of the first location of the tactile input are magnified to occupy a larger display area.

Inventors: Heikkinen; Teuvo (Oulu, FI),

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones Limited (Espoo, FI)

Filed: April 28, 1997

2. United States Patent 6,262,735

July 17, 2001

Utilizing the contents of a message

メッセージのコンテンツを利用する

Abstract

The scope of the present invention is a device and a method for the utilizing of information contained in a character-based message in a device having several different applications.

Inventors: Etelapera ; Esa (Kulmuntinpolku, FI)

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones Ltd. (Espoo, FI)

Filed: November 4, 1998

3. United States Patent 6,518,957

February 11, 2003

Communications device with touch sensitive screen

Abstract

A portable communications device which includes: a housing 4, a display for entering and displaying data, the display being disposed in the housing and having a touch sensitive screen, radio circuitry for receiving and processing communication channel data and a processor for controlling operation of the device.

Inventors: Lehtinen; Kari (Tampere, FI),

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones Limited (Espoo, FI)

Filed: August 8, 2000

4. United States Patent 6,714,091

March 30, 2004

VCO with programmable output power

プログラムできる出力電力を伴ったVCO

Abstract

Voltage controlled oscillator assembly which includes at least one voltage controlled oscillator, and a regulator for regulating the output power from the at least one voltage controlled oscillator.

Inventors: Norskov; Soren (Copenhagen, DK),

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones Limited (Espoo, FI)

Filed: December 19, 2000

5. United States Patent 6,834,181

December 21, 2004

Mobile communication device and related construction method

携帯通信装置およびそれに関連する造成方法

Abstract

Mechanical design considerations for the antenna and speaker functionalities in a mobile communication device are combined in the construction to reduce the physical size of the device. The antenna and speaker are carried in a common chamber which enhances bass-tone production of the speaker while maintaining antenna functional design consideration.

Inventors: Kaikuranta; Terho (Piispanristi, FI),

Assignee: Nokia Corporation (Espoo, FI)

Filed: March 13, 2002

6. United States Patent 6,895,256

May 17, 2005

Optimized camera sensor architecture for a mobile telephone

携帯電話向けの最適化されたカメラ感知アーキテクチャー

Abstract

A mobile terminal includes a lens/filter combination, a single-chip camera module and an integrated mobile terminal processor. The lens/filter combination responds to an image, for providing an optical image signal.

Inventors: Harma ; Esa (Salo, FI),

Assignee: Nokia Mobile Phones Ltd. (Espoo, FI)

Filed: December 7, 2000

7. United States Patent 6,924,789

August 2, 2005

User interface device

ユーザインターフェース装置

Abstract

A keypad (7) of a mobile telephone handset comprises a keymat (17) beneath which are disposed capacitive sensing plates (20, 21). The keypad may be used in a conventional manner to enter alphanumeric data by pressing keys (18) or as a touch pad by sliding a finger over the surface of the keymat (17).

Inventors: Bick; Andrew Raymond (Surrey, GB)

Assignee: Nokia Corporation (Espoo, FI)

Filed: August 29, 2001

2010年1月

・保有する特許をアップルの携帯電話他製品が侵害しているとのノキアからの申し立てを受けてITCが調査を開始した。

2010年2月

・iPhone と iPod にも組み込まれている自社9件の特許をノキアの製品が侵害しているとのアップルからの提訴を受けてITCが調査を開始した。

2010年5月

・ノキアはアップルとの係争を拡大しており、新たに iPad と iPhone が5件の特許を侵害しているとしてウイソコンシン西連邦地裁に訴訟した。

5 - 4 . スマートフォン

2010年3月

・スマートフォン (*Smartphone Technologies LLC*) (*トロール)(同名の

Smartphone Technologies Inc.とは別会社)が6件の特許(*下掲)侵害で下記の企業をテキサス東連邦地裁に訴訟した。

Defendants:

Research In Motion Corporation, Research in Motion Ltd.,
Samsung Electronics Co. LTD., Samsung Electronics America, Inc.,
Samsung Telecommunications America LLC,
Sanyo Electric Co., Ltd., Sanyo Electronic Device (U.S.A.), Inc.,
LG Electronics, Inc., LG Electronics USA, Inc.,
Motorola, Inc.,
Apple, Inc.,
Pantech Wireless, Inc.,
Insight Enterprises, Inc.,
AT&T Inc. and AT&T Mobility LLC

1. United States Patent 6,950,645 September 27, 2005

Power-conserving intuitive device discovery technique in a bluetooth environment

ブルーツース環境において電力節減装置の直感的発見テクニック

Abstract

A method and system for managing when a responder device (a device having a transceiver for wireless communication) is operating in a discoverable mode in a wireless network of devices, such as a Bluetooth network. In the discoverable mode, the responder device is set to scan for and respond to general inquiry messages broadcast from another device (e.g., an initiator device).

Inventors: Kammer; David (Seattle, WA), Lunsford; E. Michael (San Carlos, CA)

Assignee: PalmSource, Inc. (Sunnyvale, CA)

Filed: September 28, 2000

2. United States Patent 7,024,457 April 4, 2006

E-mail synchronization between heterogeneous mail servers

異種のメールサーバ間でのEメール同期化

Abstract

A method or system for synchronizing e-mail messages for a user, particularly for POP3 protocols. E-mail messages addressed to the user are received at an e-mail control at a local server, from an external e-mail server. The e-mail control stores each e-mail message in a consolidated e-mail storage at the local server. The e-mail control stores a message identifier for each e-mail message, in a message identifier storage at

the local server.

Inventors: Newman; Robert D. (Highland Park, IL), Schleicher; Sanford (Northbrook, IL)

Assignee: j2 Global Communications, Inc. (Hollywood, CA)

Filed: February 17, 2000

3. United States Patent 7,769,039 August 3, 2010

System configured

for complex determination of a user's busy state and

for assigning an organic "do not disturb" filter

ユーザの多忙状態の複雑な判定のためと有機的「邪魔しないでください」フィルタを割り当てるために構成仕様されたシステム

Abstract

A system and method for complex determination of a user's busy state and for assigning a do not disturb (DND) filter. A first electronic device is configured to house a DND recognizer module. The first electronic device is further configured to store and execute a plurality of applications.

Inventors: Oral; Tolga (Winchester, MA), Schaeck; Thomas (Boeblingen, DE)

Assignee: International Business Machines Corporation (Armonk, NY)

Filed: October 5, 2006

4. United States Patent 6,711,609 March 23, 2004

Method and apparatus for synchronizing an email client on a portable computer system with an email client on a desktop computer

デスクトップコンピュータを使うEメールユーザと携帯コンピュータシステムを使うEメールユーザを同期させる方法と装置

Abstract

A fully integrated email system for a desktop computer with an associated palmtop computer is disclosed. The portable computer has an email client for viewing incoming email messages and composing outgoing email messages.

Inventors: Boyer; Monty (Saratoga, CA), Sipher; Joseph (Sunnyvale, CA)

Assignee: PalmSource, Inc. (Sunnyvale, CA)

Filed: April 24, 2002

5. United States Patent 7,076,275 July 11, 2006

Method and system for single-step enablement of telephony functionality for a portable computer system

携帯コンピュータシステム向けの電話機能性ワンステップ実現のための方法とシステム

Abstract

A method and apparatus for automatic delivery of a phone call on a device (e.g. a portable computer system) regardless of whether other tasks are running on the operating system. A separate background task ("thread"), independent of the operating system, enables telephony functionality without regard to the mode of a graphical user interface.

Inventors: Karstens; Rich (Lake Forest Park, WA),

Assignee: PalmSource, Inc. (Sunnyvale, CA)

Filed: October 13, 2000

6. United States Patent 5,742,905

April 21, 1998

Personal communications internetworking

ネット間個人通信

Abstract

A person communications internetworking provides a network subscriber with the ability to remotely control the receipt and delivery of wireless and wireline voice and text messages. The network operates as an interfaces between various wireless and wireline networks, and also performs media translation, where necessary.

Inventors: Pepe; David Matthew (Middletown, NJ),

Assignee: Bell Communications Research, Inc. (Morristown, NJ)

Filed: September 19, 1994

2010年6月

・スマートフォン(*Smartphone Technologies LLC*)が大手携帯電話10数社を告訴しているが、その内のインサイト(*Insight Enterprises Inc.*)への告訴を取り下げた。

2010年7月

・スマートフォン(*SmartPhone Technologies LLC*)は三洋電機への提訴を取り下げた。

6. Linux 関連

2009年6月

・ベッドロック・コンピュータ(*Bedrock Computer Technologies LLC*)(*トロール)が、自社特許(*下掲)が侵害されているとして、グーグル他をテキサス東地区連邦地裁に訴訟した。

Defendants:

Softlayer Technologies, Inc.,
CitiWare Technology Solutions, LLC,
Google Inc.,
Yahoo! Inc.,
MySpace Inc.,
Amazon.com Inc.,
PayPal Inc.,
Match.com, Inc.,
AOL LLC and
CME Group Inc.

1.

United States Patent 5,893,120 April 6, 1999

**Methods and apparatus for information storage and retrieval
using a hashing technique with external chaining and on-the-fly removal of expired
data**

外部連鎖と期限切れデータのすぐさまの削除を備えたハッシュ技術を用いての情報保管と取り出しの方法と装置

Inventors: Nemes; Richard Michael (Brooklyn, NY)

Filed: January 2, 1997

* 元々は発明者であるコンピュータ技術者リチャード・ネーミス (Richard Nemes) 氏個人所有の特許で、期限切れファイルを消すなどがクレームされており、弁護士デービッド・ガロー氏 (David Garrod) が自分で創立したベッドロックで購入したものである。

2011年4月

陪臣員評決でグーグルに対し5Mドルの支払いを命ずる